

*Summer*  
**1860 – 1878**  
**(18 Years)**

**The Kiowa Indian War**

- 1. By the 1850's – About 1,500 Kiowas:**
  - A) Will raid from the Plains to as far south as Durango, Mexico.**
  - B) In ratio to their numbers:**
    - I. Kill more Whites than any other Plains Tribe.**
  
- 2. Summer 1860 – Colorado – North of Bent's Fort:**
  - A) Command under:**
    - I. Capt. William Steele & Lt. J.E.B. Stuart.**
  - B) Defeat a small band of Kiowas:**
    - I. Kill 2 warriors.**
    - II. Capture 16 women & children.**
  
- 3. July 1860 – Battle of the Solomon Forks:**
  - A) Kansas.**
  - B) Capt. Samuel Sturgis & the 1<sup>st</sup> Cavalry:**
    - I. Defeat over 200 Kiowas:**
      - (1) Kill 29.**

**4. Raiding all thru the 1860's.**

**5. August 1866 – Northern Texas – Kiowa Raid:**

**A) Kill James Box.**

**B) Take his wife and 4 children captive.**

**6. Primary leaders of the Kiowas at this time:**

**A) Satank (“Sitting Bear”).**

**B) Big Tree.**

**C) Satanta (“White Bear”):**

**I. By age 20 – Great Warrior.**

**II. Bold.**

**III. Smart.**

**IV. Great Speaker.**

**V. Loves Violence.**

**VI. Obnoxious.**

**VII. Mean.**

**7. September 1866 – Ft. Larned, Kansas:**

**A) Raided by Satanta.**

**B) Takes many White Captives.**

**C) Will ransom them for \$2 thousand.**

**8. June 3, 1867 – 8 miles from Ft. Wallace, Kansas:**

**A) 2 Stagecoach Station attendants:**

**I. Killed – Scalped – Mutilated.**

**II. One's head, down to the eyes, chopped off.**

**9. June 12, 1867 – 8:00 – Morning – Ft. Dodge, Kansas:**

**A) Satanta raids a horse herd.**

**B) Kills a Soldier and a young Mexican Boy.**

**10. June 15, 1867 – 30 miles west of Ft. Wallace, Kansas:**

**A) 3 Stagecoaches – Escorted by 23 Soldiers.**

**B) Attacked by 300 Kiowas.**

**C) Running Fight.**

**D) Soldiers...2 killed & 1 wounded.**

**E) Passengers...2 killed & 1 wounded.**

**11. Mid-June of 1867 – Every Stagecoach Station for 100 miles on each side of Ft. Wallace, Kansas:**

**A) Has been attacked!**

**12. June 21, 1867 – Ft. Wallace, Kansas:**

**A) Full view of the Fort.**

**B) 2 Teamsters are killed:**

**I. Scalped in full view of everyone!**

**13. June and July 1867 – Around Ft. Hays & Ft. Harker in Kansas:**

- A) Settlers – Travelers – Trappers – Traders:**  
**I. Killed by Indians.**

**14. June 8, 1870 – Wagon Train:**

- A) From Ft. Dodge, Kansas.**  
**B) Attacked by 100 Kiowas.**  
**C) Surrounded.**  
**D) Help arrives.**  
**E) Indians retreat:**  
**I. Have lost 3 killed.**  
**F) Soldiers have suffered 2 wounded.**

**15. July 12, 1870 – East of Seymour, Texas:**

- A) Captain Curwan McClellan & 54 men of the 6<sup>th</sup> Cavalry:**  
**I. Out of Ft. Richardson.**  
**B) 10:00 – Morning – Find camp of Kicking Bird:**  
**I. Charge.**  
**II. Battle.**  
**III. Soldiers are outnumbered.**  
**C) Soldiers retreat:**  
**I. Have lost 3 killed and 12 wounded.**

**16. May 27, 1871 – Ft. Sill, Oklahoma – Indian Agency:**

- A) Kiowas are present.**
- B) Also there is, General William T. Sherman:
  - I. He suspects that members of those who committed the Warren Wagon Train Massacre are present!****
- C) He sets a trap.**
- D) Chiefs are invited into Grierson's quarters.**
- E) Gather.**
- F) Surrounded inside and out by Soldiers.**
- G) Satanta brags that he led the Massacre:
  - I. Brags that Satank & Big Tree helped him!****
- H) Sherman orders the 3 arrested.**
- I) Soldiers rush in.**
- J) Some of the Chiefs escape.**
- K) Sherman informs the 3 they will be tried for Murder!**
- L) Chained and placed in the Guardhouse.**

**17. June 8, 1871 – The 3 Kiowa leaders are placed in Wagons – Chained hand & foot:**

- A) Head for Texas.**
- B) Satank is in a Wagon by himself:
  - I. Tells a Tonkawa Scout he is going to die.****

- II. Starts singing the Death Chant.**
- III. Slips off the handcuffs.**
- IV. Pulls a concealed knife.**
- V. Stabs his guard in the leg.**
- VI. Grabs the carbine.**
- VII. Stands up in the Wagon.**
- VIII. Volley – Knocks him out of the Wagon.**
- IX. Tries to get up.**
- X. 2<sup>nd</sup> volley kills him.**

**18. July 5, 1871 – Jacksboro, Texas:**

- A) Trial of Satanta & Big Tree.**
- B) Found guilty of murder.**
- C) Sentenced to hang.**
- D) Washington, D.C. – Public outcry:
  - I. Result...Gov. Davis of Texas...Commutes the sentences to life.****
- E) Both are placed in the State Prison at Huntsville, Texas.**

**19. September 19, 1871 – Otter Creek, Oklahoma:**

- A) Company of the 10<sup>th</sup> Cavalry.**
- B) Attacked by Indians.**
- C) Soldiers lose 1 killed.**

**20. September 22, 1871 – Northeast of Ft. Sill,  
Oklahoma:**

**A) Beef Creek.**

**B) 2 Herders – Killed & Scalped.**

**21. September 23, 1871 – Red River, Oklahoma:**

**A) 3 Troopers of 10<sup>th</sup> Cavalry - Ambushed:**

**I. 1 of the 3 is killed.**

**22. June 4, 1872 – 2 ½ miles North of Ft. Sill,  
Oklahoma:**

**A) Cowboy is killed & scalped.**

**23. June 9, 1872 – 16 miles from Ft. Griffin, Texas:**

**A) House of Abel Lee.**

**B) Attacked by Indians.**

**C) Lee is killed & scalped.**

**D) Mrs. Lee:**

**I. Shot between the shoulder blades with an  
arrow.**

**II. Scalped.**

**III. Ears cut off.**

**IV. 1 arm hacked off.**

**V. SHE BLEEDS TO DEATH!**

**E) The 14 year old, Daughter...Killed.**

**F) 3 younger children...Taken captive.**

**24. August 19, 1873 – Satanta & Big Tree are brought from Huntsville, Texas to Ft. Sill, Oklahoma.**

**25. October 7, 1873 – Gov. Davis of Texas:**

**A) Paroles Satanta & Big Tree.**

**26. 1874 – Satanta & Big Tree are leading raids again!**

**27. July 12, 1874 – The Lost Valley Fight:**

**A) Between Jacksboro and Ft. Belknap, Texas.**

**B) Major John Jones is leading 24 inexperienced Texas Rangers:**

**I. Ambushed by 52 Kiowas and Comanches:**

**(1) Led by Lone Wolf & Maman-Ti.**

**C) All day fight.**

**D) Dusk – Indians withdraw.**

**E) Rangers have lost 2 killed & 2 wounded.**

**28. August 20, 1874 – 8 miles South of Ft. Sill, Oklahoma:**

**A) 2 Cowboys are killed.**



**29. September 8, 1874 – General Nelson Miles:**

- A) Sends out dispatches.**
- B) Carried by Scouts, Billy Dixon & Amos Chapman, plus 4 men from the 6<sup>th</sup> Cavalry.**
- C) Out in the open...The 6 men are surrounded by over 100 Kiowas & Comanches.**
- D) One Soldier...Shot thru lungs.**
- E) Horses are stampeded.**
- F) Four hours of fighting.**
- G) Chapman is hit in the left knee...Shatters it!**
- H) Dixon becomes the only man NOT hit!**
- I) Dixon & 3 others crawl to a buffalo wallow; 10 feet in diameter.**
- J) Siege.**
- K) Dixon crawls out...Drags Chapman in.**
- L) Dixon goes out again...Drags the Soldier shot thru the lungs in.**
- M) That Soldier dies during the night.**
- N) Dixon heads out to get help.**
- O) Ft. Bascom, New Mexico – Reaches Major William Price and his command.**
- P) Dixon guides them back to the wallow.**
- Q) Reach the group.**
- R) Price says he will return...Leaves the group!  
I. Goes after Indians!!!**

**S) Rescued by Miles' command!**

**T) Price is "ripped" by Miles for leaving them!**

**U) How many Indians they have killed is unknown.**

**30. September 9 thru 14, 1874 – Oklahoma:**

**A) Government Wagon Trains are constantly attacked.**

**31. October 4, 1874 – Darlington Agency, Oklahoma:**

**A) Satanta, with 145 Men, Women, & Children.**

**B) Surrenders.**

**C) Taken to Texas in chains.**

**32. October 21, 1874 – Pond Creek:**

**A) 2 Companies of the 10<sup>th</sup> Cavalry.**

**B) Capture 45 Kiowas.**

**33. February 26, 1875 – Surrender of Chiefs:**

**A) Lone Wolf – Maman-Ti – Red Otter.**

**B) AND their Bands...Over 251.**

**34. April 19, 1875 – Chief White Horse & Band:**

**A) Surrender.**

**B) Horses are shot!**

**C) Men are shackled in irons or kept in High-Walled corrals:**

**I. Daily – Chunks of raw meat thrown over.**

**35. Kiowa Chief, Kicking Bird – Forced by Army:**

**A) Pick the Chiefs to be sent to Florida as prisoners.**

**B) He picks:**

**I. 27 Kiowa Chiefs.**

**II. 9 Comanche Chiefs.**

**C) A total of 77 Indians are picked to go.**

**36. April 28, 1875 – Prisoners are being loaded in wagons to go:**

**A) Maman-Ti – Statement:**

**I. Kicking Bird will die for his treachery.**

**37. May 3, 1875 – Kicking Bird found dead:**

**A) Strychnine in his coffee.**

**38. Satanta...Life in Prison...Huntsville State Prison in Texas.**

**39. October 11, 1878 – Satanta:**

- A) Has served 3 years.**
- B) Taken to the 2<sup>nd</sup> story Prison Hospital.**
- C) Sings Death Chant.**
- D) Leaps to own death!**
- E) Lands on head...Dead...Suicide.**

**40. Big Tree – Later – Paroled:**

- A) Ft. Sill Reservation in Oklahoma.**
- B) Dies natural death.**

## **1860 (November)**

### **1. November 6, 1860 – Presidential Election:**

**A) 1<sup>st</sup> term.**

**B) 52 year old, Republican.**

**C) Abraham Lincoln – 16<sup>th</sup> President.**

## **1860 (December)**

**1. December 20, 1860 – South Carolina:**

**A) 1<sup>st</sup> State – Secede from the Union.**

**B) 11 Confederate States vs. 22 Union States.**

**1861**

**1. Completion of Telegraph connecting:**

**A) New York City & San Francisco.**

**1861**

**Joseph Albert Slade - Character**

**1. Born – 1824 – Carlyle, Illinois:**

**A) Short – Heavysset.**

**B) Mex./Am. War.**

**C) Freights along the Oregon Trail.**

**D) Sober:**

**I. Gentleman.**

**II. Friend.**

**III. Kind to Women & Children.**

**E) Drunk:**

**I. Vicious.**

**II. Cruel.**

**F) Will kill at least 26 men in his lifetime:**

**I. NONE are murder!**

**2. 1858 – Works – Ben Holliday's Overland Stagecoach Line:**

**A) Job:**

**I. Get rid of anyone threatening...:**

**(1) 22 mile section.**

**(2) Sweetwater Section.**

**(3) Near Julesburg, Colorado.**



**3. Corrupt Station Agent Jules Reni:**

**A) Burns company haystacks and steals company horses:**

**I. Why?...Company will have to buy and replace.**

**II. From his friends...HIGH PRICES!**

**III. He gets a cut!**

**B) Found out!**

**C) Fired:**

**I. Told Slade is taking over.**

**II. Is furious.**

**III. Threatens Slade.**

**4. Under Slade:**

**A) No more burnings.**

**B) No more horse thefts.**

**C) Stagecoach Robberies stop...Why??**

**D) If a Stagecoach is robbed:**

**I. He catches Robber.**

**II. Lynched.**

**III. Body left hanging to rot as a warning for all!!**

**5. Unarmed – Slade rides to Jules Reni's ranch:**

**A) To check on some horses.**

- B) Reni – Pistol – Fires at Slade 6 times.**
- C) Hits him with all 6 shots.**
- D) Slade staggers around house.**
- E) Reni – Shotgun – Both barrels – Hits Slade in Back – Knocked down.**
- F) Help arrives.**
- G) Reni is disarmed.**
- H) Rope over crossbar of corral.**
- I) Neck – Lifted – Choked purple.**
- J) Promises to leave country.**
- K) Let go.**
- L) Army Surgeon – Saves Slade – Literally removes a handful of lead.**
- M) Long recovery.**

**6. Reni – Re-Appears:**

- A) Starts trouble.**
- B) Holladay orders Slade to take care of him.**

**7. Slade hires Gunmen to bring Reni in.**

**8. 1859 – Cold Springs, Colorado – Get Reni.**

**9. Reni is brought to Slade:**

- A) Ties him to a snubbing post.**

- B) Slices off one of his ears.**
- C) Drinks.**
- D) Shoots him in one arm.**
- E) Drinks.**
- F) Shoots him some more.**
- G) Drinks.**
- H) Does so until...Reni...Bleeds to death!**

**10. 1861 – Holladay fires Slade:**

- A) Drinking and smashing up a store in Ft. Halleck, Colorado.**

**11. Slade & Wife – Move to Virginia City, Montana.**

**12. Drinks more & more:**

- A) Bully.**
- B) Overbearing.**
- C) Arrogant.**
- D) Troublesome.**

**13. After he sobers up...Always pays for damages and apologizes.**

**14. March 1864 – Drinking Spree – Forces drinks at Gunpoint.**

**15. Week later...Same:**

- A) Sheriff reads him arrest warrant.**
- B) Furious – Threatens Judge who signed warrant.**
- C) More drinking.**
- D) Warned by the Vigilantes to leave town.**
- E) Ignores.**
- F) Rides thru streets...Shooting.**

**16. March 10, 1864 – Taken by Vigilantes:**

- A) Vote to hang him!**
- B) Crossbar of gate.**
- C) Lynched – Age 40.**
- D) Lynched for...Public disorderly conduct!**
- E) Body to Salt Lake City, Utah.**
- F) Buried in Mormon Cemetery.**

## **1861 (January)**

**1. January 29, 1861 – Kansas – 34<sup>th</sup> State:**

**A) Lebanon, Kansas...Exact geographic center  
of the continental United States.**

## **1861 (March)**

- 1. March 4, 1861 – Inauguration – 52 year old, Republican, Abraham Lincoln – 1<sup>st</sup> term – 16<sup>th</sup> President:**
  - A) Born – 2/12/1809 – Kentucky.**
  - B) 1837 – Lawyer.**
  - C) 1842 – Marries – Mary Todd.**
  - D) 1847 – U.S. House of Representatives.**
  - E) Loves to sing.**
  - F) Loves to play:**
    - I. “Juice” Harp.**
    - II. Harmonica.**
  - G) Suffers periods of depression.**
  - H) 6 feet 4 inches tall:**
    - I. 180 pounds.**
    - II. Black Hair.**
    - III. Gray Eyes.**
    - IV. Beard.**
  - I) Tallest President.**
  - J) 1<sup>st</sup> President – Born – Outside – Original 13 States.**
  - K) 1<sup>st</sup> President – Full Beard.**
  - L) 2<sup>nd</sup> Inauguration – 1<sup>st</sup> time Blacks allowed to take part in Inaugural Parade.**
  - M) 1<sup>st</sup> President – Assassinated – Age 56.**

**N) Rated...Great.**

**O) Leaves...Estate...Almost \$111 thousand!**

**P) Suffered – Marfan’s Syndrome:**

**I. Disproportionate elongation of the skeletal system.**

**II. Changes aorta.**

**III. Changes main blood vessels from heart.**

**IV. Causes valves of heart to malfunction.**

**\*\*\*\*\*Probably would have died in 6-12 months!**

## **1861 (August)**

**1. August 5, 1861 – 1<sup>st</sup> Income Tax:**

**A) 3% on Incomes over \$800 per year.**



**1862 – 1864**

**(2 Years)**

**The Walapai Indian War**

**1. Arizona.**

**2. Walapai Indians:**

**A) “Pine Tree Folks.”**

**B) Live...From the Colorado River to the interior of Arizona.**

**C) Hunt – Gather roots and seeds.**

**D) Hate farming**

**E) Like to raise stock...Primarily horses.**

**3. 1862 – Prescott, Arizona:**

**A) Chif Wauba Yuba goes on the Warpath.**

**4. Prospectors – Travelers – Immigrants – Wagon Trains:**

**A) Ambushed and/or murdered.**

**5. 1864 – Juniper Pass:**

**A) Wauba Yuba attacks a Wagon Train.**

**B) Kills: 6 Men – 1 Woman – 2 Children.**

**C) Taken Captive are...1 Woman – 3 Children:  
I. Later...ALL killed!!**

**6. March 31, 1864 – Wagon Train – Led by Bill  
Miller:**

**A) Juniper Pass.**

**B) Wauba Yuba...Approaches...Pretends to want  
to talk.**

**C) Ambush is set up!**

**D) Miller doesn't hesitate...Shoots & kills him!**

**E) Hidden Indians scatter.**

**7. Without Wauba Yuba as leader...War comes to  
an end.**

**1862 – 1864**  
**(2 Years)**  
**(Outlaws & Murderers)**  
**Henry Plummer & The Innocents**

- 1. 1862 – Gold is discovered:**
  - A) Western Montana.**
  - B) Town of Bannack is born.**
  - C) Robbers – Road Agents – Killers:**
    - I. Everywhere.**
  - D) No law enforcement.**
  
- 2. The Outlaws are secretly and well organized:**
  - A) They “hangout” in Skinner’s Saloon:**
    - I. Owned by Cyrus Skinner.**
    - II. He is one of the Outlaws.**
  
- 3. May 24, 1863 – Miners – Massive meeting:**
  - A) Select: A Judge – A Coroner – A Sheriff.**
  
- 4. Elected Sheriff is...Henry Plummer:**
  - A) Young.**
  - B) Mannerly.**

- C) Smoothe-Talker.**
- D) Professional Gambler.**
- E) Fairly quick and accurate with a handgun.**
- F) Has served time for:**
  - I. Killing a jealous husband.**
  - II. Killing a man in a Brothel.**
- G) Has bribed his way out of prison.**
- H) Arrives in Bannack in November of 1862.**
- I) HE IS THE LEADER/ORGANIZER OF THE GANG!!!**
  - I. Has between 50 & 100 men.**
  - II. Call themselves "The Innocents":**
    - (1) Why?...Password is "I am innocent."**

**5. people begin to suspect Plummer:**

- A) He is recognized as one of the Road Agents in a robbery.**

**6. Murders & Robberies continue.**

**7. During December 1863 – 24 men meet secretly:**

- A) Sign an oath to:**
  - I. Arrest Robbers & Murderers.**
  - II. To be loyal to justice.**
  - III. To be loyal to each other.**

- B) Are Montana's 1<sup>st</sup> Vigilantes.**
- C) Prosecutor is Wilbur Fisk Sanders.**

**8. December 1863 – Nick Tiebalt & 2 valuable mules disappear:**

**A) William Palmer finds the body:**

**I. Has been dragged by a rope around the neck.**

**II. Shot thru the head.**

**B) Goes to the nearby shack of 2 men:**

**I. "Long" John Franck & George Hilderman.**

**C) Asks them to help him load the body.**

**D) They refuse!**

**E) Loads the body himself.**

**F) Drives it to Nevada City – 2 miles from Virginia City.**

**9. 25 angry Miners go in search of the killers:**

**A) At the Franck & Hilderman shack they find 1 of the mules!**

**B) The two man, along with 27 year old, George Ives, are arrested:**

**I. Ives is Plummer's "Right-Hand Man."**

**C) Taken back to Virginia City.**

**D) Miners are called together.**

**10. Next morning – December 28, 1863 - 3 men are tried – 2,000 Miners are in attendance:**

**A) Ives is tried first:**

**I. Franck testifies against him.**

**II. 24 Miner jury finds him guilty.**

**B) That night:**

**I. Stood on a crate...Hanged!**

**11. Hilderman is found guilty:**

**A) Because he is an old man:**

**I. Given 10 days to get out of the territory.**

**II. Does so!**

**12. Franck is freed:**

**A) Why?...Testified against Ives.**

**13. January 4, 1864 – Outlaws, George Brown & Erastus “Red” Yager – Arrested:**

**A) Tried by the Vigilantes.**

**B) Quick trial...Guilty.**

**C) Yager names 22 members of the gang:**

**I. AND, Henry Plummer as the leader!!**

**D) Cottonwood Tree...Crates...Crates.**

**E) Executioner is John X. Biedler.**

**F) Brown hanged 1<sup>st</sup> – Yager 2<sup>nd</sup>.**

**14. Another Vigilante group springs up in Bannack.**

**15. January 10, 1864 – Arrested by the Vigilantes are:**

**A) 27 year old, Plummer – Ned Ray – Buck Stinson.**

**B) Tried – Guilty.**

**C) Taken to Crossbar Gallows that Plummer has had built!**

**D) 1<sup>st</sup> – Ray – Strangles to death.**

**E) 2<sup>nd</sup> – Stinson – Strangles to death.**

**F) 3<sup>rd</sup> – Plummer – Begs for his life – Neck is broken.**

**16. Same day – January 10, 1864:**

**A) Outlaw, “Dutch” John Wagner is caught.**

**B) Tried – Guilty – Hanged!**

**17. Same day – January 10, 1864:**

**A) Vigilantes go to the cabin of “Greaser” Joe Pizanthia – To arrest him.**

**B) He shoots and kills 1 Vigilante and wounds another.**

**C) Big gunfight.**

**D) Old cannon is used to blow his cabin down.**

**E) He is dragged out wounded.**

**F) Lynched with a clothesline!!!**

**I. While he is strangling to death...Over 100 bullets are fired into his body!**

**II. Body thrown onto cabin remains and burnt!**

**18. January 14, 1864 – Virginia City:**

**A) Vigilantes round up 5 outlaws:**

**I. “Clubfoot” George Lane.**

**II. Jack Gallagher.**

**III. Boone Helm.**

**IV. Frank Parish.**

**V. Hayes Lyons.**

**B) Tried – Guilty!**

**C) Unfinished building – 5 ropes over beams – 5 crates beneath.**

**D) Lane jumps off crate himself:**

**I. Gallagher – 2<sup>nd</sup>.**

**II. Helm – 3<sup>rd</sup>.**

**III. Parish – 4<sup>th</sup>.**

**IV. Lyons – 5<sup>th</sup>.**

**E) Today – Virginia City Museum:**

**I. Beam used.**

**II. In sock he wore...Deformed foot of Lane.**



**19. January 16, 1864 – 21 Vigilantes drag wounded  
Outlaw, Steve Marshland from his cabin:**

**A) Hanged.**

**20. January 19, 1864 – Catch Outlaw, Bill Bunton:**

**A) Hanged.**

**21. January 24, 1864 – Catch Outlaw, George  
Shears:**

**A) Hanged.**

**22. January 25, 1864 – Catch Outlaws:**

**A) Cyrus Skinner – Alex Carter – Johnny Cooper  
– Bob Zachary:**

**I. Hanged!**

**23. January 26, 1864 – Catch Outlaw, “Whiskey”  
Bill Graves:**

**A) Hanged!**

**24. February 3, 1864 – Catch Outlaw, Bill Hunter:**

**A) Hanged!**

**25. From December 21, 1863 to February 3, 1864:**

**A) 44 days – Catch – Hang – 22 Outlaws!!!**

## **1862 (July)**

**1. July 16, 1862 – David G. Farragut:**

**A) 1<sup>st</sup> Rear Admiral – U.S. Navy.**

**1862 – 1863**  
**(1 Year)**  
**The Shoshoni War**

**1. Chief Bear Hunter:**

- A) Most militant of the Shoshoni leaders.**
- B) Main camp is near present Preston, Idaho.**
- C) 300 Warriors.**

**2. 1862 – Hostilities start.**

**3. January 27, 1863 – Battle of Bear River:**

- A) Soldiers attack Bear Hunter's village.**
- B) Repulsed with heavy losses.**
- C) Hand-to-hand fighting.**
- D) Soldiers charge again.**
- E) Indians start to flee.**
- F) Many killed trying to swim the river.**
- G) 224 Indians killed (One is Bear Hunter).**
- H) 70 Indian lodges destroyed.**
- I) 160 Indian Women & Children captured.**
- J) Soldiers lose 21 killed & 46 wounded.**

**4. April 15, 1863 – Battle of Spanish Fork Canyon:**

**A) East of Provo, Utah.**

**B) 200 Cavalry under Lt. Col. George Evans.**

**C) vs. 200 Ute Indians.**

**D) Soldiers kill 30 of the Utes.**

**5. Shoshonis and Utes start surrendering.**

**6. October 1863 – Peace.**

**August 1862 – 1863**

**(1 Year)**

**The Santee Sioux War**

## **Background**

- 1. At one time ALL Sioux were located in the lake and forest country of Minnesota.**
- 2. Pushed out by the Chippewa.**
- 3. Result...Sioux become the dominant tribe of the Plains:**
  - A) Largest numerically are the Teton Sioux:**
    - I. On the High Plains.**
  - B) In the East...Yankton Sioux:**
    - I. In South Dakota and around the Missouri River.**
  - C) Easternmost are the Santee Sioux:**
    - I. Called:**
      - (1) "Woodland Sioux."**
      - (2) "People of the Farther End."**
    - II. Considered to be Frontier Guardians of the Sioux Domain.**
    - III. Located in Minnesota, Iowa, Wisconsin, and the Dakotas.**

## **Background**

### **1. War will be fought in:**

- A) Minnesota.**
- B) Northwestern Iowa.**
- C) Eastern Dakota.**

### **2. Primary leader will be Santee Sioux Chief:**

#### **A) Little Crow:**

- I. 60 years old.**
- II. Son & Grandson of Chiefs.**
- III. Tall – Good shape.**
- IV. Good Speaker.**
- V. Very Diplomatic.**
- VI. Has been a friend to the Whites.**
- VII. Always wears Long-Sleeved garments:**
  - (1) To cover badly withered, crooked wrists:**
    - a. From a shooting accident that has shattered both wrists.**
    - b. Never healed properly.**
- VIII. Can, and, will be barbaric!**

## **Background & Causes**

### **1. Treaty of 1837:**

**A) Signed in Washington, D.C.**

**B) Between U.S. and Sioux.**

**C) Sioux sell and give up all lands East of the Mississippi River.**

**D) Money for the transaction never gets to the Sioux!!!**

**I. Given to Traders to pay for supposed "debts" owed by the Sioux:**

**(1) Is absolute fraud!**



## **Background & Causes**

### **1. Mendota Treaty of 1851:**

**A) Sioux are forced to sell to the U.S. 30 million acres:**

**I. For 5 cents per acre.**

**II. Most of the area had been their hunting ground.**

**B) Sioux are supposed to receive \$1,665,000.00!**

**C) Payments are supposed to be spread out over a period of years:**

**I. Called "Annuity Payments."**

**II. Payments are to be in the form of money, food, and goods.**

**D) SAME old "debt" story on the money!**

### **2. Sioux are located at the Yellow Medicine & Redwood Falls Agencies:**

**A) Western Minnesota.**

# **Background & Causes**

## **1. Corrupt Traders:**

- A) "Debts."**
- B) 1/2 goods...BUT, full pay!**
- C) Rotten goods.**
- D) Rotten food.**

## **2. Corrupt White Men:**

- A) Gamblers.**
- B) Whiskey Peddlers.**
- C) Etc.:**
  - I. Take advantage of Indians.**
  - II. Seduce Indian Women:**
    - (1) From this...1/2 Breed Children:**
      - a. Considered dishonorable to the Sioux.**

## **3. Hard winter of 1861-1862:**

- A) Indians nearly starve.**

## **4. Summer of 1862:**

- A) Cutworms ruin the Corn Crop.**
- B) Starvation continues.**

# **Background & Causes**

## **1. Inkpaduta:**

**A) Born – 1815.**

**B) Name:**

**I. “Deer Antlers With Blood.”**

**II. “Red Top.”**

**C) 1854 – His Brother, His Family, His Mother:**

**I. Murdered by a Whiskey Trader and a Horse Thief.**

## **2. Later...His band of followers:**

**A) Consists of outcasts & undesirables from other Bands:**

**I. Called – “Red Tops”:**

**(1) Scarlet cloth tied to end of spears.**

**B) Raid settlers:**

**I. Take captives.**

**C) March 8, 1857 – Morning – Spring Lake, Iowa:**

**I. He & 14 Warriors enter a cabin.**

**II. Kill all EXCEPT...Young girl, Abbie Gardner:**

**(1) Taken captive.**

**D) Move on...Kill more Whites:**

**I. Bash in brains of young children & infants.**

**II. Shoot men and women.**

**III. Scalp some.**

**IV. Decapitate some.**

**E) In one week...Kill 40 Whites.**

**F) Two weeks later...Springfield:**

**I. Kill 8 more.**

**3. Government can't catch him.**

**4. 1862 – Joins Little Crow's conspiracy:**

**A) Raids in:**

**I. Minnesota.**

**II. Iowa.**

**III. Dakota.**

**IV. Nebraska.**

**V. Eastern Montana.**

**5. Raids in the area of Spirit Lake:**

**A) He flaunts the spoils of war from these raids.**

**B) Preaches WAR!!**

## **Background & Causes**

**1. By 1862 – Sioux in Minnesota – Have 2 things to show for over 50 years of Treaty dealings with the U.S. Government:**

**A) A reservation 10 miles wide and 150 miles long:**

**I. On the Minnesota River.**

**B) Deep resentment at being swindled for so long!**

## **Background & Causes**

### **1. 1862 – Reservations:**

**A) Two Agencies...A few miles apart:**

**I. Called the Upper & Lower Agencies.**

**II. Both distrust the other.**

**B) “Farmer Indians”...Those who try to adopt the White Man’s ways.**

**C) “Blanket Indians”...Those who hunt:**

**I. Whites consider them “dangerous.”**

**D) A “Soldier’s Lodge” is formed:**

**I. To take care of problems not satisfactorily taken care of by the various Chiefs.**

## **Background & Causes**

**1. 1862 – The Annuity Payment has been due in June:**

**A) Late!...Why?...Civil War!**

**B) Congress does not appropriate until August!**

**I. Will be too late!!!**

**2. Indians are starving!!!**

## **Tuesday – August 4, 1862**

**1. Upper Agency – Indians try to seize flour:**

**A) Stopped by Lt. Thomas Gere, a Company of Troops, and a Howitzer:**

**I. Gere convinces the Agent to give them Some food.**



## **Friday – August 15, 1862**

**1. Lower Agency – Soldier Lodge Warriors demand food:**

**A) Point out that the Trader's warehouses are full of food.**

**B) Demand to know why they can't have food to feed their families.**

**C) Enter Store Owner & Trader, Andrew Myrick:**

**I. "As far as I'm concerned, if they're hungry, let them eat grass or their own dung for all I care!"**

**D) Warriors leave:**

**I. BUT, they will remember his words!**

## **Sunday – August 17, 1862**

**1. 40 miles from the Lower Agency – Meeker County:**

**A) Farm.**

**B) 4 young Braves – Hen House – Nest of Hen Eggs.**

**C) Start to take – Discovered by Farmer's wife.**

**D) Beats them with a broom.**

**E) Drop egg and leave.**

**F) Braves taunt each other over:**

**I. Beaten by a White Woman with a broom over an egg!**

**G) Go back.**

**H) In the house eating dinner:**

**I. Farmer.**

**II. Wife.**

**III. Daughter.**

**IV. 2 Guests.**

**I) Braves walk in...Volley of rifle fire!!**

**I. Slit throats...Kill all 5!!**

**2. Braves return to camp:**

**A) Tell tribal leaders what they've done.**

**B) Chief Shakopee sends out runners:**

**I. Calls for a council at the Lower Agency.**

**3. Council:**

**A) At first Little Crow is against action.**

**B) Finally, agrees that the only thing left to do is  
kill and burn!**

**C) 6,000 Warriors are available.**

**4. War will NOT be an uprising:**

**A) Had it been...Every single White Settler would  
have been killed!**

## **Monday – August 18, 1862**

### **1. Dawn – Sioux attack the Lower Agency:**

**A) Settlers are shot like rabbits!**

**B) 9 Traders & Store Owners are killed:**

**I. Bodies placed on the counters of their stores!**

**C) Andrew Myrick:**

**I. On counter of store.**

**II. Mouth stuffed with grass.**

**D) Indians stop to loot the food.**

**E) 50 Settlers reach the river:**

**I. Most are Ferried across.**

**II. Some are cut off and killed.**

**III. 10 of the Women are taken captive.**

**F) 23 people have been killed at the Agency.**

### **2. Is now a 15 mile race to Ft. Ridgely:**

**A) Indians chase...Killing 7 more!**

**B) Survivors make it to the Fort.**

### **3. Same day – Indians hit settlements, farms, and travelers:**

**A) Kill the men.**

**B) Take the women captive.**

**C) Children are taken captive or killed.**

**D) Women are raped over & over:**

**I. A female child from age 10 up is considered a woman...Raped!**

**II. Females are then kept or killed!!!**

**III. Later...Many are returned...Some never heard from again.**

**4. Country is in a shambles:**

**A) Violence is primarily around the 2 Agencies and up & down the Minnesota River.**

**B) 7 settlements are hit on the 1<sup>st</sup> day.**

**C) Lake Shetek & Renville Counties are hit the hardest.**

**D) St. Peter's, Mankato, and Madelia are defenseless!**

**E) New Ulm is almost deserted.**

**F) Outskirts of St. Paul are deserted.**

**5. Fort Ridgely:**

**A) Captain John Marsh has 78 Troops.**

**B) Refugees stream into the Fort.**

**C) Marsh sends a Courier to Fort Snelling for help.**

**D) Leaves a small force to defend the Fort.**

**6. Marsh takes 46 Troopers & Interpreter, Peter Quinn...Heads for the Lower Agency.**

**7. The Marsh Force dismounts 1 mile from the Agency:**

**A) Start following the trail of bodies.**

**B) Reach the river at the Ferry.**

**C) Other side...Agency is burning.**

**D) While they watch...200 Sioux, unseen, cross the river to their side and prepare to attack!!**

**E) Warrior, White Dog...Other side...Motions them to come across!**

**F) He, suddenly, gives a signal...The 200 Sioux attack!**

**G) Volley by the Sioux...10 Soldiers & Peter Quinn fall dead!**

**H) Marsh fights a retreat down the river for an hour.**

**I) Try to cross...Marsh drowns!**

**J) Running battle back to Ft. Ridgely.**

**K) Late evening...24 survivors make it back:**

**I. Rest are dead!!!**

**II. They have killed only 1 Indian.**

**8. Same Day – Upper Agency:**

**A) Loot.**

**B) Kill 1 man.**

**C) Christian Indian, John Other Day & his wife:**

**I. Gather the Whites in a brick Warehouse.**

**II. Protect them.**

**9. End of the 1<sup>st</sup> Day:**

**A) In Minnesota:**

**I. 644 have been killed!**

**II. 100's of Women & Children taken captive.**

**B) TOTAL dead is unknown.**

**10. Night – Ft. Ridgely – Terror:**

**A) 19 year old, Lt. Thomas Gere has only a small force to protect...SCORES!!!**

**B) Women make agreement:**

**I. Friends are to kill them rather than let them be taken captive!!**

## **Tuesday – August 19, 1862**

- 1. Upper Agency...John Other Day & his wife:**
  - A) Lead the 62 people they've protected across the Minnesota River:**
    - I. 3 days later.**
    - II. Safely into Hutchinson.**
  
- 2. More refugees pour into Ft. Ridgely:**
  - A) Noon – Detachment of reinforcements arrive:**
    - I. Commanded by Lt. Timothy Sheehan.**
  - B) 5:00 – Afternoon – More reinforcements arrive.**
  
- 3. Are now over 250 refugees in the Fort:**
  - A) Some of the men volunteer to fight.**
  
- 4. Sheehan is the Senior Officer:**
  - A) Has a fighting force of 180 men.**



## **Wednesday – August 20, 1862**

### **1. Battle of Ft. Ridgely:**

**A) Little Crow & 400 Sioux attack!**

**B) Overrun the 1<sup>st</sup> line of defense.**

**C) Overrun the 2<sup>nd</sup> line of defense.**

**D) Ft. is on the verge of collapse!**

**E) Enter, old veteran, artillery Sgt., John Jones:**

**I. In his spare time...He has trained an  
artillery crew!**

**II. Old cannons.**

**III. Gathers crew.**

**IV. Fires all 3, old cannons, at once!**

**V. Ball, solid shot, and canister.**

**VI. Fires 9 shots total.**

**F) SIOUX RETREAT....After 5 hours of fighting.**

## **Thursday – August 21, 1862**

**1. Heavy rains.**

**2. No attacks.**

**3. Indian force grows to 800.**

## **Friday – August 22, 1862**

### **1. Morning:**

**A) Indians attack Ft. Ridgely again.**

**B) Jones and his artillery keep the Indians at a distance.**

**C) Indians retreat.**

**D) Call off the siege:**

**I. Have lost 100 killed and wounded.**

## **Saturday – August 23, 1862**

### **1. Battle of New Ulm:**

- A) Few miles from Ft. Ridgely.**
- B) Town is defended by Judge Charles Flandrau & 250 men.**
- C) 10:00 – Morning – Little Crow's forces attack.**
- D) Fighting is in the streets of the town.**
- E) Indians are finally driven out of the town.**
- F) Night – Firing stops.**
- G) Flandrau burns 40 of the houses for a clear field of fire.**
- H) Sunday – No attacks – Long range sniping.**
- I) Noon – Indians retreat.**
- J) Settlers lose 26 killed & over 60 wounded.**
- K) 190 houses have been burnt...Only 25 left!**

### **2. Ft. Ridgely & New Ulm have been setbacks for Little Crow:**

- A) He is not discouraged!**
- B) He can still strike North, Northeast, and South into Iowa.**

### **3. Little Crow is bigger than ever in the eyes of his people:**

- A) War Parties withdraw into the wilderness.**

- B) Count scalps.**
- C) Enjoy the spoils of war.**
- D) Camps are full of prisoners.**

**4. Enter – Colonel Henry Sibley:**

- A) Old Soldier.**
- B) In mid-life.**
- C) Ex-Fur Trader.**
- D) Will be the 1<sup>st</sup> Governor of Minnesota.**
- E) Experienced.**
- F) Knows Indian character.**
- G) Speaks French.**
- H) Speaks the Dakota language.**
- I) Mankato – Takes command of the Minnesota Troops.**
- J) Calls for volunteers.**
- K) 1,500 men enlist.**
- L) Green, undisciplined, and poorly equipped.**
- M) Orders:**
  - I. Push to the Agencies.**
  - II. Defeat the Indians.**
  - III. Recover the captives.**
  - IV. Bring in, for punishment, any Sioux who have taken part in the war!**
- N) Heads for Ft. Ridgely:**

**I. 1,500 men.**

**II. 1 cannon & 1 howitzer.**

**O) Buries bodies on his line of march.**

**5. Sioux hear of Sibley's march:**

**A) Start arguing among themselves.**

**B) Blame each other for the start of the war.**

## **Sat. – Aug. 30<sup>th</sup> thru Sept. 17, 1862**

- 1. Saturday – August 30, 1862 – Sibley reaches the Lower Agency:**
  - A) Buries the bodies of Marsh's men.**
  - B) Buries over 20 settlers.**
  - C) Sends Major Joseph Brown & 201 men, west along the river:**
    - I. To bury any dead.**
    - II. Look for hostile Indians.**
  - D) Little Crow's scouts are watching every move.**
  
- 2. Night – September 1, 1862 – Brown's command camps at Birch Coulie.**
  
- 3. September 2, 1862 – Battle of Birch Coulie:**
  - A) Dawn – War cry!**
  - B) Massive volley of rifle fire.**
  - C) Indians are led by:**
    - I. Mankato.**
    - II. Big Eagle.**
    - III. Gray Bird.**
  - D) 22 Soldiers are dead & 60 wounded.**
  - E) Command is in danger of being wiped out.**
  - F) Sibley hears the distant firing:**

## **I. Heads to relieve Brown.**

### **4. September 3, 1862:**

- A) 11:00 – Morning – Sibley arrives.**
- B) Indians retreat.**
- C) 31 hour siege is over.**
- D) Sibley retreats to Ft. Ridgely to care for the wounded.**

### **5. Little Crow leads a raid into Northeastern Minnesota:**

- A) Target is Hutchinson.**
- B) Company of Soldiers under Lt. Richard Strout run into Little Crow's band:
  - I. Battle.**
  - II. Soldiers retreat.**
  - III. Rout.**
  - IV. Chased all the way to Hutchinson.****
- C) Town is well fortified:
  - I. Indians don't attack.**
  - II. Retreat with scalps and loot.****

### **6. Sibley tries to bargain with Little Crow for the captives:**

- A) Does no good.**



**7. All of Minnesota is on alert from raids.**

## **Sept. 18<sup>th</sup> thru 26<sup>th</sup>, 1862**

**1. Sept. 18, 1862 – Sibley heads for the Indian camp:**

**A) On the Yellow Medicine River.**

**B) Sibley has 1,615 men – 1 cannon – 1 howitzer.**

**C) Little Crow knows there is going to be a decisive battle.**

**D) The Sioux are excellent:**

**I. Fighters.**

**II. At mobility.**

**III. Scouts.**

**IV. At Ambush.**

**E) The Sioux LACK:**

**I. Organization.**

**II. Maneuverability in battle.**

**III. Means to resist artillery.**

**2. Sept. 23, 1862 – Battle of Wood Lake:**

**A) Morning – Sibley is marching past Wood Lake.**

**B) Starts down a thickly wooded gorge.**

**C) ½ mile in front of the main column:**

**I. Wagon is ambushed.**

**II. relief force saves the Wagon Group.**

**D) Suddenly, Sibley is attacked from 3 sides.**

**E) At some points it is hand-to-hand.**

**F) Sibley forms his men in a circle on a small hill:**

**I. Indians attack.**

**G) 2 hours of assaults by Indians.**

**H) Artillery finally opens fire.**

**I) Indians retreat.**

**J) Indian losses 23 killed & many wounded:**

**I. One of the dead is Chief Mankato.**

**K) Soldiers lose 8 killed & 26 wounded.**

**L) Battle – 1<sup>st</sup> time – Midwest Indians – Open warfare with U.S. Troops.**

**3. Night of the 23<sup>rd</sup> – Indian Camp:**

**A) Little Crow...Argues for killing all of the White Captives.**

**B) Other Chiefs KNOW they are doomed:**

**I. Don't want punishment for murdering captives hanging over their heads!**

**C) Vote to turn the captives over to the Soldiers.**

**D) Little Crow's influence is...ENDED!!**

**4. September 26, 1862:**

**A) Afternoon – 107 White Captives & 162 Half-Breeds are turned over to Sibley.**

**B) The war in Minnesota is over!**

**5. Little Crow & 4,000 followers flee to North Dakota.**

## **Rest of 1862**

### **1. Sibley rounds up 1,875 Sioux:**

- A) Places them in prisons at Ft. Snelling and Mankato.**
- B) 425 are Court Martialed for extreme barbarity.**
- C) 306 are sentenced to death.**
- D) President Lincoln commutes the sentences of all BUT 38!**
- E) In Mankato – Special Gallows is built – To hang all 38 at once!**

### **2. All captured Sioux are now being shipped out of Minnesota to reservations.**

### **3. December 26, 1862 – Mankato:**

- A) All 38 hanged at once!**
- B) Some are INNOCENT!**
- C) Some are hanged by MISTAKE!**
- D) One...Saves a White Woman from being raped ...Hanged!**
- E) All...Buried in a shallow grave:
  - I. Night – Dug up by Doctors for “Medicine.”****

# **1863 to the End of the War**

## **1. 1863 – Little Crow:**

- A) Raids in North Dakota.**
- B) Raids a little in Minnesota.**
- C) Followers are deserting him.**

## **2. June 3, 1863 – North Woods:**

- A) Nathan Lampson and his son, Chauncey, are deer hunting.**
- B) Surprise 2 Indians picking berries.**
- C) Nathan fires...Wounds one.**
- D) Wounded Indian tries to get up.**
- E) Chauncey fires...Kills him!**
- F) Scalp.**
- G) Take the body to Hutchinson.**
- H) Thrown into a Slaughterhouse garbage pit.**
- I) Short time later...Other Indian surrenders:
  - I. He is Little Crow's son!**
  - II. Identifies body...Father...Little Crow.****
- J) Head & Hands are cut off and exhibited to the public.**

## **3. September 3, 1863 – North Dakota – Battle of Whitestone Hill:**

- A) Brig. General Alfred Sully:**

- I. Defeats a large Indian force.**
- II. Indians: 225 killed – 150 captured.**
- III. Soldiers: 14 killed – 34 wounded.**

**4. December 1863 – Just below the Canadian border – Camped – Major Edwin Hatch & a Company of Troops:**

- A) Knows Chiefs Shakopee & Medicine Bottle are in Canada.**
- B) Both wanted – War Crimes.**
- C) Secretly sends a Lt. across the border:
  - I. Meets with American, John McKenzie.**
  - II. Deal is made.****
- D) McKenzie & 2 Canadians meet with the 2 Chiefs:
  - I. Chiefs trust McKenzie.**
  - II. He drugs them both.****
- E) Taken across border – To Hatch!**
- F) Taken to Ft. Snelling.**
- G) Tried – Guilty!**
- H) November 1865 – Hanged!**

**5. July 1864 – Killdeer Mountain in the Northwest Dakota Territory:**

- A) Fight...Army vs. Sioux...From many different**

**Tribes.**

**B) One of the bands is...Inkpaduta's.**

**C) Indians are defeated.**

**6. Inkpaduta becomes an ally of the Hunkpapa Sioux:**

**A) Friend of Sitting Bull.**

**7. Summary of war:**

**A) 1,000's of acres of crops destroyed.**

**B) 100's of homes destroyed.**

**C) 737 Settlers & Soldiers killed.**

**D) 124 Indians killed in battle.**

**E) 40 Indians are hanged.**

**F) Remaining Sioux are shipped out of Minnesota, south, to reservations.**

**G) NOTE OF IRONY:**

**I. War starts on Sunday, August 17, 1862.**

**II. Annuity payment arrives at Ft. Ridgely on the 18<sup>th</sup>...24 hours too late!!**

**8. 1971 – Little Crow's scalp, skull, and hands are placed with his other remains and buried.**



***December 1862 to October 1865***

***(3 Years)***

***The Cheyenne War***

## **1862 & 1863**

### **1. December 5, 1862 – Stagecoach Station:**

**A) Colorado.**

**B) Raided by Cheyennes.**

**C) Hay burnt.**

**D) Livestock stolen.**

**E) Governor, John Evans, orders violators to be arrested.**

**F) Will NEVER be found!**

### **2. More raids thru 1863.**

§ JULY

## **April, May, & June of 1864**

**1. Cheyennes, Kiowas, and Comanches have been raiding in:**

**A) Colorado – New Mexico – Texas.**

**2. April 12, 1864 – Colorado – Indians have stolen livestock:**

**A) Expedition goes after them.**

**B) 40 men of the Colorado 1<sup>st</sup> Cavalry.**

**C) Led by Lt. Clark Dunn.**

**D) South Platte River – 4:00 – Afternoon.**

**E) 17 Braves and a herd of horses are spotted.**

**F) Stolen!**

**G) Indians agree to turn them over.**

**H) Come forward...Offer to shake hands.**

**I) Soldiers attempt to grab the Indian weapons.**

**J) Arrows fly.**

**K) Firing erupts.**

**L) Indians flee.**

**M) Running fight for 40 minutes that covers 15 miles.**

**N) Several Indians hit.**

**O) 4 Soldiers killed & 2 wounded.**

**3. From April 12, 1864 to May 16, 1864:**

- A) The Volunteer Troops of Colonel John Chivington (More in a moment).**
- B) Fight the Cheyennes in 3 major battles.**
- C) Burn 4 Indian villages.**
- D) Kill a number of Cheyennes...Including...A Head Chief who has always been friendly to the Whites!**
- E) Chivington is creating a war!**
- F) The Cheyennes Warriors can no longer be kept in check!**

**4. May 9, 1864 – Ft. Lyon, Colorado:**

- A) 37 year old, Major Edward Wynkoop takes command:**
  - I. From a wealthy Pennsylvania Family.**
  - II. Sheriff of Arapaho County.**
  - III. Man who names “Denver.”**
  - IV. Wants peace with the Indians.**

**5. Fort Lyon:**

- A) Built in 1860.**
- B) North bank of the Arkansas River.**
- C) Rectangular shape.**
- D) Rock quarters cemented with clay mortar.**
- E) Flat, dirt covered, roofs & floors.**

- F) 2 rows of Soldiers Quarters.**
- G) 9 foot high walls of stone for the corrals.**
- H) 8 Officers Quarters.**
- I) Hospital.**
- J) Bakehouse.**
- K) Laundry.**
- L) Guardhouse.**
- M) Stagecoach Station.**
- N) Flag Pole in the middle.**

**6. Wynkoop meets with 43 year old, Colonel John Chivington:**

- A) 1<sup>st</sup> Colorado Cavalry.**
- B) Commander of the Military District of Colorado.**
- C) Question is: Who commands who???**
- D) Question is: Who commands where??**
- E) Wynkoop asks Chivington what to do with the Cheyennes camped close to Ft. Lyon?**
- F) Chivington: "The Cheyennes will have to be soundly whipped before they will be quiet. If any of them are caught in your vicinity, kill them, that's the only way."**

**7. Chivington:**

**A) Born – 1821 – Ohio.**

**B) 1844 – Enters Ministry.**

**C) Preaches in:**

**I. Ohio – Illinois – Missouri – Kansas –  
Nebraska – Colorado.**

**D) 6 foot 3 inches tall:**

**I. 250 pounds.**

**II. Strongly built.**

**E) Ambitious.**

**F) Braggart.**

**G) 1860 – Arrives in Denver.**

**H) Preaches at the Methodist Episcopal Church.**

**I) HATES INDIANS!**

**J) Feels he has been appointed by God to kill all  
of them!**

**K) Says: “They should all be killed.”**

**L) Orders to his men are: “Burn the villages, kill  
all the Cheyennes wherever and whenever  
found.”**

**8. May 16, 1864 – 3 miles from the Smokey Hill  
River – 50 miles Northwest of Ft. Larned,  
Kansas:**

**A) Lt. George Eatre & 54 Men.**

**B) Find a village of 400 Cheyenne.**

- C) Soldiers form a battle line.**
- D) Warriors ride forward.**
- E) Chief Lean Bear orders the Warriors to wait.**
- F) Chief & a Warrior named "Star" ride forward.**
- G) Arms upraised in the peace sign.**
- H) At 30 feet – Eayre: "Fire!"**
  - I. The 2 Indians are knocked from their horses.**
  - II. Soldiers ride up and shoot them to death.**
- I) Short battle.**
- J) Indians flee...Losing 3 Chiefs & 25 Warriors killed.**
- K) Soldiers lose 4 killed & 3 wounded.**

**9. May 17, 1864 – Kansas – Cow Creek:**

- A) Cheyennes kill a Rancher.**

**10. June 11, 1864 – The Hungate Massacre:**

- A) At the Van Wormer Ranch on Box Elder Creek:**
  - I. 25 miles Southeast of Denver, Colorado.**
- B) Committed by 4 young Arapaho Warriors.**
- C) Kill Ward Hungate:**
  - I. 80 bullets in him.**
- D) Rape his wife:**

**I. Stab her to death.**

**E) 4 year old, Daughter:**

**I. Throat slit so deep her head is almost severed.**

**F) Infant baby...Same as Daughter!!**

**G) All:**

**I. Scalped.**

**II. Mutilated.**

**III. Tied together.**

**IV. Thrown down a well.**

**H) When found...Bodies to Denver:**

**I. Exhibited!**

**II. Creates anger and panic.**

**11. June 27, 1864 – Governor, John Evans of Colorado – Proclamation:**

**A) Peaceful Indians are to separate themselves from hostile groups.**

**B) Are to move close to Military Posts in the Denver area.**

**C) If they come in, they will be fed and given aid.**

**12. Summer 1864 – Ft. Larned, Kansas:**

**A) George Bent arranges talks:**



- I. Between Cheyenne Chiefs and Military.**
- B) Meet...Are talking.**
- C) Kiowa band under Satanta arrive.**
- D) Do a scalp dance.**
- E) Confrontation with guard at Fort's gate.**
- F) Guard is killed with arrows.**
- G) Scatter the Fort's horse herd.**
- H) Ruins the conference!**

**13. Summer – Arapahos under Chief Left Hand:**

- A) Approach Fort Larned:**
  - I. Guard fires a cannon at them.**
  - II. Flee.**

**14. Mid-July 1864 – Cheyenne War Parties attack and burn:**

- A) Ranches – Wagon Trains – Stagecoaches - Stagecoach Stations.**
- B) Steal:**
  - I. 100's of livestock.**
- C) Murder dozens of people.**

**15. July 1864 – Wynkoop meets with Chief Black Kettle and other peaceful Chiefs:**

- A) Assures them he will make an honest effort:**

- I. To conclude a peace treaty.**
- B) Is agreed that Black Kettle & White Antelope are to surrender their bands as prisoners of war:**
  - I. Establish a camp 5 miles from Ft. Lyon.**
  - II. On Sand Creek.**
- C) Any group that surrenders:**
  - I. Will not be subject to military punishment.**
  - II. Will be assigned land to hunt and fish,**
  - III. Will be provided food to last the winter.**
  - IV. Will be under the protection of the U.S. Army.**
- D) Black Kettle agrees...Will remain at Sand Creek.**
- E) Wynkoop provides:**
  - I. Enough food and blankets to last the winter.**
- F) Indians turn in 1/2 of their guns:**
  - I. Allowed to keep the other 1/2 to hunt with.**
- G) Indians turn over 4 White Captives.**
- H) Wynkoop persuades the Chiefs to with him to Denver for talks.**

**16. July 1864 – Outside Denver, Colorado – Bijou Ranch – On Beaver Creek:**

**A) Raided.**

**B) 2 men killed & scalped.**

## **August 1864**

- 1. August 6, 1864 – Saline River – 40 miles West of Salina, Kansas:**
  - A) 4 Buffalo Hunters:**
    - I. killed & scalped.**
  
- 2. Same Day – Nebraska – Wagon & Ox Train is attacked.**
  
- 3. August 8, 1864 – East of Kearny, Nebraska – Wagon Train:**
  - A) Attacked.**
  - B) 2 men killed.**
  
- 4. Same Day – Northeast of Fort Kearny, Nebraska:**
  - A) Wagon Train is attacked:**
    - I. Burnt.**
    - II. 14 men killed.**
    - III. 2 Women & 4 Children taken Captive.**
  
- 5. Same Day – Little Blue Settlement – Kansas:**
  - A) 15 people are killed.**
  
- 6. August 10, 1864 – 75 miles West of Ft. Kearny, Nebraska:**

**A) Wagon Train...Attacked....Burnt.**

**7. August 11, 1864 – Colorado:**

**A) Governor Evans – Gets word from the War Department:**

**I. Organize the 3<sup>rd</sup> Colorado Volunteer Regiment.**

**II. To be 100 day Volunteers.**

**III. Quartermaster in Denver, Colorado will mount and equip the men.**

**8. August 14, 1864 – Kansas:**

**A) 3 men killed by War Party led by Little Raven's son.**

**9. August 16, 1864 – North of Fort Zarah, Kansas:**

**A) Indians attack 7 Soldiers.**

**B) 4 of the Soldiers are killed.**

**10. August 18, 1864 – South of Denver, Colorado:**

**A) Man and a Boy are killed.**

**11. August 19, 1864 – Cimarron Springs, Kansas:**

**A) Wagon Train...Attacked...10 Men killed.**

**12. August 21, 1864 – Cimarron Crossing, Kansas:**

**A) 95 Wagons.**

**B) Attacked by 200 Warriors.**

**C) Wagon Master is killed.**

**13. Same Day – 18 miles West of Fort Lyon,  
Colorado:**

**A) 2 Men...Killed & Scalped.**

## **September 1864**

**1. September 18, 1864 – Wynkoop's Peace Caravan heads for Denver to meet with Governor Evans:**

**A) Consists of:**

**I. Wynkoop.**

**II. Captain Silas Soule.**

**III. D.D. Colley.**

**IV. John Smith.**

**V. 40 Soldiers.**

**VI. Chief Black Kettle.**

**VII. 6 Cheyenne & Arapaho Chiefs.**

**2. Wynkoop rides ahead:**

**A) To let Evans know the group will be in Denver in a couple of days.**

**3. 2 men meet:**

**A) Evans is NOT pleased:**

**I. Says he can have nothing to do with them until they're punished!**

**II. Says if he talks to them it will appear they've whipped the United States.**

**B) Wynkoop stresses:**

**I. He's an officer of the U.S. Army.**

**II. He's brought them over 400 miles:**

**(1) To talk peace.**

**C) Evans: "What shall I do with the 3<sup>rd</sup> if I make peace?"**

**I. Finally agrees to meet with them.**

**4. September 28, 1864 – Outside Denver, Colorado  
– Camp Weld – Peace Council:**

**A) Chief Black Kettle says his people are  
abiding by the Governor's Proclamation:**

**I. AND, will continue to do so!**

**B) Evans says he is NOT interested in making  
peace!!!**

**I. Accuses the Indians of an alliance with the  
Sioux!!!.....Outright lie!!**

**II. Tells them to separate from the hostiles.**

**III. Tells them their peace will have to be  
made with the Military, NOT, him!**

**IV. Tells them that when the Civil War ends,  
many Soldiers will arrive to fight them!**

**C) Amazingly, after Evans' stupidity, the Chiefs  
agree:**

**I. To help the Army against hostile Indians.**

**II. Agree to report to Ft. Lyon.**

**D) Meeting ends:**



***I. Chiefs honestly believe they can trust  
Evans!***

***5. Same Day – Telegram to Chivington:***

***A) From Major B.S. Henning, Commander of the  
District of the Upper Arkansas.***

***B) “I want no peace until the Indians suffer  
more!”***

## **October 1864**

### **1. Colorado – Ft. Lyon:**

**A) Arapaho, Little Raven...Surrenders.**

**B) Arapaho...Left Hand...Surrenders.**

**C) Total of 113 Lodges.**

**D) Wynkoop gives them rations.**

### **2. October 10, 1864 – South side of the Platte River:**

**A) Captain David Nichols & 40 Men.**

**B) Attack the Cheyenne camp of Chief Big Wolf.**

**C) Kill 6 Warriors, 3 Women, and a 14 year old Boy.**

### **3. October 17, 1864 – Colorado:**

**A) Major General Samuel Curtis replaces Wynkoop with Major Scott Anthony:**

**I. As Commander at Ft. Lyon.**

## **November 1864 – Up to Sand Creek**

**1. November 5, 1864 – Anthony arrives from Kansas:**

**A) He will have nothing to do with the Indians!**

**B) Stops issuing them anything!**

**C) Keeps them away from the Fort.**

**D) Does meet with Black Kettle...Wynkoop is present:**

**I. Promises to protect his band as prisoners of war.**

**II. Orders them to turn in their weapons:**

**(1) Only a few will do so!**

**III. Orders them to stay camped on Sand Creek.**

**IV. Stresses they will be under Military Protection as long as they keep the peace.**

**2. Meeting...Governor John Evans, Chivington, and Curtis:**

**A) All 3 HATE Indians!**

**B) Question – How to get rid of Indians under Military Protection?**

**I. Answer – They have surrendered to Wynkoop!!**

**(1) He is no longer Commander!**

**(2) So, the agreement is no longer valid!!!**

**3. November 25, 1864 – Night – Chivington & 750 Men of the Colorado 3<sup>rd</sup> Volunteer Cavalry:**

**A) Arrive at Ft. Lyon.**

**B) Tells Anthony he plans to wipe out the Indians at Sand Creek!**

**C) Anthony protests!**

**D) Chivington tells him he has no choice!**

**E) Anthony finally agrees.**

**F) Soule is ordered to take several Companies of Regulars:**

**I. Accompany Chivington's force.**

**II. Soule officially protests.**

**G) Chivington addresses the force:**

**I. "Believe me boys, this is God's work we're doing. If God were not on our side, I would not be here. I'm looking for a fight. I long to be walking in gore!**

**I believe it to be right and honorable to use any means under God's heaven to kill Indians that would kill women and children and, damn any man that is in sympathy with the Indians. Such men had better get out of the U.S. service."**

**H) Soule believes Chivington should be prevented from attacking the Indians:**

**I. Talks to Anthony.**

**II. Anthony: "Some of them ought to be killed!!"**

**I) Anthony tells Soule...Object of Expedition is:**

**I. Recover stolen livestock.**

**II. Kill only those Indians who are guilty!**

**(1) IS AN OUTRIGHT LIE!!!**

**4. November 28, 1864 – Night – Chivington's force leaves Ft. Lyon – Headed for Sand Creek:**

**A) 692 Men.**

**B) 4 Howitzers.**

**C) Under threat of Death...Chivington forces:**

**I. 69 year old, Jim Beckwourth.**

**II. William Bent's ½ breed son, Robert.**

**III. To guide them to the Indian camp.**

**D) In that camp are 3 of William Bent's ½ breed Daughters!**

## **Nov. 29, 1864 – The Sand Creek Massacre**

### **1. Sand Creek:**

- A) Southeastern Colorado.**
- B) 30 miles North of Ft. Lyon.**
- C) Dry creek bed in mesquite dotted hills.**

### **2. Indian Camp:**

- A) 115 lodges.**
- B) Cheyenne & Arapaho.**
- C) Over 700 people.**
- D) 200 of the 700 are Warriors.**

#### **E) Primary Chiefs:**

- I. Black Kettle.**
- II. White Antelope.**
- III. War Bonnet.**

#### **F) In the village:**

##### **I. George Bent:**

###### **(1) Half-Breed son of William Bent:**

- a. Co-Owner of Bent's Fort with Ceran St. Vrain.**
- b. Has married 2 different Cheyenne women.**
- c. Is trusted by the Cheyenne.**

##### **II. "Uncle" John Smith:**

###### **(1) Interpreter from Ft. Lyon.**

**(2) Has spent half of his life with the Cheyenne.**

**(3) Always trades with them.**

**(4) Marries a Cheyenne woman.**

**III. Jack Smith:**

**(1) 21 years old.**

**(2) Half-Breed son of, "Uncle" John Smith.**

**(3) Nephew of Cheyenne Chief, Yellow Hand.**

**IV. David Lauderback:**

**(1) Soldier from Ft. Lyon.**

**V. "Watson":**

**(1) Teamster.**

**3. November 29, 1864 – Massacre!**

**4. Dawn – Village is barely stirring:**

**A) Women – Out gathering firewood:**

**I. Spot dust to the South along the river.**

**II. Report it to the camp.**

**5. Chivington deploys his men:**

**A) "Kill and scalp all Indians. Big and little, scalp them all, nits make lice. Remember the murdered women and children of the Platte."**

**6. Chivington opens fire:**

**A) Cannon open up with grapeshot & canister.**

**B) "Uncle" John Smith – Out of War Bonnet's lodge:**

**I. Waving – Stick with white handkerchief on it.**

**II. Chivington's men open fire on him.**

**III. He retreats back into village for his own safety.**

**7. Black Kettle raises an American Flag with a White Flag under it:**

**A) To try and stop the firing.**

**B) Does no good.**

**8. White Antelope folds his arms in the peace gesture:**

**A) Starts singing the death chant.**

**B) Shot directly thru the heart and killed.**

**9. Indians scatter in all directions.**

**10. Soule refuses to let his men fire.**

**11. 100 Indians go 1 mile up the Creek Bed:**



- A) Entrench themselves in the bank.**
- B) Hold out for most of the day.**
- C) 70 of them are killed:**
  - I. 30 of the 70 are warriors.**
  - II. Rest...Women & Children.**

**12. Some Indians try to surrender:**

- A) Shot to pieces.**

**13. One of Black Kettle's wives:**

- A) Standing at his side.**
- B) Decapitated by a shot.**

**14. Another of Black Kettle's wives:**

- A) Wounded 7 times.**
- B) Will survive.**
- C) Will recover.**
- D) Will rejoin her husband later.**

**15. Black Kettle escapes.**

**16. 10 Chiefs are killed:**

- A) Among them are White Antelope & War Bonnet.**

**17. 3:00 – Afternoon – Firing stops...BUT...The butchering starts!!**

**A) It will go on for another 3 hours!**

**B) Looting – Pillaging – Rape – Murder – Mutilation.**

**18. Old Woman...Scalped alive:**

**A) Wanders around in shock.**

**B) Blinded by bloody forehead skin hanging in her eyes.**

**19. Many scalped alive.**

**20. Wounded are scalped.**

**21. One woman:**

**A) Heart cut out.**

**B) Carried around on a stick.**

**22. Fingers and ears are cut off to get jewelry:**

**A) Hearts cut out.**

**23. White Antelope...Butchered:**

**A) Nose & Ears are cut off.**

**B) Testicles are cut off:**

**I. Made into a Tobacco Pouch.**

**24. Women's breasts cut off:**

**A) Made into Tobacco Pouches.**

**25. Indian Babies...Killed, scalped, and mutilated:**

**A) Most have brains bashed out!...Throats slit!**

**26. One child – Alive:**

**A) Thrown into a feed box.**

**B) Left to die!**

**27. A 3 year old – Naked & crying – Toddles looking for mother:**

**A) Used for target practice!**

**B) First 2 men fire at him and miss.**

**C) 3<sup>rd</sup> hits him in the back...Kills him!**

**28. Any Indian found alive is killed.**

**29. 3 Women & 5 Children are taken prisoner:**

**A) All 8 beg for mercy!**

**B) Does no good!**

**C) All 8 are killed and scalped!**

**30. Wounded boy:**

- A) Major Hal Sayre.**
- B) Pistol to boy's head.**
- C) Literally...Blows his brains out!**

**31. Village is torched.**

**32. Half-Breeds, Bent & Smith are taken prisoner.**

**33. Anthony orders Soule to accompany him back to Ft. Lyon.**

**34. Trench is dug...Bodies piled in:**

- A) Wounded boy in trench moans.**
- B) Major jumps in.**
- C) Finds boy...Pistol...Head...Blows brains out.**

**35. 2 Men, 3 Women, and 4 Children are taken prisoner:**

- A) Short time later...1 of the men is murdered.**

**36. 175 Indian dead!**

- A) 110 of them are Women & Children.**

**37. Chivington...8 killed & 43 wounded.**

**38. In the Village...NOT ONE SINGLE WHITE CAPTIVE, SCALP, OR BELONGINGS!**

**39. November 30, 1864 – Night – WITH Chivington's consent:**

**A) 12 men murder Half-Breed, Jack Smith.**

**40. December 1, 1864 – Force leaves Sand Creek.**

**41. December 1864 – Cherry Creek, Colorado – Massive meeting of Indians:**

**A) 850 lodges.**

**B) Cheyenne, Cheyenne Dog Soldiers, Ogalalla Sioux, Brule Sioux, and Arapaho.**

**C) Pledge war.**

**42. December 22, 1864 – Command arrives in Denver as HEROES!!!!**

**A) Huge welcome!**

**B) Apollo Opera Theatre...Between acts:**

**I. On stage.**

**II. Displayed...Fingers, Ears, Etc., and over 100 Scalps!**

**III. Huge ovation.**

## **January 1865**

- 1. January 7, 1865 – Julesburg, Colorado:**
  - A) 1,000 Cheyenne & Sioux.**
  - B) Under Chief Big Crow.**
  - C) Attack.**
  - D) Kill 14 Soldiers & 4 Civilians.**
  - E) People of the town flee to Ft. Rankin.**
  - F) Indians plunder the town:**
    - I. Do over \$40 thousand in damage.**
  
- 2. Week of January 14, 1865 – Indian Raiding Parties:**
  - A) Strike for 150 miles up and down the South Platte Valley:**
    - I. Burn a Stagecoach Station.**
    - II. Burn a Ranch.**
    - III. Steal Livestock.**
    - IV. Tear down miles of Telegraph Lines.**
  
- 3. January 21, 1865 – Anthony resigns from the service.**
  
- 4. January 28, 1865 – Colorado – Harlow's Ranch:**
  - A) Indians kill 2 Men.**
  - B) Take 1 Woman captive.**

**C) Burn the Ranch.**

**5. Same Day.....Burn and loot 3 other Ranches:**

**A) 3 of the Men KNOWN to have taken part in the Sand Creek Massacre:**

**I. Found...Cut to pieces.**

**6. For the next 2 Weeks:**

**A) Beaver Creek...Burn the Stagecoach Station.**

**B) Burn the...Morrison Ranch:**

**I. Take Mrs. Morrison & a Child captive.**

**C) Burn the...Wisconsin Ranch.**

**D) Burn the...Washington Ranch.**

**E) Burn the...Gittrell Ranch.**

**F) Burn the...Moors Ranch.**

**G) Burn...3 Wagon Trains.**

**H) Capture 9 Volunteers from Chivington's Command:**

**I. Find Sand Creek Scalps on them.**

**II. Hack the 9 to pieces.**

## **February 1865**

### **1. Military & Congressional investigations into Sand Creek:**

**A) Condemn Chivington for his actions.**

### **2. February 2, 1865 – Julesburg, Colorado:**

**A) Indians burn it to the ground.**

### **3. For over a month:**

**A) No Stagecoach from the East reaches Denver.**

**B) No Freight Wagon Train from the East reaches Denver.**

**C) No Telegraph Message from the East reaches Denver.**

**D) In the 80 mile stretch between Julesburg & Junction:**

**I. All 12 Ranches & Stagecoach Stations are totally destroyed!**

**II. 50 People killed.**

**III. 1,500 Cattle stolen.**

**IV. 100 tons of Government Hay is burnt.**



## **March 1865**

### **1. Colorado – Anthony admits to an Investigative Committee:**

**A) He told the Indians to camp at Sand Creek.**

**B) He told the Indians they'd be protected.**

**C) He LIES:**

**I. Says he didn't approve of Chivington's action!**

**D) Chivington LIES!**

**E) Committee condemns actions of:**

**I. Chivington.**

**II. Anthony.**

**III. Curtis.**

**IV. Governor Evans.**

**F) No actions taken against them.**

**G) General Nelson Miles: "Perhaps the foulest and most unjustifiable crime in the annals of America."**

### **2. Chivington:**

**A) No glory.**

**B) Coroner of Arapaho County.**

**C) Under Sheriff of Denver.**

**D) Newspaper Publisher in Ohio.**

**E) Sand Creek will prevent him from being**

**elected to the Legislature.**

**F) 1894 – Dies.**

**3. Evans:**

**A) Successful Political Career.**

**B) Successful Financial Career.**

# **To the End of the War**

## **1. July 26, 1865 – The Battle of the Platte Bridge Station:**

**A) North Platte River.**

**B) 130 miles West of Ft. Laramie.**

**C) Wagon Supply Train – 5 Wagons.**

**D) Escorted by Sgt. Amos Custard & 25 Men.**

**E) 11:00 – Morning - Headed for the Fort.**

**F) Ambushed by 2,000 Cheyenne, Arapaho, & Sioux.**

**G) Under Chief Roman Nose:**

**I. 6 foot 3 inches tall.**

**II. 240 pounds.**

**III. Wears sacred War Bonnet.**

**IV. Has 2 Indian Names...Translate to mean:**

**(1) “Hook Nose.”**

**(2) “The Bat.”**

**H) Wagon Train is under siege.**

**I) Lt. Casper Collins & 20 Men are sent from the Fort to aid the Wagons.**

**J) Ambushed!**

**K) Fight is horseback-to-horseback and hand-to-hand.**

**L) Soldiers retreat:**

**I. All but Collins & 4 others make it back.**

**M) Collins is cut off:**

**I. Wounded in the hip.**

**II. Hit in the forehead with an arrow.**

**III. Knocked from his horse.**

**IV. Captured.**

**V. Staked down...Mouth filled with gunpowder  
...Lit...Head blown off.**

**N) Wagons...Custard sends 5 men forward to  
Scout.**

**O) They are cut off...Run for the river:**

**I. 2 are killed.**

**II. 3 make it to the Fort.**

**P) Wagons are circled.**

**Q) Indians tighten the circle.**

**R) Sniping.**

**S) Only 4 Soldiers left alive.**

**T) 3:00 – Afternoon – After 4 hours:**

**I. All over.**

**II. All the Soldiers are dead or wounded.**

**III. Wounded are killed.**

**U) Custard is tied to a wagon wheel:**

**I. Bodies of men are piled around him.**

**II. Roasted alive.**

**V) Indians have lost 60 killed & 130 wounded.**

**2. October 1865 – Little Arkansas River:**

**A) Peace Treaty:**

**I. Cheyenne – Comanche – Arapaho – Kiowa –  
Kiowa Apache.**

1863

**Ben Thompson,  
Billy Thompson, and  
John King Fisher  
1860's**

**1. Ben Thompson:**

- A) Born – November 11, 1842 – England.**
- B) 1849 – Family to United States.**
- C) At age 9 – Living in Austin, Texas.**
- D) At age 15 – Argument with a Black Man named “Smith”:
  - I. Thompson wounds him with a shotgun.**
  - II. Arrested – Tried – 6 days in jail & a \$100 fine.****
- E) Apprentice Printer for an Austin Newspaper.**
- F) New Orleans, Louisiana – Bookbinder.**
- G) New Orleans – Night – Horse drawn bus:
  - I. Emile LeTour bothers a young woman.**
  - II. Thompson tells him to leave her alone.**
  - III. LeTour slaps him in the face.**
  - IV. Duel is arranged.**
  - V. Bowie Knives – Darkened room – Thompson kills him!**
  - VI. Runs from the law because dueling is illegal!****
- H) Austin, Texas – Printer.**
- I) Becomes good with a pistol.**
- J) Becomes a Gambler:
  - I. Good at cards.**
  - II. Good at dice.****
- K) Becomes a fancy dresser:
  - I. Top Hat.****

**II. Coat with tails.**

**III. Carries a cane.**

**L) Physically:**

**I. 5 feet 8 inches tall.**

**II. Stocky build.**

**III. Brown hair.**

**IV. Blue eyes.**

**M) Civil War – Texas Confederate Army:**

**I. 1863 – Wounded.**

**II. Doesn't get along with officers.**

**III. Kills a Lt. named "Haigler".**

**N) 1864 – Shoots and wounds his Brother-In-Law, James Moore, after an argument!**

**O) Mexico:**

**I. Fights for Maximilian.**

**P) Back to Texas:**

**I. Kills a man named "Coombs".**

**II. Tried – Not guilty.**

**Q) Assaults a man named "Brown":**

**I. Tried – 2 years in the State Penitentiary.**

**II. 1866 – Released.**

**R) Drifts – Drinks – Gambles – "Hell Raiser."**

**S) 1871 – Abilene, Kansas:**

**I. Partners with Phil Coe in "The Bull's Head Saloon."**

**II. Hickok feud – Coe is killed.**

**T) August 1873 – Ellsworth, Kansas – Opens a Gambling House:**



**I. Arrested one night by Marshal Wyatt Earp for being drunk and disorderly:**

**(1) Fined \$25!**

**II. Brother, Billy Thompson arrives.**

**2. Billy Thompson:**

**A) Heavy gambler.**

**B) Heavy drinker.**

**3. One night – Brennan’s Saloon – Poker Game:**

**A) Ben & Billy get into an argument with some cowboys:**

**I. John Sterling slaps Billy.**

**II. Both Thompson’s leave – Get pistols – Return.**

**III. Looking for the cowboys.**

**IV. Sheriff Chauncey Whitney, friend of the Thompson’s, runs up to act as peacemaker.**

**V. Startled – Billy turns and fires his shotgun into Whitney’s right side and arm.**

**VI. Billy flees!**

**VII. Whitney lives for 3 dies before dying:**

**(1) Deathbed – Swears – Accident.**

**B) 4 years later – Billy – Captured by Texas Rangers:**

**I. Returned to Kansas.**

**II. Trial – Not guilty.**

**C) Billy will later be killed in Laredo, Texas.**

**4. Ben – Austin, Texas:**

**A) Elected Marshal:**

**I. Does a good job.**

**B) One night – Capitol Theatre:**

**I. Argument with:**

**(1) Mark Wilson.....Theatre Owner & Bouncer.**

**(2) Charley Matthews.....Bartender.**

**II. Gunfight – Kills both!!**

**C) A threat is sent to Thompson from San Antonio, Texas by Jack Harris:**

**I. Friend of Wilson's.**

**II. Owns the “Jack Harris Saloon & Vaudville Variety Theatre.”**

**5. Ben goes to San Antonio to settle the argument:**

**A) Walks into the Saloon.**

**B) Harris meets him with a double-barreled Shotgun.**

**C) Ben shoots twice killing him.**

**D) Tried – Not guilty.**

**E) Harris' friends swear revenge.**

**6. Resigns as Marshal of Austin.**

**7. Starts drinking heavily:**

- A) Becomes obnoxious.**
- B) Becomes loud.**
- C) Becomes offensive.**
- D) Becomes unbearable.**

**8. Is met in Austin by his good friend, John King Fisher, Sheriff of Uvalde, Texas:**

**A) Fisher:**

- I. Born – 1854.**
- II. Early life spent in Mexico.**
- III. Fancy dresser.**
- IV. Wears silver spurs with bells.**
- V. Pearl handled pistols.**
- VI. Fast draw!!**
- VII. Kills over 20 men in his lifetime.**

**B) 2 men go on a drinking spree.**

**C) Go to San Antonio.**

**9. March 11, 1884 – Night – The 2 men attend a show at the Harris Theatre:**

**A) Leaving.**

**B) Ben asks Joe Foster to have a drink with them:**

- I. NO!!**
- II. Ben hits him in the mouth with a gun.**
- III. All hell breaks loose!**
- IV. Guns firing everywhere!**

**C) All over:**

**I. Thompson is dead with 11 bullets in him:**

**(1) At age 41 years and 4 months.**

**II. Fisher is dead with 15 bullets in him:**

**(1) At age 30.**

**III. Foster is wounded:**

**(1) He will die.**

**D) Inquest is held:**

**I. Foster, Jacob Coy, and Billy Simms.....all  
friends of Harris'.....are cleared:**

**(1) Revenge for the death of Harris.**

**1863**

**Harry Morse – Lawman**

- 1. 1863 to 1877 – Sheriff of Alameda, California:**
  - A) Man of Courage.**
  
- 2. 1865 – Gunfight:**
  - A) Kills murderer, Novatto Ponce.**
  
- 3. Juan Soto:**
  - A) Three-Quarters Indian & One-Quarter Mexican.**
  - B) The most cruel of all California outlaws.**
  - C) 6 feet 2 inches tall – 200 pounds.**
  - D) Cold-blooded killer!!**
  
- 4. Gunfight between Morse & Soto:**
  - A) Morse shoots him thru the head killing him!**
  
- 5. 1878 – San Francisco, California:**
  - A) Opens his own Detective Agency.**
  - B) Tracks down and arrests Black Bart.**
  - C) Tracks down and arrests Rustler & Thief, Tomaso Redundo.**

**D) Tracks down and arrests Murderer, Joe Newell.**

**6. January 11, 1912 – Age 77 – Dies.**

## **1863 (January)**

### **1. January 1, 1863 – The Emancipation**

#### **Proclamation:**

**A) Abraham Lincoln.**

**B) Doesn't truly emancipate anyone.**

**C) Is NOT a humanitarian edict.**

**D) Lincoln calls it: "A fit and necessary war measure for suppressing rebellion."**

**E) Frees only Slaves in the secessionist Southern States.**

**F) Does not apply to:**

**I. West Virginia.**

**II. Louisiana.**

**II. Parts of Virginia.**

**G) Does not apply to Slaves in the North or the border states of:**

**I. Delaware.**

**II. Maryland.**

**III. Kentucky.**

**IV. Tennessee.**

**V. Missouri.**

**H) Allows Union Army to enlist Secessionist Slaves into the Union Army.**

**I) Slavery – Not abolished until 1865 – 13<sup>th</sup> Amendment.**

## **1863 (June)**

**1. June 20, 1863 – West Virginia – 35<sup>th</sup> State.**



# **December 15, 1863**

## **Edward Green – Robber & Murderer**

### **1. Born 1833:**

- A) Postmaster of Malden, Massachusetts.**
- B) Is heavily in debt.**
- C) Starts to drink a lot.**

### **2. December 15, 1863 – Malden, Massachusetts – Malden Bank:**

- A) Evening.**
- B) Only person on duty – 17 year old, Cashier, Frank Converse:
  - I. Bank President's son.****
- C) Pistol – Green – Enters.**
- D) Shoots Converse 2 times in the head killing him.**
- E) Leaves with \$5 thousand.**
- F) 1<sup>st</sup> Bank Robbery – U.S. History!**

### **3. Caught – Tried – Convicted:**

- A) February 27, 1866 – Hanged,**

**1864**

**1. Michigan – Bessemer Steel – 1<sup>st</sup> made in U.S.**

## **1864 (July)**

**1. July 9, 1864 – Col. Jacob Zeilin – 7<sup>th</sup>**

**Commandant – U.S.M.C.:**

**A) Born – 7/16/1806 – Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.**

**B) Mex./Am. War.**

**C) Civil War.**

**D) November 18, 1880 – Washington, D.C. – Dies.**

# **1864 (October)**

**1. October 31, 1864 – Nevada – 36<sup>th</sup> State.**

## **1865**

### **1. Start of "The Gilded Age":**

**A) Will last until 1890.**

**B) Name from the 1873 novel "The Gilded Age":**

**I. By Mark Twain & Charles Dudley Warner.**

**C) Corruption.**

**D) Get-Rich-Quick methods used in Business.**

**E) Wealthy flaunt their money!**

1865-



**Belle Starr**

- 1. Born – February 5, 1848 – Carthage, Missouri:**
  - A) Wealthy parents.**
  - B) Real name.....Myra Belle Shirley.**
  
- 2. 1863 – At age 16 – Entire family moves to Texas:**
  - A) 10 miles east of Dallas.**
  
- 3. Becomes a good horsewoman.**
  
- 4. Is a good rifle and pistol shot.**
  
- 5. Idolizes William Clark Quantrill!**
  
- 6. Knows Jesse & Frank James.**
  
- 7. Knows the Younger Brothers.**
  
- 8. Physically:**
  - A) Dark eyes.**
  - B) Black hair.**
  - C) 5 feet 1 inch tall.**
  - D) Slender.**
  - E) UGLY!**

**F) Cheap.....Free living.....NO morals!**

**9. Visited by Cole Younger:**

**A) She falls in love with him.**

**B) He will NOT marry her.**

**C) He leaves.....9 months later.....she has a daughter.....names her "Pearl Younger."**

**10. Goes to Dallas, Texas:**

**A) Works in a Dance Hall as a singer and deals cards for:**

**I. Faro – Monte – and Poker.**

**11. Meets Jim Reed (Train Robber, Bank Robber, & Cattle Thief):**

**A) Falls in love with him.**

**B) Outlaw, John Fischer, "marries" them in an illegal ceremony!**

**12. Move to Missouri:**

**A) Buy a farm.**

**B) Law is after Reed – Forces them to leave.**

**13. Go to California:**

**A) Stay for 2 years.**

**B) Have a son – Edward.**

**C) They rob a bank in San Diego.**

**D) Rob a traveler of \$30 thousand!**

**14. Return to Texas:**

- A) She is now 24 years old.**
- B) She is now totally involved in the outlaw life.**
- C) Dresses like a man.**
- D) Small outlaw gang: Her – Jim Reed – 2 others.**
- E) Capture a wealthy Indian named.....Grayson:
  - I. Torture him by continually “hanging” him.**
  - II. Tells where his money is!****

**15. Group splits up:**

- A) Reed goes into hiding – There is a \$1,500 reward for him:
  - I. August 1874 – He is shot and killed!****

**16. Belle goes to Dallas, Texas:**

- A) Stays in a fancy hotel.**
- B) Spends a lot of money.**
- C) Buys an expensive riding horse.**
- D) Buys a horse and buggy.**
- E) Hires her own special groom for her horses.**
- F) She wears a flowing black velvet riding costume.**
- G) Wears high boots.**



- H) Wears a broad brimmed hat:**
  - I. Has an ostrich plume in it.**
- I) Wears a pair of holsters with 2 pistols in them:**
  - I. Bullets in the belt.**
- J) Also wears a fringed buckskin outfit!**
- K) Rides through the streets scaring people.**
- L) Is called "The Bandit Queen."**
- M) Arrested for burning down a warehouse:**
  - I. Wealthy cattleman pays for her defense.**
  - II. "Not Guilty."**
- N) Arrested for stealing horses:**
  - I. Escapes.**
  - II. Goes to Oklahoma.**

**17. 1875 – Leader – Vicious outlaw gang:**

- A) Steal horses.**
- B) Steal cattle.**
- C) Bootleg liquor to the Indians.**

**18. 1876 – 2 lovers:**

- A) "Blue Duck".....a murderer:**
  - I. Later killed.**
- B) Jim French.....a murderer:**
  - I. Later killed in a robbery by both barrels of a shotgun in the face.**

**19. 1876 – At age 32 – Marries 28 year old,**

**Cherokee Indian, Sam Starr:**

- A) He is the leader of an outlaw gang.**
- B) They will be visited by Jesse James.**

**20. February 1883 – Ft. Smith, Arkansas:**

- A) She and Sam are tried for stealing 2 horses:**
  - I. Tried before Judge Isaac C. Parker.**
  - II. 1 year in the Federal Penitentiary at Detroit.**
  - III. Serves 9 months – Released for good behavior.**

**21. Back to Oklahoma:**

- A) Becomes less “fond” of Sam Starr.**
- B) Becomes more “fond” of John Middleton:**
  - I. Thief – Arsonist – Murderer.**
- C) The 2 plan to leave separately and meet in Arkansas.**
- D) Sam finds out:**
  - I. Ambushes and kills Middleton.**

**22. 1886 – Ft. Smith, Arkansas – Tried for stealing a horse and robbing 4 Indians:**

- A) Not Guilty.**

**23. December 1886 – Sam, Belle, Pearl, and Ed go to a party:**

- A) Sam gets drunk.**
- B) Meets an old enemy, Frank West.**
- C) Argument – Draw pistols.**
- D) Both fire – kill each other!!**

**24. 1887 – 24 year old, Jim July moves in with the 39 year old Belle.**

**25. February 3, 1889 – Near Briartown, Oklahoma – She is on her way back from Ft. Smith, Arkansas:**

- A) Shot in the back with a shotgun and killed!**
- B) To make sure – Point blank – Left side of the face!**
  - 1. Dead 2 days short of her 41<sup>st</sup> birthday.**

**1865 – 1885**  
**(20 Years)**  
**The Sheep Frontier**

- 1. Flourished from 1865 to 1885.**
- 2. Most are driven to Kansas & Nebraska to be fattened for market:**
  - A) 1870 to 1900...15 million are driven to Market.**
  - B) Average trip takes 7 months.**
  - C) Average 8 to 10 miles per day.**
- 3. By 1900:**
  - A) Raised without the benefit of Public Domain.**
  - B) Wool is the primary product.**
- 4. Frontier...Primary locations...Mountains & West Coast areas of:**
  - A) Wyoming.**
  - B) Montana.**
  - C) Colorado.**
  - D) Utah.**
  - E) Texas.**

**F) New Mexico.**

**G) California.**

**5. Life of a Shepherd & his Dog is lonely.**

**6. Most famous Shepherd...Teofilo Trujillo:**

**A) From Taos, New Mexico.**

**B) Will bring the 1<sup>st</sup> Sheep into Southern Colorado.**

**C) 1884 – Cowboys beat him to death with clubs.**

**7. Sheepmen & Cattlemen clash:**

**A) Cattlemen claim:**

**I. Eat grass too short.**

**II. Hooves ruin grass.**

**B) Sometimes “Wars” between 2 groups:**

**I. 1887 – Pleasant Valley in Arizona.**

**II. 1901 – Green River in Wyoming.**

**C) Shepherders & Dogs are killed!**

**D) Sheep are driven over cliffs, dynamited, clubbed to death, poisoned, or shot.**

**E) Cattle are shot.**

**F) Fences cut, Etc.**

**8. 1900 – Sheep outnumber Cattle by 8-1.**

**1865 – 1868**  
**(3 Years)**  
**The Red Cloud War**

**Chief Red Cloud**

**1. Teton Sioux Confederacy:**

**A) Ogalalla Tribe.**

**2. Born – 1822:**

**A) Father...A Drunk:**

**I. Died as such.**

**3. Skillful & Excellent Hunter.**

**4. Great Warrior.**

**5. Good Leader.**

**6. Strong & Agile.**

**7. By early 20's is a Chief:**

**A) Has a large following.**

**8. 1865 – From ambush – Shot with an arrow by a Crow Warrior:**

**A) All the way thru...Sticking out chest.**

**B) He cuts the tip off...Pushes out back.**

**C) Will recover.**

# **The Teton Sioux Confederacy**

**1. "Teton" means: "Dwellers on the Prairie."**

**2. "Sioux" means: "Enemy."**

**3. Made up of 5 Tribes:**

**A) Ogalalla: "Those Who Stand in the Middle."**

**B) Sans Arc: "No Bows."**

**C) Brule.**

**D) Minneconjou: "Those Who Plant by the Water."**

**E) Hunkpapa: "Cutthroats."**

**4. Traditional Enemies:**

**A) Crows – Pawnees – Flatheads – Shoshone – and Blackfeet.**

**5. Are great Warriors and Hunters:**

**A) Primary source of food...Buffalo.**

**6. Country is...Northern Plains into Canada.**

**7. War:**

**A) Wild form of Chivalry.**

**B) Brave enemies are spared.**



- C) To primarily win honors.**
- D) “Count Coup” with a “Coup Stick.”**
- E) Greatest Feat:**
  - I. Alone...Sneak into Enemy Camp...Lead out a single Horse!**
- F) No Divisions, Regiments, Companies, or Squads.**
- G) A unit is based on the prestige of various Chiefs.**
- H) More popular the Chief, the more followers he will have.**
- I) Each group operates independently of other groups:**
  - I. Carry on their own war.**
  - II. Move on their own.**
  - III. Sometimes 2 or 3 bands fight together in a War Party.**

## **The Bozeman Trail**

### **1. Named after John Bozeman:**

**A) Blazed the Path in 1862.**

### **2. Sometimes known as:**

**A) "The Virginia City Road."**

**B) "The Bighorn Road."**

### **3. 1<sup>st</sup> Road thru Indian Country north of the Oregon Trail:**

**A) Runs thru the states of Wyoming and Montana.**

### **4. By the end of 1865:**

**A) Is the favorite route to the Montana Gold Fields.**

### **5. Indians want to keep all White Men out of the Bighorn Country north of the Oregon Trail:**

**A) Sioux...Become very hostile to those trespassing on their Hunting Grounds.**

### **6. Outcry from White Travelers:**

**A) Want Government protection along the trail.**

**7. March 1865 – Congress – Act – Protection & Construction of certain roads to:**

**A) Idaho – Montana – Dakota & Nebraska Territories.**

**B) One of those roads is...The Bozeman Trail!**

**8. Summer of 1865 – Gov. issues orders to Troops:**

**A) Stop attacks along the Bozeman Trail.**

**B) Will be known as “The Powder River Expedition”:**

**I. Will be a total failure!**

## **1865 – The Harney-Sanborne Treaty**

**1. Signed by many Chiefs.**

**2. Cedes a Wagon Road thru Indian Country.**

**3. Red Cloud is not present:**

**A) Does not recognize the Treaty.**

**B) He will continue to organize and lead raids  
along the Trail.**

## **1866 – Spring thru May**

- 1. Meeting is set up with the Sioux at Ft. Laramie:**
  - A) To work out an agreement to:**
    - I. Allow – Safe passage – Bozeman Trail.**
  - B) Red Cloud and many other Chiefs plan on attending.**
  
- 2. Early May 1866 – Ft. Kearny, Nebraska:**
  - A) Col. Henry Carrington:**
    - I. Is ordered to establish a series of Forts in the Powder River Country:**
      - (1) To protect traffic along the Bozeman Trail.**
  
- 3. May 17, 1866 – Carrington's column heads out of Ft. Kearny:**
  - A) 700 Soldiers.**
  - B) 30 piece Band.**
  - C) 260 Non-Combatants (Including several Women & Children).**
  
- 4. Carrington's Column reaches Ft. Laramie while the Peace Council is in session:**
  - A) Carrington has no clue what is going on!**
  - B) He states his purpose.**

- C) The Indians listen.**
- D) Goes against everything the Peace Council is trying to accomplish!**
- E) Red Cloud leaps on the platform.**
- F) Accuses Carrington of being there to steal a road thru Indian Country!**
- G) Says the Indians will never give up the Bighorn Country!**
- H) Says the Indians will never give up a road thru it to the White Man!**
- I) Red Cloud leaves:
  - I. Declares he's going on the War Path!****
- J) Council breaks up.**
- K) Over the next few days:
  - I. All the Indians leave.**
  - II. Join Red Cloud.****

## **June 1866**

### **1. June 17, 1866 – Carrington's Command leaves**

**Ft. Laramie:**

**A) Head into the Powder River Country.**

**B) Look for sites to build Forts.**

### **2. June 28, 1866 – Carrington reaches old Fort**

**Reno:**

**A) On the Powder River.**

**B) Primary buildings:**

**I. Made of cottonwood logs with earth roofs.**

**C) High, staked fence surrounds the warehouses and stables.**

**D) Stay for 2 weeks.**

**E) Leaves a force of 60 men:**

**I. Are to rebuild the Fort.**

**II. Are to be the garrison.**

### **3. Carrington moves on Northward.**

## **July 1866**

- 1. July 15, 1866 – Carrington, Captain Ten Eyck, and the Engineers:**
  - A) Stake out what will be Fort Phil Kearny.**
  
- 2. Fort Phil Kearny:**
  - A) Will sit on the Big Piney River.**
  - B) East of where the Bozeman Trail crosses the River.**
  - C) The base of the Bighorn Mountains are 7 miles to the West.**
  - D) 65 miles from Fort Reno.**
  - E) 236 miles from Fort Laramie.**
  - F) Near present...Story, Wyoming.**
  - G) 18 miles South of present Sheridan, Wyoming.**
  - H) Named after Major General Phil Kearny:
    - I. Civil War...Killed at Chantilly, Virginia.****
  - I) Construction is an open declaration of war against the Indians.**
  - J) 600 feet by 800 feet.**
  - K) Covers 6 acres of ground.**
  - L) Surrounded by a stockade.**
  - M) Center of the Parade Ground...124 foot high Flag Pole.**



**N) Over 12,000 logs used to construct the stockade, corrals, and 42 buildings in the Fort.**

**O) 2 Quartermaster Warehouses:**

**I. Each is 84 feet by 24 feet.**

**P) 4 Company Quarters are built:**

**I. Each is 60 feet by 25 feet.**

**Q) Sutler's Store.**

**R) Adjutant's Quarters.**

**S) Laundry.**

**T) Bachelors (Officers) Quarters:**

**I. 44 feet by 52 feet.**

**U) Row of Cabins for married Officers.**

**V) Carrington's Headquarters:**

**I. Faces North.**

**W) Magazine:**

**I. Southeast corner.**

**II. 16 feet by 16 feet.**

**X) Quartermaster's Yard:**

**I. 600 feet by 200 feet.**

**II. Has a Blacksmith Shop, Stables, and Quarters.**

**3. July 17, 1866 – 2<sup>nd</sup> day of construction:**

**A) Indians stampede the horse herd.**

**B) Short fight.**

**C) Soldiers...2 killed & 3 wounded.**

**4. Same Day...Peno Creek:**

**A) Camp of Wagons:**

**I. Belong to Frenchman, Pete Gazzous.**

**B) Attacked by Indians.**

**C) Wiped out!!**

**D) Wagon covers ripped off.**

**E) Plunder strewn everywhere.**

**F) Dead and badly mutilated are:**

**I. Louis Gazzous.**

**II. Henry Harrison.**

**III. Joe Donaldson.**

**IV. 3 others.**

**5. The Red Cloud War is in full-swing!**

**6. For the next 12 days:**

**A) 5 Wagon Trains...Attacked.**

**B) 15 Men killed.**

**C) Untold livestock stampeded.**

**7. July 24, 1866 – Carrington is in a serious situation:**

**A) Writes asking for reinforcements.**

**8. From July 1866 thru December 1866:**

**A) 51 Indian attacks around the Fort.**

## **August 1866**

- 1. The 3<sup>rd</sup> Fort on the Bozeman Trail is built...Fort C.F. Smith:**
  - A) 91 miles North of Fort Phil Kearny.**
  - B) Is the most isolated of all the Forts.**
  - C) In Montana.**
  - D) Square...375 feet by 375 feet.**
  - E) Surrounded by a stockade.**
  - F) Will be in a constant state of siege.**
  - G) Winter...Virtually no communication between Smith & Kearny!**
  
- 2. August 31, 1866 – Ft. Kearny:**
  - A) 345 Officers & Men present for duty.**
  - B) Constant violence.**
  - C) Patrols are ambushed.**
  - D) Herders & Guards are killed.**
  
- 3. Red Cloud's numbers grow:**
  - A) Northern Cheyenne.**
  - B) Arapaho.**
  - C) Minneconjou Sioux...Led by:**
    - I. High Backbone.**
    - II. Black Shield.**
  - D) Ogalalla Sioux...Led by:**

**I. Crazy Horse.**

**4. Work on Fort Kearny continues:**

**A) Nearest wood is 7 miles from the Fort:**

**I. Is a necessity:**

**(1) Corrals, Barracks, Fuel for coming Winter.**

**B) Wood Cutting Wagon Trains are sometimes ambushed:**

**I. Sometimes members are cut off and killed.**

## **November 1866**

**1. November 3, 1866 – Ft. Kearny – Reinforcements arrive from Ft. Laramie:**

**A) 2 Cavalry Companies...63 Men.**

**B) Commanded by Lt. Horatio Bingham.**

**C) Among the Officers are:**

**I. Captain James Powell.**

**II. Captain William Fetterman:**

**(1) Soldier by birth and profession.**

**(2) Brilliant Civil War record.**

**(3) Volunteers for Ft. Kearny because it promises action.**

**(4) Knows NOTHING of Indian warfare!**

**(5) CONTEMPT for the Indians!**

**2. A very “disloyal” clique develops towards Carrington...Why??**

**A) Dislike his cautious tactics.**

**B) Believe he should attack!**

**C) The Group:**

**I. Captain Fred Brown:**

**(1) Bachelor – Reckless – Happy-Go-Lucky.**

**II. Captain James Powell.**

**III. Lt. George Grummond.**

**IV. Captain William Fetterman.**

**3. Starting in late November 1866 – Indians literally practice an Ambush:**

**A) Attack a Wood Cutting Party.**

**B) Relief Column from the Fort will be sent.**

**C) Indian Decoys...Lure Relief to follow.**

**D) Over Lodge Trail Ridge (5 1/2 miles from Fort) into Peno Creek Valley.**

**E) Puts them out of sight of the Fort.**

**F) Valley...Swarmed by 100's of Warriors.**

## **December 1866 up to Fetterman**

### **1. December 3, 1866 – Ft. Kearny:**

- A) Lt. Wilbur Arnold & 43 Infantry reinforcements arrive from Ft. Laramie.**

### **2. December 6, 1866 – 1:00 – Afternoon – 3 miles from Ft. Kearny:**

- A) Wood Cutting Party is attacked.**

- B) Fetterman leads a Relief Force of 35 Men from the Fort:**

- I. Decoys...He follows...Out of sight of Fort.**

- II. Hit from 3 sides.**

- III. Some of his men flee.**

- IV. Is outnumbered 4-1.**

- V. Fighting is hand-to-hand!**

- C) Carrington leads a Relief Column to Fetterman's rescue!**

- D) Lt. Horatio Bingham has been killed:**

- I. Over 50 arrows in his body.**

- II. Scalped & Mutilated.**

- E) Sgt. Bowers:**

- I. Has killed 3 Indians before.....**

- II. Skull split in two by a Tomahawk.**

- F) 5 Soldiers have been wounded.**

- G) 10 Indians have been killed.**



**H) Fetterman has been disobedient, reckless, and blundering!**

**I) Back at the Fort:**

**I. Carrington "rips" him for his actions:**

**(1) Chasing Indians.**

**(2) Out of sight of Fort.**

**II. Fetterman replies: "Give me 80 men and I'll ride through the whole Sioux Nation."**

**3. December 19, 1866 – Indians try same thing they pulled on Fetterman:**

**A) Captain James Powell & Relief Column don't fall for it!**

**4. Carrington plans 1 more Wood Cutting Party:**

**A) To complete Hospital & secure the Fort for the Winter.**

**B) Plans it for December 21<sup>st</sup>.**

**C) Night of December 20<sup>th</sup>.....Snows.**

**D) Just over 400 Men in the Fort:**

**I. Only 308 are fit for duty.**

**II. Many have faulty weapons.**

**III. Ammunition is in short supply.**

**IV. Has 4 Howitzers.**

## **Dec. 21, 1866 – The Fetterman Fight**

**1. In Red Cloud's camp – Leaders prepare for the day:**

**A) Chief Red Cloud assembles:**

**I. Roman Nose & Medicine Man – Northern Cheyenne.**

**II. Little Chief & Sorrel Horse – Arapaho.**

**III. Black Shield – Minneconjou Sioux.**

**IV. Crazy Horse – Ogalalla Sioux.**

**B) Very few of the Indians have firearms:**

**I. Most...Bows – Knives – Lances – Hatchets.**

**C) Ambush leaders will be:**

**I. Crazy Horse.**

**II. Dull Knife.**

**III. Black Shield.**

**IV. Big Nose.**

**V. White Bull.**

**D) Early Morning – Indian Ambush is set up:**

**I. Decoys sent to vicinity of the woods, called Piney Island.**

**II. 2,000 Warriors go into hiding in Peno Creek Valley.**

**2. 10:20 – Morning – Wood Cutting Party of 55 Men heads for Piney Island.**

- 3. 11:00 – Morning – Signal to Fort:**
  - A) Wood Cutting Party is under attack.**
  
- 4. Carrington orders Captain James Powell to go to their Relief:**
  - A) Fetterman rides up:**
    - I. Pleads for command.**
    - II. Says he outranks Powell.**
    - III. Points out his Seniority.**
  - B) Carrington finally consents.**
  
- 5. Lt. George Grummond asks to go along and lead the Cavalry:**
  - A) Carrington consents.**
  
- 6. Without asking...Captain Fred Brown joins the group:**
  - A) Is “nuts” to “kill Indians.”**
  - B) Feels they should be hunted like animals.**
  - C) Tells a friend: “I want to get a scalp!”**
  
- 7. James Wheatley & Isaac Fisher join the group:**
  - A) Civilians.**
  - B) Want to try out their new 16 shot – Henry – Breech Loading – Repeating Rifles!!!**

- **C) Wheatley...19 yr. old Wife & 2 young sons in the Fort.**

**D) Try out...16 shot Henry Repeaters...On "Redskins."**

**8. Irony.....The entire force numbers 81 men total!!**

**A) Fetterman has his 80 men & a chance to "ride thru the whole Sioux Nation!!!!!!!"**

**9. Carrington tells Fetterman:**

**A) "Support the Wood Train. Relieve it and report to me. Do not engage or pursue Indians at it's expense. Under no circumstances pursue over the Ridge, that's Lodge Trail Ridge."**

**B) Carrington repeats the order to Grummond & Lt. A.H. Wands.**

**10. 11:15 – Morning – Fetterman's Force leaves the Fort:**

**A) All are mounted.**

**B) From the top of the stockade wall:**

**I. Carrington yells a repeat of his orders to Fetterman.**

**11. Fetterman's force turns NORTH towards Lodge Trail Ridge:**

**A) NOT South, towards the Wood Cutting Party.**

**12. 11:40 – Morning – Sentries report:**

**A) Wood Cutting Party is no longer in danger.**

**13. 11:45 – Morning – Fetterman's Force disappears over Lodge Trail Ridge into Peno Creek Valley:**

**A) Has followed the Indian decoys!**

**B) Has disobeyed Carrington's orders!**

**C) Is now totally out of sight of the Fort.**

**14. Fetterman's Force.....:**

**A) Enter the Valley.**

**B) Strung out.**

**C) Grummond's Cavalry is out front:**

**I. On the flanks of the Mounted Infantry.**

**D) Hit from all sides!!!!**

**E) Wheatley & Fisher, with 4 or 5 men:**

**I. Take up a position at the North end of Spur Ridge.**

**II. Open a deadly fire on the Indians.**

**III. Take a toll before all in the group are killed!**

**15. 12:00 – Noon – Fort – Tremendous firing is heard from Peno Creek Valley:**

**A) Carrington orders Captain Ten Eyck, 65 Men, and 2 Wagons to Fetterman's aid:**

**I. Force heads out on foot.**

**B) Few minutes later.....:**

**I. Carrington sends another 40 Men to aid Eyck.**

**16. Back to Fetterman.....:**

**A) Jumbled mass of men!**

**B) Brown starts retreating back up the slope:**

**I. To the large collection of boulders where Fetterman is fighting.**

**C) Grummond & 27 Men make a stand:**

**I. Are ½ mile north of Fetterman.**

**II. Are half-way between Fetterman & the Wheatley|Fisher position.**

**III. Grummond's group is wiped out!!**

**D) On the hillside... 100 yards above the Infantry:**

**I. Are the Cavalry.**

**E) Fetterman's group...Sandstone boulders:**

**I. Start to run low on ammunition.**

**II. 15 minute stand.**

**III. Are overrun by the Indians, on foot!**

**IV. All are killed.**

**V. Fetterman & Brown...Pistols to left temples  
...Suicide rather than surrender!**

**F) Cavalry on hillside...Dismounted:**

**I. Climb up higher on ridge.**

**II. Fighting is hand-to-hand.**

**III. Knives – Tomahawks – Clubs with Nails in  
them – Fists.**

**IV. Last to die is...Bugler, Adolph Metzger.**

**G) It is 12:45 – Afternoon – All over:**

**I. Has lasted for 45 minutes!**

**II. All 81 are dead!!**

**III. Indians have fired 40,000 Arrows:**

**(1) Will recover all that are not broken or in  
targets!**

**H) Primary Indian Leader has been Crazy Horse!**

**I) No Indian bodies will be left on the field of  
battle!!!**

**I. Suffer 65 killed & 300 wounded.**

**II. 100 of those wounded...Die later...For a  
total of 165 killed & 200 wounded!**

**J) Wheatley & Fisher have done most damage:**

**I. Over 100 empty cartridges around them.**  
**II. 60 pools of Indian blood near them...Dead or wounded.**

**III. Fisher's body...105 Arrows in it!**

**K) Indians start immediately scalping & mutilating the bodies:**

**I. Stripped.**

**II. Shot full of Arrows.**

**III. Eyes torn out and laid on rocks.**

**IV. Noses and Ears cut off.**

**V. Chins hacked off.**

**VI. Teeth knocked out.**

**VII. Fingers cut off.**

**VIII. Brains knocked out.**

**IX. Gutted.**

**X. Hearts cut out.**

**XI. Genitals cut off.**

**XII. Hands and Feet cut off.**

**XIII. Arms and Legs cut off.**

**XIV. Heads cut off.**

**XV. Arms twisted out of Socket.**

**XVI. Arms and Legs slashed open.**

**XVII. Ribs slashed open.**

**XVIII. Lances in Eyes, Mouths, or Ears.**



**17. Back to 12:45 – Afternoon – Eyck’s Relief Force:**

- A) Reach the top of Lodge Trail Ridge.**
- B) Look into Peno Creek Valley.**
- C) Firing in the Valley stops!!!**
- D) 2,000 Indians taunt him to come into the Valley and fight!**
- E) Sends a Messenger to Carrington:**
  - I. Asks for a Howitzer.**
  - II. BUT, Carrington can’t send it...Can’t afford the horses to pull it!**

**18. Carrington only has 119 Men left to defend the Fort:**

- A) Releases the prisoners from the Guardhouse to help!**
- B) Organizes the Quartermaster’s Employees & Civilians to help!**
- C) Recalls the Wood Cutting Party.**

**19. Meanwhile...Back to Eyck...Just over the Ridge:**

- A) Indians fear he has a Cannon in one of the Wagons.**
- B) Indians retreat.**
- C) Eyck ventures into the Valley.**

**20. Eyck finds 49 bodies around a Rock Formation in a 40 foot diameter circle:**

**A) 2 of the bodies are those of Fetterman & Brown:**

**I. Powder burns to left temples indicating suicide.**

**II. Both...Stripped – Scalped – Badly Mutilated – Shot full of Arrows!**

**21. Blizzard is on the way...Has to return to Fort:**

**A) 49 bodies...Loaded in the Wagons.**

**B) Return to Fort with news!**

**22. Night...Terrible Blizzard:**

**A) 30 degrees below zero.**

**B) The Blizzard is the only thing that prevents the Indians from overrunning the Fort that night!**

## **Rest of December 1866**

- 1. By December 21, 1866 – Along the Bozeman Trail:**
  - A) 96 Military Personnel...Killed.**
  - B) 58 Civilians...Killed.**
  - C) 20 People...Wounded.**
  - D) 771 Cattle, Horses, and Mules...Stolen.**
  
- 2. December 21, 1866 – Fort Kearny - Blizzard.**
  
- 3. Supplies & reinforcements are 236 miles away!!**
  - A) At Fort Laramie.**
  - B) No Telegraph.**
  - C) Message will have to be delivered in person!**
  
- 4. Carrington asks for volunteers to carry the plea for help:**
  - A) 1 Volunteer...Civilian...John “Portugee” Phillips:**
    - I. Trapper – Scout – Indian Fighter.**
  
- 5. Carrington gives him his Kentucky Thoroughbred to make the ride!**
  
- 6. Phillips – Night of December 21<sup>st</sup> :**

**A) Takes Crackers – Hardtack – and ¼ of a sack of Grain for the Horse.**

**B) Wears a Buffalo Robe Coat & a Buffalo Cap.**

**C) Leads the horse out.**

**D) Walks for hours.**

**E) Not discovered by Indians.**

**F) Mounts...Rides...All night!**

**G) His chances of making it...Nil!!!**

**I. Snow – Blizzard – No Landmarks.**

**H) Will travel day and night.**

**7. Do others join Phillips on the famous “Ride”???**

**A) At Fort Reno or Bridger’s Ferry?**

**B) A Sgt.? – A Civilian, “Gregory”? – Civilian, William Bailey? – Civilian, George Dillon?**

**C) Later – Telegraph Operator at Horseshoe Station says:**

**I. “Phillips arrived on December 25<sup>th</sup> with William Bailey & George Dillon.”**

**8. December 25<sup>th</sup> – Phillips rides the last 40 miles:**

**A) From Horseshoe Station to Fort Laramie.**

**B) Night – Reaches Fort.**

**C) Hands, Knees, and Feet are frozen!**

**D) Beard is full of ice.**

**E) Looks like a ghost!**

**F) Christmas party going on.**

**G) Horse keels over dead...Heart gives out!**

**(Monument to Horse)**

**H) Stagger into party.**

**I) Scares people.**

**J) Tells story...Collapses!!**

**I. Will take him weeks to recover.**

**K) Greatest ride in American history!!!**

**I. 236 miles.**

**II. 4 days.**

**III. Blizzard conditions.**

**9. December 26, 1866 – Fort Kearny – Carrington:**

**A) Buries the Fetterman bodies:**

**I. Mass grave:**

**(1) 50 feet long.**

**(2) 7 feet wide.**

**(3) 7 feet deep.**

## **January 1867 thru April 1867**

**1. January 17, 1867 – Lt. Colonel Henry Wessels,  
from Fort Laramie:**

**A) Arrives at Fort Kearny.**

**B) Relieves Carrington of command:**

**I. Why?...Fetterman Massacre!**

**(1) Later...Cleared...Found totally  
blameless!**

**2. Ten Eyck is accused of cowardice in going to  
Fetterman's rescue:**

**A) Out of disgust...Resigns from the Army!**

**B) Suffers physically the rest of his life:**

**I. Chronic Diarrhea.**

**II. Hemorrhoids.**

**III. Rheumatism.**

**3. Rest of the Winter:**

**A) No actions fought.**

**B) More battles around Fort Kearny than any  
other Army Post in history!**

**4. April 1867 – John Bozeman:**

**A) killed by Blackfoot Warriors.**

**5. Attacks resume along the Bozeman Trail:**

**A) Only heavily guarded Wagon Trains can get through.**

**6. Forts along The Trail must have a supply of Hay & Wood to last them through the Winter:**

**A) Have to be stockpiled during the Summer.**

**B) Because of the Indians...Both...Dangerous jobs!**

## **June & July 1867**

### **1. Fort C.F. Smith:**

**A) Best Hayfields...2 ½ miles Northeast of the Fort.**

**B) Civilian Companies contract with the Army to cut Hay for them.**

### **2. June 1867 – Fort C.F. Smith – Camp is set up at the Hayfields:**

**A) Corral is built for the Mules.**

**B) Another corral is built for Defensive purposes.**

**C) Workers stay overnight.**

**D) Constantly watched by the Indians.**

**E) Beat off many small attacks.**

### **3. June 1867 – Fort Kearny – Civilian Wood Cutting contractors arrive:**

**A) Bring 700 new Breech Loading Rifles and 100,000 rounds of ammunition.**

### **4. July 1867 – Fort Kearny – Wood Cutting contractor builds a camp 6 miles West of the Fort:**

**A) In charge of their defense:**



**I. Captain James Powell.**

**B) He builds the camp in a clearing:**

**I. 1,000 yards across.**

**II. Clear field of fire in all directions.**

**III. 14 Wagon Beds...4 feet high...1 inch thick boards.**

**IV. Forms them into 2 half-moons.**

**V. Plug each end with boxes of supplies.**

**VI. Are well supplied.**

**VII. Have the new Breech Loading Rifles & Carbines with 7,000 rounds of ammunition.**

**5. July 23, 1867 – Fort C.F. Smith – The new Breech Loading Rifles & Carbines arrive:**

**A) Distributed to all...Including, the Hayfield Workers.**

**6. Indians hold a War Council:**

**A) Argue...Which Fort do they wipe out 1<sup>st</sup>?**

**I. Kearny or Smith???**

**B) Decide to split up...Wipe both out!**

**C) Red Cloud will lead the group to hit Fort Kearny.**

**7. July 31, 1867 – Fort C.F. Smith – Friendly, Crow  
Indians:**

**A) Warn the Hayfield Workers:**

**I. Are in danger.**

**II. Workers don't believe the Indians!**

# **August 1, 1867 – The Hayfield Fight**

## **1. Fort C.F. Smith.**

## **2. Hayfields.....:**

- A) 19 Soldiers & 6 Civilians...25 total.**
- B) Well-Armed and plenty of ammunition.**
- C) In Command...2<sup>nd</sup> Lt. Sigmund Sternberg.**

## **3. Morning...Working:**

- A) 9:30 – Shots!**
- B) Men run for the corrals.**
- C) Indians are in close pursuit.**

## **4. Sternberg orders the men to lay prone:**

- A) Fire over the logs.**

## **5. 500 Indians on horseback – Charge:**

- A) Siege!**

## **6. Sternberg is shot thru the head and killed:**

- A) Civilian, Al Colvin takes Command.**

## **7. Indians retreat:**

- A) Puzzled...Firepower???**

**8. Sniping & Fire Arrows:**

**A) Several hayfields are set on fire.**

**B) Every fire that reaches the corrals is put out.**

**9. 2<sup>nd</sup> charge:**

**A) 1 Soldier killed.**

**B) 1 Civilian is badly wounded in the stomach.**

**C) 1 Soldier is wounded in the shoulder.**

**10. Indians retreat:**

**A) More sniping.**

**11. 3<sup>rd</sup> charge...Repulsed:**

**A) Sniping.**

**12. 4<sup>th</sup> charge...Repulsed:**

**A) Sniping.**

**13. Volunteer makes it to the Fort:**

**A) Returns with help.**

**B) 5:00 – Afternoon - All over – After 7 ½ hours.**

**14. 1 Soldier & 1 Civilian killed...3 total:**

**A) 3 Soldiers wounded.**

## **August 2, 1867 – The Wagon Box Fight**

**1. Fort Kearny.**

**2. Morning - Wood Cutting Party:**

**A) 10 Men working.**

**B) 26 Men inside the Wagon Box fort.**

**3. 500 Indians attack the Wood Cutting group:**

**A) 4 Men killed immediately by Arrows.**

**B) 6 run for the Wagon Boxes...Make it.**

**C) 32 Men to defend the position.**

**D) 1,500 Warriors prepare to attack.**

**E) Powell assigns the poorer shots to load for the better marksmen!**

**4. 300 mounted Warriors charge:**

**A) Hit by volley after volley!**

**B) Shocked...Firepower...Retreat!!!**

**C) Have lost 18 killed & 17 wounded.**

**D) Inside the Boxes...3 Soldiers are dead and many wounded.**

**5. 1 hour later – 300 Warriors on foot open fire:**

**A) Are forced to retreat.**

**6. 3<sup>rd</sup> charge...On foot...Stopped:**

**A) After charges 2 and 3...Indians have lost another 40 killed & wounded.**

**7. The 4<sup>th</sup>, 5<sup>th</sup>, and 6<sup>th</sup> charges are on horseback:**

**A) All...Repulsed!**

**8. 3:00 – Afternoon – Help from the Fort arrives:**

**A) 5 ½ hour battle is over.**

**B) Indians have lost 60 killed & 120 wounded.**

**C) Defenders have lost 7 killed & 3 wounded.**

## **To the End of the War**

### **1. April 29, 1868 – Fort Laramie:**

**A) Peace Commissioners meet with Sioux Chiefs.**

**B) Government agrees to all of Red Cloud's demands:**

**I. Close the Bozeman Trail.**

**II. Abandon the Forts along the Trail.**

**III. Cede the Powder River Country and the Black Hills to the Indians.**

### **2. August 1868 – Fort Kearny is abandoned:**

**A) Indians burn it!!!**

### **3. November 6, 1868 – Red Cloud signs the Treaty:**

**A) War is over!**

**B) Every Indian killed in the War has cost the United States...\$1 thousand each!!!**