<u> 1900 – April</u>

1. April 30, 1900 – Casey Jones:

A) Railroad Train Engineer.

B) "Cannonball."

C) Dies at throttle saving passengers.

<u> 1900 – November</u>

1. Presidential Election – Republican, William McKinley – 2nd Term.

<u>1901</u>

1. 256,000 civilians on the Federal payroll.

1901 - 1913 ★ (12 years) ★ <u>The Moro Revolt</u>

- 1. Primarily in the Southern Philippines.
- 2. Will continue until World War I Never totally defeated Simply tapers off until it is fazed out.
- 3. The proving ground for U.S. anti-guerrilla tactics.
- 4. Moros:
 - (1) Malay stock like Filipinos.
 - (2) Mohammedanism.
 - (3) Piracy Slavery Polygamy.
 - (4) Suspicious Superstitious Prejudiced.
 - (5) 1900 600,000 in numbers.
- 5. 1900 The Bates Treaty Between U.S. and Sultan of Sulu:
 - (1) In reality is a bribe to <u>not</u> cause trouble.
 - (2) He only controls 1/3 of the Moros.
 - (3) On Mindanao the tribal Chieftans and Priests rule Don't obey him.
 - (4) American forces start occupying towns on Mindanao.
 - (5) Moros retreat into the mountains.
 - (6) Americans issue decree: No more piracy or slavery.
 - (7) Moros retaliate: Raids stealing cattle and people for slavery.
- 6. 1901 Moros murder several Americans.
- 7. U.S. forces attack the Sultan of Pandatahan near Lake Lanao: (1) Kill the Sultan and over 200 Moros.
- 8. 1,000's of Moros defy the occupation law:
 - (1) Refuse to pay poll taxes.
 - (2) Finally erupts into open rebellion.

- 9. Battle of Sohoton River Moros are entrenched on the 200 foot high cliffs on both sides of the river:
 - (1) 1,678 Marines under Major Tony Waller assault and drive them off.
- 10. Lt. John Pershing leads an expedition against the Sultan of Maciu on the South shore of Lake Lanao:
 - (1) Fort of mud walls 10 feet thick Surrounded by a moat.
 - (2) Night attack by Americans.
 - (3) 50 Moros killed.
 - (4) Dawn Attack continues Fort taken.
- 11. March 7, 1906 1st Battle of Mt. Bud Dajo 600 Moros hold a fortified crater on the mountain:
 - (1) Infantry, Marines, and Moro Police fight their way up the mountain.
 - (2) Bloody Hand-to-hand Morops fight to the death.
 - (3) All 600 Moros are killed.
 - (4) ¼ of the U.S. force is killed.
- 12. 1909 Moro weapon Juramentado:

(1) Religion.....frenzy! - Opium - Bound testicles:

- A) Bolo knife.
- B) Kill and cut up any christian man, woman, or child.
- C) If killed fighting.....go directly to the arms of Mohammed.
- D) .38 won't stop them .45 is developed!
- 13. The Samar Massacre:
 - (1) Catch an American camp unaware.
 - (2) Kill 49 Americans.
- 14. December 24 & 25, 1911 2nd Battle of Mt. Bud Dajo:
 - (1) 300 Moros occupy the crater:
 - A) Surrounded and trapped by American forces.
 - B) Surrender on the 25th.

15. June 11th thru 15th, 1913 - Battle of Mt. Gagsak: (1) Fortress on top of mountain.

- (2) American attack on the 11th is repulsed.
- (3) Surrounded by Americans.
- (4) Won't surrender.

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- (5) Night 15th Americans attack.
- (6) Moros caught in crossfire.
- (7) 2,000 Moro men, women, and children are killed.
- (8) Americans lose 6 killed and 7 wounded.

<u> 1901 - January</u>

1. January 21, 1901 – Carrie Amelia Moore Nation:

- A) 54 years old.
- B) Hates liquor, saloons, etc.!
- **C) Wichita, Kansas:**
 - I. Hatchet raids on bars, saloons, and taverns.
 - II. Kansas...Prohibition state:
 - (1) Her rationale...Thus, it is "OK" to destroy saloons because they are "illegal!"
- **D)** America's 1st Prohibition Movement!
- E) Pays court fines from:

I. Selling souvenir hatchets.

II. Lectures.

III. Stage appearances.

F) Dies – 1911.

<u> 1901 - March</u>

1. March 4, 1901 – Inauguration – Republican, William McKinley – 2nd Term.

September 6, 1901

★ The Assassination of Pres. William McKinley ★

- 1. September 6, 1901 Pres. McKinley is attending the Pan/American Exposition in Buffalo, New York:
 - A) Just finished hearing a music recital in the Temple of Music.
 - B) 4:00 Afternoon Public reception line to shake hand.
 - C) In line Hand wrapped in a handkerchief "Hurt" <u>Leon Czolgosz:</u>

I. 28 years old - Anarchist - "Propaganda by deed."

- D) 4:07 Afternoon McKinley smiles at Czolgosz puts hand forward:
 - I. Czolgosz lunges forward Slaps McKinley's hand out of the way.
 - II. Shoves "handkerchiefed" hand against McKinley's body - .32 caliber Iver/Johnson revolver - Fires twice:

****President falls.**

- **1st bullet Hits breastbone Not fatal.
- **2nd bullet Enters abdomen Goes through the pancreas - Goes through one kidney - Stops in the muscles of the back just below the skin.

E) Czolgosz - Arrested - Taken away.

2. McKinley - Pan/American Hospital - Treated: A) Diagnosis - Will recover!

3. GETS WORSE!

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4. Blood poison sets in:

A) Saturday morning - 2:15 - September 14, 1901 - Dies!

- 5. Same day 3:00 Afternoon Buffalo, New York Vice President, Theodore Roosevelt is given the oath of office as President of the United States.
- 6. Czolgosz Tried "Guilty":

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- A) Entire trial lasts 8 hours 26 minutes! Chains He Did IT: "For the Poor"
- B) Jury out for only 34 minutes.....DEATH!
- C) October 29, 1901 Auburn, New York Prison 7:12 -Morning - Electric Chair:
 - I. Takes 3 charges to kill him!

<u>1902</u>

- **1. Dr. Charles Stiles:**
 - A) Discovers Hookworm Disease.
- 2. Articles "McClure's" magazine:
 - A) One Written by Lincoln Steffans:
 - I. "The Shame of the Cities":
 - (1) Investigation into the Political Graft in St. Louis.
 - **B) One Written by Ida Tarbell:**
 - I. "History of the Standard Oil Company":
 - (1) Discloses crimes of the political and economic elite.
 - C) President Theodore Roosevelt calls these articles "Muckraking" journalism:
 - I. Exposing.
- 3. Gifford Pinchot Pres. Theodore Roosevelt's Chief Forrester:
 - A) Convinces the Pres. that the U.S. should use resources more efficiently.
- **4. The Newlands Reclamation Act:**
 - A) Gives the Agricultural Department authority to build reservoirs and irrigation systems in the West:
 - I. From 1902 to 1906 3 million desert acres in the west are turned into Farms.

[★]1902 - 1903 [★] <u>The Venezuelan Crisis</u>

1. Caused by Venezuela's indebtedness to European creditors.

- 2. President Cipriano Castro refuses to pay the debt: A) England, Germany, and Italy send warships:
 - I. Shell a coastal fort.
 - **II. Sink a Venezuelan gunboat.**
 - **III. Blockade the coast.**
- 3. President Teddy Roosevelt reminds the 3 nations of the Monroe Doctrine:
 - A) He sends 50 ships under Admiral George Dewey to the eastern Caribbean:
 - I. U.S. says it will use force unless the countries agree to international arbitration.
 - II. Agreed!
- 4. The U.S. makes it clear it will no longer tolerate European military intervention in Latin America!!

<u> 1902 – March</u>

March 6, 1902 – Congress: A) Creates – The Bureau of Census.

<u> 1902 – May</u>

1. The Anthracite Coal Strike:

- A) Anthracite Coal:
 - I. Soft Coal:
 - (1) For Railroads & Heating Homes.
- **B)** Eastern Pennsylvania.
- C) 150,000 members of the United Mine Workers strike:
 - I. Are making less than \$6 per week.
- **D)** Owners refuse to deal with the Union!
- E) October President Theodore Roosevelt acts: I. Invites both sides to Washington, D.C.
- F) Union accepts.....Owners refuse!!!!!
- G) Roosevelt threatens to use the Army and take over the mines!
- H) Owners give in!!
- I) 1st time...Strike...Settled by Federal Arbitration.
- J) 1st Union Strike where workers are NOT denounced as revolutionaries.

<u>1903</u>

1. The Ford Motor Company is formed.

- 2. John D. Rockefeller Donates \$7 million:A) To fight Tuberculosis.
- Edison Studios "The Great Train Robbery":
 A) 1st complete motion picture in history.
- 4. International & Domestic beliefs of President Theodore Roosevelt:
 - A) Says: "Global trade and communication separate civilized nations from savage and barbaric nations."
 - B) Feels it is okay to interfere in the Governments of Asia, Africa, or Latin America if:
 - I. They block the progress of civilization.
 - C) Feels it is the moral duty of the U.S. to:
 - I. Overthrow Governments.
 - II. Seize territory.
 - III. Act in the best interest of the peoples of the world.
 - D) Feels it is the duty of the Federal Government to:

I. Intervene in the Economy to protect citizens.

<u> 1903 - January</u>

January 1, 1903 – Pacific Cable is opened: A) Connects San Francisco & Hawaii.

1903 - February

February 23, 1903 – Cuba leases Guantanamo Bay to the United States: A) As a Naval Station.

<u> 1903 - May</u>

- May 23, 1903 Wisconsin:
 A) 1st State.
 - **B) Direct Primary for Party Elections.**
- 2. May 23, 1903 to August 1, 1903 1st Transcontinental Automobile Trip:
 - A) 71 days.
 - B) San Francisco, California to New York City, New York.

June 1903

The Dewey-Berry Feud

1. Charles Dewey:

- A) Known as "C.P."
- **B) 1880's arrives in Kansas.**
- C) Rawlins County Establishes the Dewey Cattle Company.
- D) He and his son, Chauncey, control 14,000 head of cattle.
- E) Are accused of:
 - I. Illegally picking up land mortgages totaling 80,000 acres!
 - II. Illegally fencing land that doesn't belong to them!
 - III. Illegally fencing in water holes that do not belong to them!
 - **IV. Illegally foreclosing on Government land.**
- **2. Are opposed by the Daniel Berry Family:**
 - A) Are located in Cheyenne County 5 miles from the Dewey Ranch!
- **3. 1902 Trouble starts:**
 - A) The Dewey's try to plant barley on disputed ground:
 - I. Stopped by armed Berry men!
 - II. Burch Berry chases Chauncey Dewey and Will McBride off the disputed land!

- III. Roy Berry attacks 4 Dewey cowboys: a. He will be arrested for disturbing the peace.
- 4. Most of the settlers side with the Berry's!
- 5. Dewey wells are filled and poisoned!
- 6. Dewey fences are cut!
- 7. Threats are issued!
- 8. 70 armed men ride to the Dewey Ranch: A) Tell Chauncey to "go east!"
- 9. 20 of Dewey's purebred Hereford bulls are shot:
 - A) 11 of them die!
- June 2, 1903 The Berry's hold an auction:
 A) Al Winship buys a water tank for Chauncey
 Dewey.
- 11. June 3, 1903 Chauncey Dewey and 10 men go to the ranch of Alpheus Berry to get the tank:
 - A) Roy Berry Beach Berry and Burch Berry ride up!

- B) Tell Chauncey and his men they are not going to take the tank!
- C) Roy Berry pulls his pistol Fires at Chauncey Dewey – Hits Chauncey's horse killing it!
- D) Gunfight:
 - I. Clyde Wilson shoots and kills Alpheus and Daniel Berry!
 - II. Will McBride shoots and kills Burch Berry.
 - III. Chauncey Dewey shoots and wounds Roy and Beach Berry:
 - a. Blows away part of Roy Berry's jaw and ear.
- E) The Dewey man then retreat!
- 12. Chauncey Dewey, Clyde Wilson, and Will McBride are arrested:
 - A) Tried at St. Francis, Kansas:
 - I. March 19, 1904 Not guilty!
- 13. Feud ends!

November * 1903 *

[₩] 1903 [₩] The Panama Intervention

- 1. 1903 The U.S. considers a canal thru Panama to be a strategic necessity:
 - A) President Teddy Roosevelt is furious with the Bogota, Colombia government for reneging on their commitment to allow the canal to be built:
 - I. A revolution in Panama is brewing President Roosevelt and his Secretary of State, John Hay know about it and secretly hope it succeeds! ***They encourage the plotters!
- 2. November 2, 1903 The gunboat "Nashville" receives secret orders from the Navy Department:
 - A) Are to prevent the landing of any armed force!
 - B) When Commander, John Hubbard gets the message the revolution hasn't broken out yet!!
 - I. Won't break out until the next day!
- 3. November 3, 1903 Rebels take over Panama City:
 - A) Revolution is guaranteed success on November 5th:
 - I. At Colon The U.S.S. "Dixie" lands 400 Marines under Major John Lejeune:

***The Colombians sail back to Cartegena.

- B) Over the next week 8 more American warships arrive!
- 4. November 6, 1903 <u>The U.S. officially recognizes the</u> Republic of Panama:

<u>A) New government signs a treaty giving the U.S.</u> permission to build a canal:

I. Gives the U.S. the "Canal Zone:

***A 10 mile wide strip on either side of the waterway

becomes U.S. territory!!

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<u> 1903 - December</u>

- 1. Thursday December 17, 1903 Wilbur & Orville Wright:
 - A) Kitty Hawk, North Carolina.
 - **B) 1st successful Airplane Flight.**
 - **C) Wilbur:**
 - I. 59 seconds.
 - II. Over $\frac{1}{2}$ mile.
 - **D) Orville:**
 - I. 12 seconds.
 - II. Over 500 feet in the air.
 - III. Another 120 feet on the ground.
- 2. December 30, 1903 The Iroquois Theatre Fire:
 - A) Chicago, Illinois.
 - **B) Holiday Matinee.**
 - C) Fire.
 - D) Panic.
 - E) 588 killed Most are women & children.
 - F) Most are...Trampled!
 - G) Leads...Federal Laws...Number of entrances & exits...Public buildings.

<u>1904</u>

- **1. The National Tuberculosis Association is founded.**
- 2. President Theodore Roosevelt sends an American Fleet to Morocco:
 - A) Wealthy American Kidnapped by Bandit Chief, Raisuli:
 - I. Will be released.
- **3. 2 million members of the A.F. of L.**
- 4. Journalists uncover political corruption in state after state.
- 5. Middle & Upper Class Americans create new organizations:
 - A) Examples:
 - I. N.A.A.C.P.
 - II. The Salvation Army.
 - III. The Sierra Club.
 - **B) Demand:**
 - I. Civil Service reforms.
 - **II. Regulation of Monopolies.**
 - **III. End of rule by Party Machines.**
- 6. Attorney General, Philander Knox:
 - A) Takes on The Northern Securities Holding Company:

- I. Owned by financial magnate, J.P. Morgan: (1) "The Napoleon of Wall Street." B) Knox wins!!!
- 7. The Panama Canal is started.

<u> 1904 – November</u>

- November 8, 1904 Presidential Election:
 A) 26th President.
 - B) Republican, Theodore "Teddy" Roosevelt.

<u>1905</u>

- 1. Congress Creates The Bureau of Forestry: A) Within the Department of Agriculture.
- 2. The I.W.W. is formed:
 - A) Industrial Workers of the World.
 - **B)** Called "Wobblies."
 - C) Led by William "Big Bill" Heywood.
 - D) Unskilled workers into 1 big Union.
 - E) Don't like voting.
 - F) Don't like negotiations.
 - G) Advocate sabotage.
 - H) Advocate strikes.
 - I) Clash constantly with the Police.
- 3. The start of "Exposes" by Jouernalists:
 - A) Called "Muckrakers."
 - B) Like.....:
 - I. Samuel Hopkins Adams:
 - (1) Narcotics in popular medicines.
 - **II. Ray Stannard Baker:**
 - (1) Railroads & Segregation.
 - **III. Upton Sinclair:**
 - (1) Meat Packing Industry.
 - (2) "The Jungle."

<u> 1905 - February</u>

February 23, 1905 – Paul Harris: A) Starts 1st Rotary Club.

<u> 1905 - March</u>

- March 4, 1905 Presidential Inauguration 46 year old, Republican, Theodore "Teddy" Roosevelt – 26th President:
 - A) Born 10/27/1858 New York City, New York.
 - **B) 1880 Harvard.**
 - C) 10/27/1880 Age 22 Marries 19 year old, Alice Lee:

I. Few years later...Dies.

- D) 12/2/1886 Age 28 2nd Marriage 25 year old, Edith Carow.
- E) 1897 Asst. Secretary of the Navy.
- F) Spanish/American War "The Rough Riders."
- G) 1899 Governor New York.
- H) 1900 McKinley's Vice President.
- I) 5 feet 10 inches tall:
 - I. Glasses.
 - II. Bushy eyebrows.
 - **III. Prominent teeth.**
 - IV. Drooping mustache.
 - V. High-pitched voice.
- J) Rated...Good.
- K) Loves to eat breakfast...12 eggs every morning!
- L) Likes sports...Especially:

I. Jujitsu.

II. Boxing.

M) 1st President:

I. Nobel Peace Prize.

II. Ride in a Submarine.

III. Ride in an Automobile.

IV. Fly in an Airplane.

V. Visit a Foreign Country...Panama.

N) Hunting trip...Mercy...Bear Cub:

- I. Toy Company...Stuffed Play Animal:
 - (1) "Teddy Bear":

a. He HATED it!!!

- **O) HATED the name "Teddy."**
- P) 1/6/1919 Age 60 Dies Estate of \$811 thousand.

<u> 1905 – July</u>

1. The Niagara Movement:

- A) Erie Beach Hotel.
- **B)** Canadian side of Niagara Falls.
- C) W.E.B. DuBois & 28 Black Leaders.
- **D)** Purpose:
 - I. Oppose racial violence.
 - **II. Oppose segregation.**
 - III. Oppose the prevention of Blacks from voting.

<u>1906</u>

- 1. President Theodore Roosevelt: A) Nobel Peace Prize.
- 2. "Muckraking" Journalist, Upton Sinclair:
 - A) Novel "The Jungle."
 - B) Exposes foul conditions in Chicago Meat Packing Industry.
 - C) Will lead to the passage of the Pure Food & Drug Act!
- **3. Lee DeForest:**
 - A) Invents the Vacume Tube Amplifier.
 - B) Makes the Radio possible.
- 4. Justice Department sues The Standard Oil Company:

A) For conspiracy to restrain trade.

- 5. The Pure Food & Drug Act:
 - A) Crime to:
 - I. Ship or sell contaminated or fraudulently labled food or drugs.
- 6. The Hepburn Act:

- A) Supported by President Theodore Roosevelt.
- B) Allows the Interstate Commerce Commission: I. To set freight rates.
- C) Bans "Special Deals" between carriers and favored clients.

Wednesday – April 18, 1906 The San Francisco Earthquake

- 1. 5:13 Morning Hits:
 - A) Lasts for 40 seconds.
 - **B)** Pause...2nd one hits...Lasts for 25 seconds.
 - C) Epicenter is 90 miles north of the city.
- 2. Shakes down 497 city blocks.
- **3. Gas mains rupture:**
 - A) Fires break out everywhere.
 - **B)** Fire Department runs out of water.
 - C) Winds fan the fires.
 - D) Will burn for 4 days!
 - E) 4.7 square miles of the city are burnt to the ground!
- 4. Martial Law is declared.
- 5. 700 are killed.
- 6. 30,000 buildings are destroyed.
- 7. \$400 million in damage!

June 25, 1906

The Madison Square Garden Murder

- **1. Stanford White:**
 - A) 54 years old.
 - **B)** National figure.
 - C) America's most distinguished Architect.
 - D) Creates...Madison Square Garden.
 - E) Loves to party.
 - F) Married...BUT, likes beautiful women.
- **2. Harry Kendall Thaw:**
 - A) 34 years old.
 - **B) Son of a Pittsburgh Steel millionaire.**
 - **C) At Harvard...Plays more Poker than Classes!**
 - **D)** Life is one notorious escapade after another:
 - I. Tries to ride a horse into one of the fanciest night clubs in New York City.
 - II. Drives a car thru a display window.
 - III. Loses \$40 thousand in a single Poker game.
 - **IV. In Paris...Throws a party:**
 - (1) Costs \$50 thousand!
 - (2) The guests??

a. Highest paid Whores in Paris!!! E) Father dies:

- I. Leaves him a \$200 per month allowance!!
 - (1) Why?...Must prove himself responsible before he can collect his \$55 million inheritance!!
- F) BUT...His Mother ups his allowance:
 - I. \$80 thousand per year!!!
- G) Becomes a big user of cocaine.
- **H) 1902 Affair with Ethel Thomas:**
 - I. Sets her up in an Apartment.
 - II. Buys her jewels & flowers.
 - III. Whips her!
 - **IV. Rapes her!**
- I) Wife is the former...Evelyn Nesbit.
- **3. Evelyn Nesbit:**
 - A) Beautiful.
 - **B)** Photographers Model.
 - C) Chorus Girl.
 - **D)** At age 16:
 - I. Summer 1901 Meets Stanford White in New York.
 - II. He invites her to a party at his lavish apartment.

III. SHE is the only guest!

IV. He gives her a drugged drink.

V. She passes out.

VI. He rapes her!

- **4. Nesbit & Thaw Trips to Europe:**
 - A) Live together as man & wife.
 - **B)** Sexual frenzy....Tears her clothes off.
 - **C) Sexual frenzy...Rapes her.**
 - **D) Sexual frenzy...Beats her:**
 - I. One time it takes her 7 days to recover.
- 5. Nesbit & Thaw In New York:
 - A) Big scandal.
 - **B)** Evicted from their hotel for sexual activities.
- 6. April 4, 1905 Nesbit & Thaw are married:

A) White convinces Thaw to marry her:

- I. Why??
 - (1) Her family is fixing to file a charge against Thaw of corruption of a minor.
- 7. Thaw finds out about White's rape of Nesbit:
 A) Decides to kill the man who has shamed his wife!

8. June 25, 1906 – Night – Madison Square Garden:

- A) New musical opens "Mamzelle Champagne."
- **B) White attends...Why??**
 - I. Stage Manager has promised to furnish him with a young chorus girl.
- **C)** The Thaws attend with other guests.
- D) Show is boring.
- E) The Thaws and their guests get up to leave.
- F) In the lobby...Discover Harry has gone back.
- **G) Inside:**
 - I. Thaw walks up to White.
 - II. Pistol.
 - III. Shoots him in the head once and the left shoulder twice!
 - (1) White is dead!
- H) Harry, calmly, walks back and rejoins his wife!
- I) In the lobby...He is disarmed.
- **J)** Policeman arrives:
 - I. Harry is arrested.
- 9. January 21, 1907 Trial starts:
 - A) Newspapers publish a slander campaign against White:
 - I. Carried out by...Press Agent, Ben Atwell:

(1) Hired by Thaw's mother!

- B) Harry's Mother: " I'm prepared to pay a million dollars to save his life!"
- **C)** April 11. 1907 Trial ends:
 - I. Hung jury!!!
 - (1) Later learned...7-5 for 1st Degree Murder.
- 10. Committed to the New York State Asylum for the Criminally Insane:
 - A) Lawyers try to get him out:
 - I. Unsuccessful!
- 11. August 17, 1913 Morning Harry escapes:A) To a waiting Limousine!
- 12. Takes refuge in Canada.
- **13. September 1913 Extradited back to the U.S.**
- **14. July 16, 1915 New Trial:**
 - A) Found...Sane & Innocent of all charges:
 - I. Perfect example of a victory of money over justice!

15. 18 months later:

A) Charged with kidnapping and brutally whipping a 19 year old young man in Kansas City:

I. Declared insane!

II. Week later...Decision is reversed!

16. February 1947 – Age 76 – Dies – Heart Attack.

September 1906 – 1909

The Cuban Intervention of 1906

- 1. 1905 Tomas Palma Re-elected President: A) Election is fixed!
- **2. Opposition, Liberal Party, boycotts the election.**
- 3. 1906 Liberals revolt:
 - A) Have a force of 24,000 men.
 - **B)** Palma begs Theodore Roosevelt for help.
 - C) Roosevelt orders U.S. Naval Vessels to Cuban waters.
- 4. September 28, 1906 Palma resigns:
 A) Cuba now has no Government.
- 5. U.S. is forced to intervene.
- 6. September 29, 1906 2,000 Marines land:
 - A) Under the Command of Colonel Tony Waller.
 - B) Set up camp just outside Havana.

- 7. For the next 29 months:
 - A) 5,000 man Army of Cuban Pacification under the direction of Civilian Governor General, Charlie Magoon:
 - I. Administers the Island.
- 8. 1908 Presidential Election: A) Winner...Jose Gomez.
- 9. January 1909 U.S. Troops leave: A) Turn Island back over.

December 1, 1906 <u>Ed Putman</u>

1. Del Rio, Texas:

A) Putman murders 2 men over a sheep deal.

- 2. December 1, 1906 Takes refuge in the Sharp family home:
 - A) Surrounded by 3 Texas Rangers.
 - **B) Order him out.**
 - **C) Refuses.**
 - **D) Releases the family:**
 - I. They leave.
 - E) Gunfight.
 - F) Over 300 bullets fired into the house.
 - G) He is finally shot in the head and killed.

<u>1907</u>

- **1. Albert Michelson:**
 - A) 1st American.
 - **B) Nobel Prize for Physics.**
 - C) Study of Light.
- **2. Professional Educators:**
 - A) Take control of schools.
 - **B) Administrators & Superintendents start** running the schools.
- 3. Indiana Passes Law:
 - **A) Forced sterilization of:**
 - I. Criminals.
 - II. Rapists.
 - III. Idiots.
 - **IV. Imbeciles.**
 - B) 7 other states follow suit and do so.

<u> 1907 - March</u>

March 21, 1907 – The Honduran Intervention:
 A) "Protect American lives and property."
 B) U.S.M.C.

<u> 1907 - May</u>

- **1. 1st Taxis to America:**
 - **A) Imported from France.**
 - B) To New York City.

June 1907

The Lamana Kidnapping

- 1. June 1907 New Orleans, Louisiana:
 - A) 7 year old Walter Lamana Walks off with a strange man:
 - I. Ransom note arrives \$6 thousand.
 - II. Evidence points to The Black Hand.
- **2. Frank Gendusa is arrested:**
 - A) Admits to being part of it!
 - I. Says he doesn't know where the boy is!
- **3. Other Black Hand members are arrested:**
 - A) Ignazio Campisciano is threatened with death:
 - I. He leads them to a swamp!
 - II. The body of the boy is found wrapped in a blanket:
 - (1) Has been killed with a hatchet!!
- 3. Four members of The Black Hand 3 men and
 - 1 woman Are tried:
 - A) All deny killing the boy!
 - I. 1 man is freed.
 - II. 1 man is sentenced to life in prison.
 - III. The woman is sentenced to life in prison.
 - IV. Leonardo Gebbia is hanged.
 - **B) Actual murderer is never found!**

<u> 1907 - November</u>

1. November 16, 1907 – Oklahoma – 46th State.

1907 - December

- December 6, 1907 Monongah, West Virginia:
 A) Coal Mine Explosion.
 - B) 361 Miners killed.

<u>1908</u>

- 1. The F.B.I. Federal Bureau of Investigation Is created:
 - A) A division of the Department of Justice.
- University of Missouri:
 A) Opens 1st Professional School of Journalism.
- 3. Henry Ford's 4 cylinder Model-T Car: A) Sells for: \$850.50!
- 4. 1st publication of: "Christian Science Monitor."
- 5. Loewe vs. Lawlor "The Danbury Hatter's Case":
 - A) Supreme Court Decision.
 - B) Illegal to advertise a Consumers Boycott:I. As per the Sherman Anti-Trust Act.

<u> 1908 - January</u>

1. January 21, 1908 – The Sullivan Ordinance is passed:

- A) New York City.
- **B) Illegal for Women to Smoke in a Public Place.**

<u> 1908 - May</u>

1. George Elliott – 10th Commandant – U.S.M.C.:

A) Born – 11/30/1846 – Eutaw, Alabama.

- **B) Spanish/American War.**
- **C)** The Philippine Revolt.
- **D)** The 1904 Panama Intervention.
- E) 11/30/1910 Age 64 Retires.
- F) 11/4/1931 Washington, D.C. Dies.

<u> 1908 - June</u>

1. June 30, 1908 – The Meat Inspection Act.

<u> 1908 - November</u>

1. Presidential Election:

- A) 27th President.
- **B)** Republican, William Howard Taft.

<u> 1908 - December</u>

1. Christmas Seals – Sold for 1st time.

- **2. December 31, 1908 Wilbur Wright:**
 - A) France.
 - **B) Wins the Michelin Cup.**
 - **C)** Long Distance Airplane Race.
 - D) 77 Miles...2 hours & 20 minutes.

<u>1909</u>

1. Cure is found for...Syphilis.

2. Intervention in Nicaragua:

- A) "Protect American lives and property."
- B) U.S.M.C.
- **C) Stay until 1910.**
- 3. Berkeley, California: A) Start of Junior High School system.
- 4. N.A.A.C.P. is formed...National Association for the Advancement of Colored People:

A) By WHITES:

- I. Mary White Overton.
- II. Ida Wells-Barnett.
- III. Jane Addams.
- **IV. Lillian Wald-Wand.**
- **B) Will later join with The Niagara Movement:**
 - I. Black Organization.
 - II. Headed by W.E.B. DuBois.
- C) DuBois...Editor...Paper: "The Crisis."
- **5. Conservation becomes a National Issue:**
 - A) Theodore Roosevelt.

B) Helps create the Modern Enviornmental Movement.

<u> 1909 - March</u>

- March 4, 1909 President's salary:
 A) Raised to \$75 thousand per year.
- 2. March 4, 1909 Presidential Inauguration 51 year old, Republican, William Howard Taft – 27th President:
 - **A)** Born 9/15/1857 Cincinnati, Ohio.
 - **B) 1878 Yale.**
 - **C)** 1880 Lawyer.
 - D) 1886 Age 28 Marries 25 year old, Helen Herron.
 - E) 1904 T. Roosevelt's Secretary of War.
 - F) 6 feet 1 inch tall:
 - I. 354 pounds.
 - II. Largest President!
 - G) Doesn't smoke or drink.
 - H) Great Dancer.
 - I) Good Golfer.
 - J) Rated as "Fair."
 - K) Levies the 1st Tax on Corporations.
 - L) Increases Anti-Trust enforcement.
 - M) Lazy.
 - N) Unsure of himself.
 - **O)** Dozes off constantly.

- P) So fat:
 - I. Can't tie own shoes...Done by servant.
 - II. Gets stuck in White House bathtub!!
 - (1) New one...7 feet long...Weighs 1 ton!! a. 4 average sized men can get into it!
- Q) 1st President...Throw out first pitch to start Baseball Season.
- R) Only President...Supreme Court Chief Justice after Presidency.
- S) 1st President...Buried in Arlington.
- T) 3/8/1929 Age 72 Dies \$475 thousand estate.

<u> 1909 - April</u>

1. April 6, 1909 – Robert Peary & Black, Ed Henson:

- A) North Pole.
- **B)** Peary gets credit.
- **C) Evidence....Was Henson!**

<u> 1909 - August</u>

1. August 2, 1909 – Lincoln Head Penny: A) Issued.

B) Replaces...Indian Head Penny.

September 1909 <u>"Willie Boy"</u>

1. Swift Fox:

- A) Paiute Indian.
- B) Born...Pahrump, Nevada.
- C) Very clean.
- **D) Good hunter.**
- E) Excellent shot.
- F) Respectful to his elders.
- G) Can be moody.
- H) Can be sullen.
- I) Early homes:
 - I. 29 Palms, California.
 - II. Banning, California.
 - III. Coachella, California.
 - **IV. Victorville, California:**
 - (1) Excellent pitcher on the Victorville baseball team.
- J) Work:
 - I. Seasonal work.
 - II. Builds roads.
 - III. Builds fence.
 - IV. Cowboy.

K) By age 27 he is culturally "white":

- I. Always wears a black felt hat.
- II. Feels he is better than other Indians.
- III. Known to the white community as "Billy Boy."

2. Spring – 1909:

A) His marriage breaks up!

- **3. Enter.....Lolita Boniface:**
 - A) 16 years old.
 - **B) Chemeuevi Indian.**
 - C) Slender.
 - **D) Very attractive.**
 - E) Billy likes her:
 - I. Asks her father...Mike...to marry her!
 - (1) Answer...NO!
- 4. Billy takes her and attempts to run away:
 - A) Mike Boniface and his 2 sons catch them:
 - I. At rifle point, AND, threat of death!
 - II. Mike warns him to stay away from her!
- 5. July 1909:
 - A) Billy hears that Lolita and Mike are at Banning:
 - I. He goes there.
- 6. Saturday August 28, 1909:
 - A) Banning, California.
 - **B) Morongo Indian Reservation.**
 - **C) Indian Fiesta.**
 - D) Billy talks to her:
 - I. Mike gives him one last warning!

- 7. Sunday September 26, 1909:
 - A) Late afternoon Billy starts drinking.
 - **B) Just before sundown.**
 - C) He goes to Mike's camp.
 - D) Lolita is shelling nuts.
 - E) Mike is asleep under a euycalyptus tree.
 - F) Billy walks up to him with his .30-30 rifle:
 - I. Point blank to left eye.
 - II. BOOM!
 - III. Blows left eye and brains out the back of his head!
 - G) Takes her:
 - I. The two start out on foot!!
 - H) Head for 29 Palms:
 - I. His people are there.
 - I) Facing them:
 - I. The desert.
 - II. The heat.
 - III. No food.
 - IV. Very little water.
 - V. He has 15 shells for his rifle left.
 - VI. They have a 6 hour start on anybody chasing them.
- 8. Posse starts in pursuit.
- 9. Thursday September 30, 1909:
 - A) Have been running and hiding for 3 days.

- **B) Are exhausted.**
- C) She can't go on.
- D) She KNOWS what is going to happen.
- E) As per Indian custom he is not going to give her back alive!
- F) He walks behind her:
 - I. Rifle.
 - II. BOOM....Shoots her in the back!

III. Bullet comes out her left breast:

- (1) Totally pulverizes her heart!
- (2) She is dead when she hits the ground.
- IV. Places her body in the shade:
 - (1) Covers her face with a scarf he has bought for her.
- G) He goes on!
- **10. Massive manhunt.**
- 11. Massive newspaper coverage.
- **12. Sunday October 3, 1909:**
 - A) Billy reaches 29 Palms.
 - B) His people are gone.
 - C) His .22 rifle and shells have been thrown into the oasis ruining them!

13. At this point:

A) October 12, 1909 - President William

Howard Taft.

- B) Is due to visit Riverside, California:
 - I. To furniture company that has made the White House furniture.
- C) Taft's nickname in the newspapers is "Billy Boy"!!!!!!
 - I. SO.....As not to insult the President:
 - (1) Papers change "Billy Boy's" name to "Willie Boy"!!!
- **14. Monday October 4, 1909:**
 - A) Posse finds Willie's footprints.
 - **B)** Trot...Lope:
 - I. His strides are 5 feet apart.
 - II. After 18 miles...Horses give out!
 - III. No sight of him!
- **15. Thursday October 7, 1909:**
 - A) Ruby Mountain.
 - B) He makes a stand...Sets up an ambush.
 - **C) 5 man Posse approaches:**
 - I. Horses are about 15 feet apart.
 - D) At 300 yards...Opens fire!
 - E) Kills 4 of the horses.
 - F) Hits Charlie Reche in the waist:
 - I. Bullet hits his handcuffs.
 - II. Splinters into his hip and spine.
 - G) A lot of firing.

- H) A last shot from Willie.
- I) Silence.
- J) Posse retreats back to Banning.
- 16. Saturday October 9, 1909:
 - A) Reche is operated on.
 - B) 7 large hip and spine splinters are successfully removed:
 - I. Life is saved.
- **17. Friday October 15, 1909:**
 - A) 8 days after the Ruby Mountain fight.
 - **B)** Posse returns to the mountain.
 - C) At the top....Find Willie's badly bloated, decomposing body.
 - D) Last shot.....Suicide:
 - I. Barrel against heart.
 - II. Pulls trigger with big toe.
 - E) Body is stripped for souvenirs:
 - I. Burnt.
- **18. He has avoided capture for 11 days:**
 - A) Has covered over 500 miles:
 - I. On foot!
 - II. In the desert!
 - **III. With little food!**
 - **IV. With very little water!**
 - **B)** The last great manhunt American west.

<u>1910</u>

- 1. Population 91,972,266.
- 2. State of Washington grants Women's Suffrage.
- **3. Public Schools:**
 - A) Cafeterias start using dieticians.
 - **B)** Cafeterias start serving balanced meals.

4. The Elkins Act:

A) Gives the Interstate Commerce Commission authority over telephones, telegraph, and cable communication:

I. Allows the I.C.C. to act on it's own without a complaint.

- **5. Police Departments:**
 - A) Start using fingerprints.
 - **B) Start using psychology.**
 - **C)** Start using handwriting analysis.
- 6. Americans own 43% of all the property in Mexico!!!
- 7. Glenn Curtis....Flies from Albany, New York to New York City:
 - A) Takes 2 ½ hours.
 - B) Breaks the long-distance speed record.
 - C) Wins....\$10 thousand prize:

I. Offered by "The New York World" newspaper.

1910 <u>Queho</u>

1. Born in Nevada:

- A) Half white and half Cocopah Indian.
- **B)** Raised by the Paiute Indians.
- 2. 1910 At age 25 Kills 3 Paiute Indians.
- 3. Near Las Vegas, Nevada Kills a young German boy.
- 4. Nelson, Nevada Kills 2 whites.
- 5. Murders an entire Indian family of 7:A) Many are small children.

6. Murders:

- A) Prospectors.
- **B) Travelers.**
- **C) Sheepherders.**
- **D)** Miners.
- 7. Reward of \$3 thousand is offered for him:A) Dead or alive.
- 8. Murders 2 miners.
- 9. Murders Mrs. Edward Bacon.

10. Murders a family of 4.

- 11. January 21, 1930 Night:A) Murders Mrs. Maude Douglas.
- 12. Never caught.
- 13. February 20, 1940:
 - A) 5 miles from El Dorado, Nevada.
 - B) Cave.
 - C) Hidden canyon.
 - D) Corpse is found.
 - E) Has killed at least 25 people.

1910

Albert Fish

Child Molester - Kidnapper - Murderer - Cannibal

- 1. Born In an orphanage in Washington, D.C. 1870:
 - A) Minor public education.
 - B) Grown: 5 feet 5 inches tall Blue eyes Gray hair and mustache – Slender.
- 2. 1910 Wilmington, Delaware Murders a man.
- 3. Marries 6 children Works as a handyman and painter:
 - A) January 1917 Wife leaves him for her lover, John Straube:
 - I. Takes the children and leaves.
- **4. Starts acting strangely:**
 - A) Hears voices.
 - **B) Hallucinates.**
 - C) Believes himself to be Christ.
 - D) Will claim to do "God's work."
 - E) Loves everything evil.
 - F) Loves sacrifice.
 - G) Loves pain.
 - H) Has children whip his naked butt until it bleeds.
 - I) Whips himself with a board studded with 1

¹/₂ inch nails.

- J) Inserts 100's of needles into his body.
- K) Burns himself constantly with hot needles, pokers, and irons.
- L) Nights of full moon Eats large quantities of raw meat:
 - I. Will start serving it to children.
- 5. 1919 New York Molests, tortures to death, and mutilates a mentally retarded boy!
- 6. Starts picking more victims:
 - A) Most will be from poor black families.
 - **B) Kidnap Torture Sexually molest some.**
 - C) Eats at least 4!
 - **D)** Also eats excrement.
 - E) Drinks urine and blood.
- 7. 1919 Georgetown, Washington D.C. On a houseboat:
 - A) Molests, Murders, and Mutilates a small black boy.
- 8. February 11, 1927 Molests & Murders 4 year old, William Gaffney.
- 9. June 3, 1928 White Plains, New York Kidnaps 12 year old, Grace Budd:

- A) Strangles her to death.
- **B)** Cuts off her head.
- C) Cuts her body in half.
- D) Cuts up her body Makes a stew Eats it!
- 10. 1934 Long Island, New York:
 - A) Catches 5 year old, Francis McDonell, outside his home.
 - **B)** Kidnaps Strangles him to death.
- 11. Caught:
 - A) Confesses to murdering at least 15!
 - B) Admits to molesting and torturing at least 100 children he has freed after!
 - C) America's oldest Serial Killer! (60's)
 - **D)** Tried Guilty Death!
 - E) Wants to experience the thrill of being put to death in the Electric Chair.
 - E) January 16, 1936 Sing Sing Prison New York:
 - I. Electric Chair Sparks from needles in body!

<u> 1910 – February</u>

1. February 8, 1910 – William Boyce:

A) Washington, D.C.

B) Boy Scouts of America.

<u> 1910 – May</u>

1. May 11, 1910 – Congress – Creates:

- A) Glacier National Park.
- B) Montana.

October 1, 1910 The L.A. "Times" Dynamiting Case

- 1. 1910 "The Los Angeles Times" is very antilabor.
- 2. Sunday October 1, 1910:
 - A) 1:05 Morning.
 - B) Explosion....In "Ink Alley"....Between the "Times" Building and the Times Mirror Printing and Binding Company:
 - I. Ignites flammable ink.
 - II. 21 people are killed.
- 3. Los Angeles Mayor, George Alexander turns the case over to former Secret Service Agent, now, a Private Detective, William Burns.
- 4. April 1911 Detroit:
 - A) 3 men are arrested:
 - I. John McNamara:
 - (1) 28 years old.
 - (2) Secretary of the International Association of Bridge and Structural Iron Workers.
 - **II. James McNamara:**
 - (1) 27 years old.

(2) John's brother.

III. Ortie McManigal.

- **B) McManigal confesses:**
 - I. Agrees to testify for the prosecution against the other two.
- C) The 3 men are returned to Los Angeles for trial.
- 5. Men are defended by Clarence Darrow.
- 6. December 1, 1911 Trial starts:
 - A) Darrow knows his clients are guilty!
 - **B)** Makes a deal for clemency:
 - I. The 2 McNamara's plead "guilty":
 - (1) John....Life.
 - (2) James....15 years.
- 7. Darrow is indicted and tried for attempted bribery of a juror:
 - A) He proves he is not guilty!
 - B) He proves the trumped up charge has come from enemies attempting to discredit him.
 - **C) Found....Not Guilty!**

<u> 1910 – November</u>

- 1. November 8, 1910 Milwaukee, Wisconsin Elections:
 - A) Emil Seidel:
 - I. Elected...Mayor.
 - II. 1st Socialist Mayor in America.
 - **B) Victor Berger:**
 - I. Elected...U.S. House of Rep.'s
 - II. 1st Socialist Rep. in America.

<u>1911</u>

1. Glenn Curtis:

A) Invents – Hydroplane.

1911

The Shoshoni Fight

- 1. Nevada.
- 2. Band of Shoshoni Indians get into a fight with cattlemen:
 - A) Kill several of the cattlemen.
- **3. Posse trails them.**
- 4. Fight:
 - A) Indians run out of ammunition.
 - **B) Only bows and arrows left.**
 - C) Suicide charge.
 - D) All killed except 1 young girl and 2 children.

1911 - February

- 1. February 3, 1911 Major General William Biddle – 11th Commandant – U.S.M.C.:
 - A) Born 12/15/1853 Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.
 - B) 1923 Nice, France Dies.

<u> 1911 - March</u>

1. March 25, 1911 – The Triangle Shirtwaist Fire:

- A) New York City.
- **B) Washington Square.**
- **C) 10 story building.**
- D) Fire...Top 3 floors.
- E) 500 Jewish & Italian women working on those floors.
- F) Exits are locked.
- G) Many jump to their deaths.
- H) 146 are killed.

<u> 1911 - September</u>

- **1. Calbraith Rogers:**
 - A) September 17, 1911 to November 5, 1911.
 - **B) 1st Transcontinental Air Flight.**
 - **C) New York City to Pasadena, California.**
 - **D)** Actual flying time is $3\frac{1}{2}$ days.

<u> 1911 - October</u>

1. October 10, 1911 – California:

A) State Constitutional Amendment.

B) Women's Suffrage.

<u>1912</u>

- 1. Massachusetts:
 - A) 1st State.

B) Minimum Wage for Women & Children.

2. Elihu Root:

A) Nobel Peace Prize.

<u> 1912 - January</u>

1. January 6, 1912 – New Mexico – 47th State.

1912 - February

1. Intervention in Honduras:

- A) U.S.M.C.
- **B) Protect American lives and property.**

2. February 14, 1912 – Arizona – 48th State: A) Completes the Continental United States.

<u> 1912 - March</u>

March 12, 1912 - Juliette Low: A) Founds...Girl Scouts of America.

April 14 & 15, 1912 <u>The "Titanic"</u>

- 1. April 10, 1912:
 - A) British Luxury liner Royal Mail Line "Titanic" – Starts her maiden voyage:
 - I. Leaves Southampton, England.
 - II. Headed for New York City.
 - **B) Will stop in Ireland:**
 - I. Some get off.
 - II. Many get on.
 - III. She sails with 2,257 people on board.
 - C) She is carrying "The Cream of the Crop" of the world's wealthy:
 - I. This is "The Gilded Age."
 - II. Flaunt wealth.
 - III. "First" on or do!
 - **IV. Many rich prominent Americans.**
 - V. Wealthy are worth a net of over \$280 million!!
 - D) Ship is considered "unsinkable":
 - I. Most expensive ship of her time.
 - II. Largest ship of her time.
 - III. Weighs...46,328 tons!
 - IV. Is 11 stories high!
 - V. Is 4 city blocks long!
 - VI. Has engines that produce 55,000 horsepower!
 - E) BUT, she only has enough lifeboats for:

- I. 1,089 passengers!!!!!
- 2. Sunday night April 14, 1912:

A) 1,300 miles from New York City.

- B) Traveling at 22 ½ knots.
- C) Night:
 - I. Cold.
 - II. Clear.
 - III. No clouds.
 - IV. No moon.
- D) Has been warned to look out for...Icebergs!
- E) 11:40...Iceberg is spotted:
 - I. HUGE...100 feet above the water!
 - II. Swerves.....Too late!
 - III. Scrapes down the side of the ship.

IV. 20 feet below the water line.

- F) 12:05 Captain Smith orders the lifeboats uncovered.
- G) 12:15 Start broadcasting new "S.O.S.":
 - I. The "Carpathia" picks up the signal and heads in that direction.

H) Many refuse to get in the lifeboats:

- I. Some believe it will not sink!
- II. Some refuse to leave relatives!

(1) Mr. and Mrs. Isidor Strauss.

- I) Those who jump in the water:
 - I. Live only a few moments.
 - II. Water.....COLD!!

III. Hypothermia!!

IV. Drown.

- V. Freeze to death.
- J) Ship's band continues to play:

I. Will do so up until the end.

- K) Many of the lifeboats pull away less than half full!
- L) 2:20 Morning:
 - I. Sinks completely!
 - II. 2 hours and 40 minutes after hitting the iceberg.
- **M) Lifeboats:**

I. Order.

- II. The "Unsinkable" Molly Brown.
- N) Ocean is eerily quiet!!!!!

- **3. Monday April 15, 1912 4:45 Morning:**
 - A) "Carpathia" arrives and starts picking up Survivors – 705 will survive:
 - I. 1,535 have died on the "Titanic."
- 4. Was believed for years.....Huge tear down the side:
 - A) Found in 1985 by Robert Ballard.
 - B) 1997 Hull is photographed through the mud:
 - I. 6 small tears.
 - II. 12 to 13 square feet in size....like 2 squares of sidewalk.
 - III. The 6 tears went across 6 watertight compartments 20 feet below the water line.
 - IV. Fill the ship with 39,000 tons of water before sinking!
- 5. May 8, 2006 Last American survivor of the sinking dies in Boston, Massachusetts:
 - A) Lillian Gertrud Asplund Age 99:
 - I. 5 years old at the time of the sinking.
 - II. Lost her father and 3 brothers
 - III. She, a 3 year old brother, and her mother survived.

בחויי

1912

The Negro Revolt

- 1. Cuba.
- 2. May 20, 1912:
 - A) Revolt against the liberal government of Jose Gomez.
 - **B) By:**
 - I. The Independent Party of Color:
 - (1) Represent Cuba's dispossessed black population.
- **3. Crushed everywhere except Oriente Province:**
 - A) Location of many U.S. owned:
 - I. Sugar Mills.
 - II. Mines.
 - III. Estates.
 - B) Secretary of State, Frank Knox, fears they will be damaged or destroyed:
 - I. Orders in the Marines.
- 4. May 31, 1912 Daquiri:
 - A) Marines land:
 - I. Under Colonel Lincoln Karmany.

5. By mid-July 1912 – Revolt is over:

A) Marines are withdrawn.

July 16, 1912

The Murder of Herman Rosenthal

- **1. Herman Rosenthal:**
 - A) Gambler.
 - B) Owns a very prosperous gambling casino.
 - C) Called: "Beansie."
- **2. Charles Becker:**
 - A) New York City cop.
 - **B) VERY corrupt.**
 - C) Heads up a special squad to:
 - I. Wipe out graft.
 - II. Wipe out corruption.
 - **III. Wipe out prostitution.**
 - IV. Wipe out gambling.
 - D) His group is involved in all of these!!!!!
 - I. They extort money from the gambling dens and the prostitutes:
 - (1) 25 cents on the dollar!!!
 - E) If a gambling casino refuses.....:
 - I. Raided.
 - II. Destroyed.
 - III. Evidence in many cases is faked to get a conviction!
 - F) If a prostitute refuses:
 - I. Beaten.
 - II. Sometimes disfigured.
 - **III. Sometimes killed!**

- G) Becker.....Literally.....Has "hit men" on the payroll!
- **3. Rosenthal is paying extortion to Becker.**
- 4. Becker demands more money:
 - A) Rosenthal refuses.
 - B) Becker orders Rosenthal's casino raided and destroyed:
 - I. Done!!!
 - **C)** Becker continues to harass Rosenthal.
- **5. Rosenthal has finally had enough:**
 - A) Goes to the young, honest, District Attorney of New York City:
 - I. Charles Whitman.
 - B) Gives him evidence against Becker!
- 6. Whitman moves to indict Becker.
- 7. Becker hires 4 hit-men to kill Rosenthal.
- 8. July 16, 1912:
 - A) Night.
 - B) Café Metropole.
 - C) The 4 hit-men shoot the 38 year old, Rosenthal to death!

- 9. One of the murderers is arrested by Whitman's police:
 - A) Tells all!
- 10. The other 3 killers are arrested: A) All 4 are tried...Guilty:
 - I. Electric chair.
- **11. Becker is arrested and tried:**
 - A) Guilty:
 - I. Electric chair.

August

1912-1933

(21 Years)

The Nicaraguan Intervention

- 1. 1896:
 - A) 1st time Marines are sent to Nicaragua:
 - I. Revolt.
 - **II.** To protect American lives and property.
- 2. 1909 Revolt against Dictator, Zelaya:
 - A) 250 Marines are landed:
 - I. They support the revolt!!!
 - **B) Marine Commander...Major Smedley Butler:**
 - I. "The Fighting Quaker."
 - II. Spanish-American War.
 - **III. The Philippine Revolt.**
 - **IV. The Boxer Revolt.**
 - V. Captain at age 19.
 - VI. 1908...Nervous breakdown:
 - (1) Home for 8 months.
 - VII. 1909...Major.
- 3. 1911:
 - A) American gunboat "Yorktown" Ordered to Nicaraguan waters:

I. To protect American interests.

4. August 1912:

- A) 2,500 Marines are landed.
- 5. August 5, 1912:
 - A) The Bryan-Chamorro Treaty is signed:
 - I. With Nicaragua.
 - II. Gives the U.S. the right to build an interoceanic canal.
 - III. U.S. gets a 99 year lease on the Little and Great Corn Islands.
 - IV. U.S. pays Nicaragua \$3 million.
- 6. October 1912:
 - A) Revolt ends.
 - B) All but 100 Marines are withdrawn.
- 7. Country is torn by one revolt after another!
 - A) U.S. fears for its economic interests.
 - B) Marines are sent back in.
 - C) Stay until August 3, 1925:
 - I. Leave.

8. December 1926:

- A) Revolt sweeps the country.
- **B) Leader is General Augusto Sandino:**

- A) Marines are landed on the eastern coast:
 - I. By March 1, 1927 6,000 Marines in the country.
 - II. One of those Marines is Lewis "Chesty" Puller:
 - a. Born June 26, 1898 West Point, Virginia.
 - b. 1918 U.S.M.C.

c. Haiti.

- d. Nicaragua:
 - (1) 1st & 2nd Navy Crosses.
- e. WW II:
 - (1) Guadalcanal Wounded 3rd Navy Cross.
 - (2) New Britain 4th Navy Cross.
 - (3) Peleliu.
- f. Korean War:
 - (1) Inchon.
 - (2) Chosin Reservoir.
- g. 1951 Brig. General.
- h. 1953 Major General.
- i. 1955 Lt. General Retires.
- j. 5 Navy Crosses.
- K. October 11, 1972 Hampton, Virginia – Dies – Age 73.
- B) April 1927 Arranged for the Marines to stay until 1933.

- 5. May 24, 1927 @ La Paz Centro:
 - A) A Marine Patrol is attacked by 300 Sandanistas:
 - I. 2 ¹/₂ hour battle.
 - II. 2 Marines killed.
 - III. 14 Sandanistas killed.
- 6. Late July 1927 @ Ocotal:
 - A) 87 Marines and some Nicaraguan Policemen are attacked by 600 Sandanistas:
 - I. Marines are surrounded.
 - II. Marine snipers start killing the Sandanistas.
 - III. Sandino sends a surrender demand.
 - **IV. "A Marine never surrenders."**
 - V. 3:00 Afternoon 5 Marine planes arrive: a. Bomb the Sandanistas.
 - b. Sandanistas flee leaving 300 dead and 100 wounded.
- 7. January 6, 7, & 8, 1928 The Battle of Quilali:
 - A) Road to Quilali Column of 200 Marines are ambushed by a Sandanista force with machine guns:
 - I. 5 Marines are killed or wounded.
 - II. Firefight.
 - III. 16 more Marines are wounded.

IV. Sandanistas withdraw.

V. Marines reach Quilali.

- **B) Surrounded by the Sandanistas:**
 - I. Marines have no doctors.
 - II. Commanding Officers are becoming short.
 - III. No way to get the wounded out.
 - IV. Relief column is days away.
- C) Marine Pilot, Lt. Christian Schilt, and another pilot fly Biplanes over the village:
 I. Drop tools and instructions to build an airstrip.
 - II. Marines convert a road into a 300 foot long, 70 feet wide, runway.
- D) For the next 2 days Schilt makes 10 trips into the village under fire:
 - I. Brings in:
 - a. 1,400 pounds of medical supplies.
 - **b. A new Commander.**
 - II. Takes out 18 wounded.
- E) Schilt flies over the relief column:
 - I. Spots a Sandanista ambush set up for them.
 - II. Dives with machine guns firing.
 - III. Kills 9 of the Sandanistas.

IV. Scatters the others.

F) Schilt – Awarded – Congressional Medal of Honor.

8. January 2, 1933 – Last Marines leave Nicaragua:

A) 136 Marines have been killed.

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October 14, 1912

The Attempted Assassination of Theodore Roosevelt

1. John Schrank:

- A) 36 years old.
- **B)** Loner.
- C) Deranged.
- **D) Will later claim:**
 - I. Has dreams...McKinley appears...Tells him to kill Roosevelt!
- 2. October 14, 1912:
 - A) Milwaukee, Wisconsin.
 - **B)** Hotel.
 - C) Roosevelt arrives to deliver a speech.
 - D) Stands up in the back of the car.
 - E) Schrank steps forward:
 - I. Pulls a .38 revolver.
 - II. Fires one shot.
 - III. Bullet enters Roosevelt's right chest, below the right nipple:
 - (1) Angles up 4 inches.
 - (2) Fractures a rib.
 - F) What is the ONLY thing that saves his life?
 - I. The bullet passes through the case for his glasses and a folded 50 page speech!

- 3. Roosevelt Bleeding Goes on and gives his speech:
 - A) Speaks for 50 minutes.
 - B) Finally.....Has to be treated for blood choice and shock!
- 4. Recovers at Mercy Hospital.
- 5. Schrank...Tried...Guilty:
 - A) Rest of life....Mental hospitals.

<u> 1912 - November</u>

1. November 5, 1912 – Presidential Election:

A) 3 candidates:

- I. Democrat Woodrow Wilson.
- II. Republican William Howard Taft.
- **III. Progressive Theodore Roosevelt:**
 - (1) Republican Party split.
 - (2) "The Bull Moose Party."
 - (3) Progressive???
 - a. Have refused to recognize Black Delegates at their Convention!!
- **B)** 3rd...Taft & Republicans.
- **C)** 2nd...Roosevelt & Progressives.
- D) Winner Democrat Woodrow Wilson:
 I. 28th President.
 - II. 1st Term.
- E) First time U.S. history:
 - I. 3rd Party More votes than 1 of 2 major parties!

<u>1913</u>

1. Ford Motor Company:

A) Assembly Line Technique.

- **2. Federal Reserve Act:**
 - A) All Banks must have reserves to match deposits.
 - B) Sets up 12 Regional Reserve Banks:I. Different areas of the country.
 - C) Sets up a National Board to supervise.
- **3. Underwood-Simmons Tariff:**
 - A) Cuts tariff rates.
 - B) Permanently changes the revenue base of the Federal Government:
 - I. From taxes on imports to taxes on incomes!

<u> 1913 - January</u>

January 1, 1913 – Congress: A) Creates the Parcel Post system.

. . .

1913 - February

February 25, 1913 – 16th Amendment: A) Income Tax.

<u> 1913 - March</u>

- March 4, 1913 Presidential Inauguration 56 year old, Democrat, Woodrow Wilson – 1st term – 28th President:
 - A) Born 12/28/1856 Staunton, Virginia.
 - B) Very sickly...Result...Never learns to read until age 11.
 - **C)** 1879 Princeton 38th out of 106.
 - **D) 1882 Lawyer.**
 - E) 1890 Teaches Princeton.
 - F) 1902 President Princeton.
 - G) Age 28 1st Marriage:
 - I. To 25 year old Ellen Axson.
 - H) 1911 Governor of New Jersey.
 - I) 5 feet 11 inches tall:
 - I. Very weak eyes.
 - II. Constant headaches.
 - III. 14 physical breakdowns in his life.
 - J) Presidency is called "The New Freedom":
 - I. Lowers tariffs.
 - II. Increases competition.
 - III. Establishes the Federal Trade Commission:
 - (1) To enforce free and fair competition.
 - **IV. Strictly enforces Anti-Trust laws.**

- V. Believes that order must be FORCED on those who resist.
- K) August 6, 1914 1st wife dies:
 - I. Depressed!!
 - II. Becomes suicidal.
- L) Most intellectual President.
- M) 1st President Hold a Press Conference.
- N) 1st President Doctorate Degree.
- **O)** Age 58 2nd Marriage:
 - I. 43 year old Edith Galt.
- P) Rated.....Good.
- **Q)** February 3, 1924 Age 57 Dies:
 - I. \$600 thousand estate.

April 26, 1913 The Lynching of Leo Frank

- 1. Leo Frank:
 - A) Jewish.
 - **B)** Manager Pencil Factory Atlanta, Georgia.
- 2. Saturday April 26, 1913:
 - A) 14 year old, Mary Phagan.
 - **B) Goes to Frank's office:**
 - I. Collects her wages.
 - II. Leaves.
 - **III. Disappears!!!**
 - **C) 23 hours later...Body is found in a basement:**
 - I. Raped and strangled.
- **3. Frank is arrested Charged with murder:**
 - A) Trial lasts 30 days.
 - **B) Evidence points to Black Janitor, Jim Conley.**
 - C) Makes NO difference!!
 - D) Frank is found guilty.
 - E) Sentenced to death!
- 4. Governor commutes the sentence to life.

5. Angry mob – Takes Frank from jail:A) Lynches him!

6. Later...Learned...Conley murdered girl!!!

<u> 1913 – May</u>

- 1. May 2, 1913 U.S. recognizes the Republic of China.
- 2. May 31, 1913 17th Amendment:
 A) Direct Election of United States Senators.

<u>1914</u>

1. The Cape Cod Canal is opened.

- **2. Clayton Anti-Trust Act:**
 - A) Prohibits Price Fixing.
 - **B)** Prohibits Interlocking Directorates.
 - C) Prohibits owning stock in a competitor.
- 3. Cincinnati, Ohio Zoo:
 - A) Last Passenger Pigeon in existence dies!
 - **B) Extinct!**
- 4. H.G. Wells Science Fiction Writer:
 - A) Book "The World Set Free."
 - B) 1st use Term "Atomic Bomb."

<u> 1914 - February</u>

- 1. February 23, 1914 Major General George Barnett – 12th Commandant – U.S.M.C.:
 - A) Born 12/9/1859 Lancaster, Wisconsin.
 - B) 1st Annapolis graduate to become Commandant.
 - C) 4/27/1930 Washington, D.C. Dies.

April 1914

The Ludlow, Colorado Strike

- 1. Summer of 1913:
 - A) Southern Colorado.
 - **B)** Trinidad, Colorado.
 - C) Coal mines.
 - D) 3 primary private companies own the mines.

E) 25,000 employees:

- I. Greeks.
- II. Italians.
- III. Slavs.
- IV. Mexicans.
- F) Only 19% of the employees speak English.
- **G) Many have been strikebreakers:**
 - I. 10 months before.
- H) Wages:
 - I. \$3.84 per day.
 - II. \$2.50 allowance per week for adults and 50 cents allowance per week for children.

2. The United Mine Workers:

- A) Enter the area.
- B) Start unionizing the workers.
- **C)** Prepares them to strike for:
 - I. Union recognition.
 - II. 8 hour workday.

- III. Right to trade and buy in the store of their own choosing INSTEAD of being forced to buy in a "Company Store."
- 3. Mine owners refuse all!!!
 - A) Half of the miners join the Union.
 - B) Strike is called for September 27, 1913.
- 4. Mine owners hire guards to protect their property:
 - A) Armed with:
 - I. Rifles.
 - II. Machine guns.
 - **III. Search lights.**
 - **B) Placed in rifle pits:**
 - I. High ground.
 - II. Overlooking the miner's tents and shanty camps.
- 5. Many of the miners are also armed.
- 6. Both sides taunt, insult, and fist fight with each other.
- 7. War breaks out:
 - A) Barbaric!
 - **B)** Bloody!
 - **C) Merciless!**

- D) Many lives lost on both sides!
- E) Many buildings destroyed!
- 8. October 25, 1913:
 - A) Governor of Colorado:
 - I. Orders the militia to mobilize.
- 9. October 27, 1913:
 - A) 1,200 militia are sent to the area:
 - I. Under General John Chase.
 - II. Have orders to disarm both sides.
 - III. Have orders to prevent the importation of strikebreakers.
- **10. Miners refuse to give up their arms:**
 - A) Result:
 - I. Strikebreakers are allowed in and protected.
- 11. The militia prevents the strikers from picketing.
- **12. Enter "Mother Jones":**
 - A) Genius for stirring up hatred and trouble!
 - **B)** Arrested by the militia for inciting a riot!
 - **C)** Held prisoner in a hospital in Trinidad!
- **13. 1,000 of the militia are withdrawn:**

A) Only 200 are left to cover a 60 mile area.

- 14. Strikers in Ludlow, Colorado are under the leadership of a Greek...Louis Tikas.
- 15. Ludlow:
 - A) Union headquarters.
 - B) 40 of the militia are stationed here:
 - I. Constant friction between the militia and the strikers.
- 16. Sunday April 19, 1914:
 - A) Afternoon.
 - B) A young miner is shot and killed.
- 17. Monday April 20, 1914:
 - A) Morning.
 - B) Volley of rifle fire into a buggy:
 - I. Kills 1 man.
 - **C) Starts a battle!!**
 - I. 5 strikers killed.
 - II. 1 boy killed.
 - III. 1 soldier killed.
 - D) Militia starts pillaging and burning the miners camp.
 - E) Tikas comes into the camp:

I. To rescue some women and children.

F) Militia Captain asks for a conference:

- I. Firing stops.
- **G) Conference:**
 - I. Middle...Firing breaks out again.
 - II. Strikers scatter.
 - III. Tikas and 2 of his friends are taken prisoner.
- H) Tikas:
 - I. Hit over the head by one of the soldiers.
 - II. Shot in the back 3 times by the soldiers and killed.
- I) Tikas' 2 friends:
 - I. Also shot and killed.
- J) Militia claims all 3 have been shot while "trying to escape!"
- K) 12 hour battle:
 - I. Sundown.
 - II. Tent camp is burned to the ground.
- 18. Tuesday April 21, 1914:
 - A) More troops arrive...100's.
 - **B)** Fighting continues.
 - C) The bodies of 2 mothers and 11 children:
 - I. Found below a burned tent!
 - II. Have suffocated to death!
- 19. Governor requests help from the Federal Government.

- 20. April 29, 1914:
 - **A) President Woodrow Wilson:**
 - I. Orders 6 troops of the cavalry to Colorado:
 - (1) Orders are to withdraw the militia.
- 21. May 13, 1914:
 - A) 39 of the militia are court martialed:
 - I. For...murder, arson, and larceny at Ludlow.
 - **B) All...Not guilty!**
- 22. Federal Government mediates between both sides:
 - A) Both sides accept the settlement.

<u>The Occupation of Veracruz</u> (April 1914 – 7 Months & 2 Days)

1. 1914 – A very few wealthy Americans have huge oil interests in Mexico:

A) Especially along the Gulf Coast.

- 2. The U.S. does not recognize the Government of Victoriano Huerta, or, him as President:
 - A) President Woodrow Wilson says he is a "De Facto" Illegal Government.
- 3. This is the age of "Gunboat Diplomacy":
 - A) The U.S. Navy maintains a number of warships along the Gulf Coast to protect the interests of those wealthy Americans with investments there:
 - I. Tampico The 4th Division of the Atlantic Fleet – Under Rear Admiral Henry Mayo.
 - II. Veracruz The 5th Division of the Atlantic Fleet – Under Rear Admiral Frank Fletcher.
- 4. Tampico 1914:
 - A) Large city.
 - B) Population of 32,000.
 - C) Has a large American colony.
 - D) General Ignacio Zaragoza is in charge of the city:
 - I. Courteous.

II. Reasonable.

- III. Military Governor of Tamaulipas.
- IV. Has 3,000 men to guard the city.

V. Has no restricted areas. VI. He declares NO martial law.

5. At Tampico – In the middle of one of the world's richest oilfields – Mayo's gunboat, "The Dolphin". Starts to run short of fuel.

6. Wednesday – April 8, 1914:

- A) Tampico:
 - I. A Marine is carrying a message from the American Embassy to the docks.
 - II. He gets lost.
 - III. He wanders to the Iturbide Bridge, which is a combat area.
 - IV. He is stopped for a few minutes and then released.

7. Thursday – April 9, 1914:

- A) Tampico:
 - I. Lt. Commander Ralph Earle Captain of "The Dolphin" – Goes ashore to arrange for the purchase of fuel.
 - II. He is put in touch with German, Max Tyron.
 - III. The 2 men meet at the American Embassy.
 - IV. Tyron offers to sell the Americans some oil he has stored in his warehouse along the Tampico Canal.
 - V. Problem.....the canal is the 1st line of defense against the Constitutionalist forces.
 - VI. Earle returns to the ship.

- B) Earle sends a detail to get the oil:
 - I. Led by Assistant Paymaster, 23 year-old, inexperienced, On his 1st tour of sea duty, Charles Copp.
- C) 11:45 Morning Copp and his 8 men head for the Canal.
- D) Copp's whaleboat heads up the canal:
 I. Flags flying in front and back.
 II. No one is armed.
 III. Reach the warehouse.

IV. Start loading the fuel.

- E) Squad of 10 Federales appears:
 - I. Have orders to keep everyone out of the combat area.
 - II. Leader speaks sharply to Copp.
 - III. Tells Copp they are all to go with him.
 - IV. Two of the Americans ignore him.
 - V. The Mexican officer yells an order.
 - VI. The Federales lower their rifles at the two men.

VII. Copp orders the 2 men out of the boat. VIII. Copp and all of his men are led away.

F) Max Tyron goes to the "Dolphin":

I. Reports what has happened to Earle.

II. Earle informs Mayo.

- III. Mayo orders Earle ashore to demand the release of the men.
- G) Meanwhile Copp and his men have been marched through Tampico to the Federale Regimental Headquarters:
 - I. Colonel Ramon Hinojosa informs Copp that the area around the warehouse is a combat zone.
 - II. The Americans are then taken back to

their boat:

- a. The Federale soldiers HELP them finish loading!
- H) Copp and his men head back for the "Dolphin."
- I) The entire episode has lasted 90 minutes.
- J) Earle meets with Zaragoza:
 - I. Zaragoza has ordered the men released.
 - II. He tells Earle to give his regrets to Mayo over the entire episode.
- K) Mayo: 57 years old Inflexible Stern Aggressive – Overly forceful:
 - I. He strongly reprimands Copp:
 - a. FOR ORDERING THE 2 MEN OUT OF THE BOAT!!!!!
- L) Mayo orders Commander W.A. Mofett to meet with Zaragoza:
 - I. Mofett is sent in full dress military uniform.....sword, gloves, and all!
- M) Mofett delivers a written message from Mayo to Zaragoza:
 - I. Demands a formal apology.
 - II. Demands an assurance that the Federale officer in charge will be punished.
 - III. Demands that the American Flag be raised and given a 21 gun salute, which, the American ship would return.
 - IV. Demands that all this be done within 24 hours!
- N) Mayo has made these demands without consulting Fletcher, the Navy Department, or the President!

- O) Zaragoza requests a 24 hour extension:
 - I. He lacks the authority to grant the demands.
 - II. He has to refer the matter to Mexico City.
- P) Late in the day:
 - I. Mayo informs Fletcher at Veracruz BRIEFLY of his actions:
 - a. Fletcher backs him up!!
 - b. Fletcher forwards the news to Washington, D.C.:
 - (1) BUT, he says the men were "paraded" through the streets!
 - (2) President Woodrow Wilson is at White Sulphur Springs in West Virginia when he is informed of the incident.
- 8. Friday April 10, 1914:
 - A) President Wilson cables his Secretary of State, William Jennings Bryan:
 - I. Says Mayo could not have done anything else!
 - II. Wants Mexico informed that this incident is of the most extreme seriousness!
 - a. He then prepares for his Saturday golf game!
- 9. Saturday April 11, 1914:
 - A) Veracruz:
 - I. U.S. Naval mail orderly, F.C. LaRue, is arrested in the post office by a Federale soldier:
 - a. The soldier has seen an American reward poster offering a reward for an

AWOL sailor:

- (1) He thinks he has the man!
- (2) Is mistaken inentity.
- II. LaRue is released and the arresting soldier punished.
- III. William Canada, American Consul to Veracruz, is informed of the incident:
 - a. Cables a garbled message to the State Department saying:
 - (1) The sailor was taken to Jail.
 - (2) DOES NOT explain that the Police Station is at the Jail!
 - (3) DOES NOT explain that the sailor was taken there to clear the matter up.
- IV. Short time later A diplomatic message from Washington, D.C. is delayed in the Mexico City censor's office for 55 minutes.
- 10. Sunday April 12, 1914:
 - A) Huerta makes his 1st formal reply to the United States:
 - I. He considers Zaragoza's apology sufficient!
 - II. Colonel Hinojosa has been relieved of his command and arrested.
 - III. BUT, he refuses to salute the American flag!!!
 - a. Adding a very thought provoking question:
 - (1) Why is the U.S. demanding an apology from a Government that it does not even recognize???

B) At Tampico:

- I. Mayo cannot shell Tampico:
 - a. It has no shore defenses!
 - b. International law forbids the shelling of unfortified cities!
- 11. Monday April 13, 1914:
 - A) President Wilson returns to Washington, D.C.:
 - I. Train station Tells newsmen: a. "The flag will be saluted!!"
- 12. Tuesday April 14, 1914:
 - A) 11:00 Morning Wilson holds a Cabinet meeting:
 - I. Unanimous decision The Flag must be saluted!
 - **B)** Afternoon:
 - I. Wilson orders the Atlantic Fleet to concentrate on the east coast of Mexico.
 - C) Late afternoon:
 - I. The U.S. warships leave Hampton Roads.
 - D) Huerta issues a statement:
 - I. Says he will order the flag salute at Tampico IF, the American ships will return the salute round for round:
 - a. This is exactly what Mayo originally demanded!
 - b. Wilson says this is no longer acceptable:
 - (1) The salute must be given unconditionally!

II. Huerta says Wilson can go to hell!!! E) Night:

I. Robert Lansing searches the Archives for a precedent to use if Wilson orders troops to

land:

- a. Finally finds one 1854 Graytown, Nicaragua was shelled by American warships for an insult to the American Consul:
 - (1) This will make Wilson "legal."
- 13. Wednesday April 15, 1914:
 - A) Wilson meets with members of the Congressional Foreign Relations Committee:
 - I. Tells them "intolerable insults" have been suffered by the U.S., AND, apologies are no longer sufficient!!

a. They agree with him!

- II. He outlines plans to seize Veracruz and Tampico if the Flag is not saluted: a. They support him!
- B) Huerta refuses to budge!
- 14. Saturday April 18, 1914:
 - A) Wilson sends a deadline for the Flag salute:
 - I. Must be given by 6:00 Evening Sunday – April 19th!
- 15. Sunday April 19, 1914:
 - A) Tampico Transport with 800 Marines under Colonel John Lejuene arrives:
 - I. Outside the harbor are 7 other American ships.
 - B) At Veracruz are 3 American warships.
 - C) 12:30 Afternoon Secretary of State Bryan receives a cable from American Consul Canada in Veracruz:

- I. A German steamer, the "Ypiranga", is due to dock at Veracruz on Tuesday, April 21st:
 - a. She is carrying 200 machine guns and 15 million rounds of ammunition for Huerta.
- II. Wilson is NOT going to allow the delivery!
- III. Suddenly forgotten are:
 - a. Tampico!
 - b. The Flag salute!!
- 16. Monday April 20, 1914:
 - A) Wilson calls a Cabinet meeting:
 - I. Outlines a speech he intends to make to Congress in the afternoon.
 - B) 2:00 Afternoon Secretary of the Navy, Josephus Daniels sends orders to Mayo at Tampico:
 - I. Leave 1 warship at Tampico.
 - II. Take the other ships and proceed to Veracruz.
 - C) Daniels also sends orders to the Atlantic Fleet headed for Tampico:
 - I. Make full speed for Veracruz!
 - D) BUT.....ENTER the faulty new radio communication:
 - I. Messages to Mayo at Tampico have to be relayed through Veracruz.
 - II. Will be 10 hours and 15 minutes after it is sent that Fletcher gets the message to forward to Mayo at Tampico to come to Veracruz!!
 - a. 1:36 Morning April 21st!!!
 - E) 3:00 Afternoon Wilson addresses a joint session of Congress:

- I. If necessary he will use armed intervention in Mexico.
- II. American honor must be restored, even if it takes armed force:
 - a. He requests the approval of Congress:
 - (1) EVEN though he doesn't need it!
 - (2) Thanks to Lansing and the 1854 precedent!!!!!
- F) The House of Representatives quickly approves Wilson's request:

I. 337 to 37.

- G) The Senate debates his proposal:
 - I. Opposing Wilson are:
 - a. Republican Senator, Henry Cabot Lodge.
 - b. Former Secretary of State, Elihu Root.
 - II. Lodge and Root add an amendment to Wilson's proposal:
 - a. The use of Troops against ANY Mexican group that opposes the Americans:
 (1) Federal or Constitutionalist!
 - III. Will debate until the wee hours of April 21st:
 - a. Adjourn taking no action!
 - b. Wilson has gone to bed not waiting for the results.
- H) 10:00 Night Fletcher sends an American warship out to intercept the "Ypiranga.
- I) Translation of the situation:
 - I. The entire American Atlantic Fleet is being sent to Veracruz to stop ONE German merchant ship!!!
- 17. Tuesday April 21, 1914:

- A) 2:00 Morning:
 - I. Secretary of State, Bryan, receives a wire from Consul Canada in Veracruz:
 - a. The "Ypiranga" is due to dock at 10:30 in the morning:
 - (1) Trains are waiting to take the cargo to the Federal Troops in the interior.
- B) Bryan informs Secretary of the Navy, Daniels:
 - I. 2:30 Morning Daniels telephones Wilson:
 - a. Wilson says there is no alternative but to land:
 - (1) Tells Daniels to send the orders!
 **Sieze the customs house!
 **Preserve order in the city!
 **Prevent supplies from reaching Huerta or any other party!
 **Do not interfere with the municipal government unless necessary!
- C) 8:00 Morning Veracruz Message reaches Fletcher:
 - I. Tampico and the Flag are now totally forgotten!
- D) Later in the day Washington, D.C. A democratic majority forces Wilson's proposal through the Senate on a straight party vote:
 I. Doesn't matter:
 - a. Wilson has already acted!!
- E) Veracruz Military commander is General Gustavo Maas:

I. Has 600 Troops.

II. He knows the city and it's surroundings.

- III. He releases and arms the convicts from the prison to oppose the Americans.
- IV. Has his officers arm civilians to oppose the Americans:
 - a. Lt. Colonel Manuel Contreras at the armory, hands out 450 rifles, Mausers, Winchesters, and 2,000 rounds of ammunition to the civilians and released convicts:
 - (1) He positions them aling Avenida Cinco de Mayo.
- F) Day is windy, overcast, and a storm is brewing!
 - I. 9:00 Morning Fletcher decides to land.
 - II. Target is Pier #4.
 - III. Whaleboats towed by motor launches will be used for the landings.
 - IV. 502 Marines, 285 Navy Bluejackets 787 total – Under William Rush will land.
- G) 11:12 Morning The Landing Party heads for shore!
- H) 11:25 Morning Americans start landing unopposed:

I. Disperse a watchful crowd.

II. Occupy the Customs House.

III. Occupy the Terminal Station.

IV. Occupy the Cable Station.

V. Occupy the Post Office.

VI. Occupy the Telegraph Office.

VII. Occupy the Railroad Station.

I) Orders from Wilson have been to occupy ONLY the Customs House!!!!!

- J) Mexican troops and civilians start taking up positions from which to fight.
- K) 11:57 Morning:
 - I. Company of Marines are crossing Calle Emparan.
 - II. 1st shot is fired at them by Aurelio Monffort.
 - III. Americans return the fire.
 - IV. Monfffort is killed:
 - a. Becomes the 1st Mexican to die in the defense of Veracruz.
- L) Heaviest Mexican fire comes from 4 points:
 - I. The pink stucco building at the foot of the Juarez Monument.
 - II. The iron shed across the street from the customs house.
 - III. A machine gun position in the Oriente Hotel at the intersection of Zamora and Landero y Cos.
 - IV. Machine gun position in the east yard of the Mexican Naval Academy:
 - a. Position is commanded by Lt. Jose Azueta, the Commodore's son.
- M) Azueta is shot and killed:
 - I. His men retreat into the Naval Academy.
- N) Few minutes later:
 - I. Snipers in the pink stucco building are shot and killed.
- **O) 12:30 Afternoon:**
 - I. The "Ypiranga" comes into the harbor: a. She anchors 500 yards west of the U.S.S. "Utah."
 - II. Lt. Lamar Leahy boards her:
 - a. Tells the captain that the Americans

have taken control of the customs house to prevent the cargo from being unloaded!

- III. Bills of lading are produced:
 - a. The ammunition has been purchased in the U.S. from the Remington Arms Company!!!
 - b. It has been re-routed through Hamburg, Germany to escape the embargo!!!
- IV. Leahy tells the Captain he cannot leave Veracruz without unloading the cargo:
 - a. THIS order is in direct violation of maritime law.....PIRACY!!!
- V. Washington, D.C. Secretary of State, William Jennings Bryan hears the news:
 - a. Rushes to see German Ambassador, Johan von Bernstorff.
 - b. Tells him it is a mistake.
 - c. Tells him Fletcher has exceeded his orders.
 - d. Tells him the ship is free to carry it's cargo wherever it wants!
- P) Meanwhile Mexican Naval Academy:
 - I. The cadets start preparing defenses.
 - II. Pile mattresses and furniture against the walls and doors.
 - III. Soldiers from the artillery barracks join them:
 - a. Bring several small pieces of artillery.b. Start shelling Pier #4.
 - IV. Americans in Launches, along the waterfront, each with a 1 pound piece of artillery fire a volley into the Academy:

- a. Cadets return the fire at the Launches killing 1 American sailor and wounding 2.
- V. The U.S. warship "Prairie" opens fire on the Academy with it's 3 inch guns:
 - a. 16 year old Cadet, Virgilio Uribe, is hit in the head with shrapnel and killed.
 - b. Artillery fire from the Academy stops!
- Q) Throughout the city:
 - I. Small group fighting.
 - II. Americans are hampered in their movements by a lack of communication.
- R) 8:00 Night:
 - I. General Maas orders Commodore Azueta to abandon Veracruz.
 - II. The Federales have already withdrawn.
 - III. Azueta relays the message to Colonel Contreras.
 - IV. Most of the Naval Academy is evacuated.
- S) Rest of the night:
 - I. Quiet.
 - II. American fleet from Tampico arrives.
 - III. Americans have suffered 5 killed and 20 wounded for the day.
- 18. Wednesday April 22, 1914:
 - A) Dawn:
 - I. Snipers resume fire on the Americans.
 - II. One of the snipers killed by the Americans is Cadet, Alasio Perez, at the intersection of Lerdo and Cortes.
 - B) 3,000 more Marines and Bluejackets are landed throughout the day.
 - C) 1,400 Americans approach the Academy:

- I. 2 story structure surrounded by stone walls.
- II. The Americans are in close formation and advancing over open ground.
- III. Defending the Academy are 70 Cadets under the command of Commodore Manuel Azueta.
- IV. At 100 yards The Cadets open fire on the Americans forcing them to retreat.
- V. The Americans request covering fire from the warships, 800 yards away.
- VI. For 5 minutes Three American warships fire 3 and 5 inch shells at the Academy:
 a. 40 rounds hit the school.
 - b. 1 round misses blowing the roof off a Whore House.....ruins business!!
- VII. Academy is reduced to rubble:
 - a. 12 year old Cadet, Colin, is killed at his post.
- b. Fire from within the Academy ceases. VIII. The Academy is taken!
- D) Two American warships pound selected targets in the city with 5 inch shells.
- E) 5:00 Afternoon City is secured:
 - I. Americans have lost 11 more killed.
- F) 11:00 Night Mexico City:
 - I. Huerta visits the American Embassy:
 - a. Tells American Ambassador, Nelson O'Shaughnessy, to leave Mexico.
- **19. Reactions in Mexico:**
 - A) Mazatlan:
 - I. American Consulate is stoned.
 - II. American houses are pillaged.

- **B) Monterrey:**
 - I. American Consulate is ransacked.
 - II. American flags are burnt.
 - III. The American Consul is kidnapped.
- C) Venustiano Carranza:

I. Wants the U.S. out of Mexico!

- D) Alvaro Obregon:
 - I. Wants the U.S. out of Mexico!
- E) Pancho Villa:
 - I. WANTS THE AMERICANS TO STAY!!
 - a. "It is Huerta's bull that is being gored!"
- 20. Woodrow Wilson Orders shipments of arms to the Constitutionalist forces suspended:
 - A) Makes no difference:
 - I. They smuggle them across the border anyway!
- 21. Thursday April 23, 1914:
 - A) Occaisional sniping.
 - B) Captain of the "Ypiranga" is told he can unload his cargo at Veracruz if he wishes:
 I. Says he will take them back to Germany.
 - C) Americans lose 1 more killed.
 - D) Just before midnight Mexico City:
 - I. American Embassy train pulls out of the city:
 - a. Will safely reach Veracruz.
- 22. American reaction to the occupation:
 - A) Topeka, Kansas:
 - I. High school boys force 12 Mexican railroad workers to salute the flag.
 - **B) Teddy Roosevelt:**

- I. Offers to raise a force of Rough Riders and invade Mexico!
- C) "The Chicago Tribune" newspaper:
 - I. Advocates the U.S. annexing Mexico.
- 23. Friday April 24, 1914:
 - A) Snipings cease.
 - B) Washington, D.C. Ambassadors of Argentina, Brazil, and Chile – Offer to mediate the troubles between the U.S. and Mexico:
 - I. Wilson accepts the offer.
 - C) After dark Veracruz:
 - I. Firing breaks out again.
 - II. 2 Mexican snipers are killed, 1 is wounded, and 1 is captured.
- 24. Saturday April 25, 1914:
 - A) Fletcher issues orders to all citizens of Veracruz:
 - I. Are to surrender all arms and munitions:
 - a. 11,000 guns are turned in!
 - b. 133,000 rounds of ammunition are turned in!
- 25. Sunday April 26, 1914:
 - A) Fletcher proclaims Martial Law:
 - I. Civilians are not allowed on the streets after 7:30 at night without a pass:
 a. Will be lifted on the 28th!!
- 26. Monday April 27, 1914:
 - A) 2:00 Afternoon Veracruz:
 - I. American flag is raised.

- II. Band plays "The Star Spangled Banner."
- III. American warship fires a 21 gun salute: a. Will NEVER be saluted by the Mexicans!
- B) "Ypiranga" is joined by another German cargo ship, the "Bavaria":
 - I. She is carrying 8,000 rolls of barbed wire and 2 million rounds of ammunition!
- 27. May 3, 1914 The 2 German ships leave Veracruz:
 - A) Will later unload their cargos at Puerto Mexico!!
 - I. Translation:
 - a. 18 Americans have been killed and 57 wounded!
 - b. 163 Mexicans have been killed and 248 wounded!
 - (1) ALL FOR NOTHING!!!!!
- 28. American positives of the Occupation of Veracruz:
 - A) Markets are cleaned up!
 - B) Fly screens are set up over concessions!
 - C) Roads are resurfaced!
 - D) Population is vaccinated against smallpox!
 - E) Waste disposal facilities are built:
 - I. Still in use today!
 - F) Malaria is wiped out!
 - G) Public works are built:
 - I. Still in use today!
 - H) Prostitution and V.D. is controlled:
 - I. Medical exams are required twice per week!

- 29. May 21, 1914 Clifton House Canadian Niagara Falls:
 - A) "The A-B-C Meetings":
 - I. "Alphabet Soup Meetings."
 - II. June Adjourn.
 - III. Never reconvene.
 - IV. Only accomplishment:
 - a. Prevent a war between the U.S. and Mexico!
- 30. November 23, 1914 2:00 afternoon All American troops are loaded:
 - A) After 7 months and 2 days.
 - B) Veracruz is evacuated.

<u> 1914 - May</u>

May 7, 1914 – Congress:
 A) Creates – "Mother's Day."

<u> 1914 - August</u>

1. World War I starts in Europe.

- 2. August 15, 1914 The Panama Canal opens:
 - A) George Goethals Engineer.
 - **B)** Colonel William Gorgas Engineer.
 - C) 50 miles long.
 - D) Cost...\$352 million!!!
 - E) Over 5,600 have died in the construction.

xilo Princip

<u>1915</u>

- **1. War prosperity in America:**
 - A) Will last until 1918.
 - **B) Economy booms.**
 - **C)** Farm prices reach all-time high.
 - D) U. S. exports food, textiles, steel, fuel, chemicals, etc.
- 2. D.W. Griffith Movie "Birth of a Nation":A) VERY racist!
 - **B)** Romanticizes the KKK!!!
- **3. Black households:**
 - A) Urban...1/4 are headed by a woman.
 - B) Rural...3/4 are headed by a woman.
- **4. Margaret Sanger:**
 - A) 1 of 11 children.
 - **B) Mother dies early from:**
 - I. Physical, emotional, mental stress of child bearing and rearing.
 - **C)** Public Nurse New York City.
 - **D) Writes "The Woman Rebel":**
 - I. America's 1st Birth Control publication. II. In it:

(1) The 1st use of the term "Birth Control."
 E) Charged with publishing obscenity.

F) Father – Release – Laws changed – Lives saved.

1915 = MAuger State - "Birth Centrad" - Flees centry to picit prosection ~ New poar

1915

America's Last Indian Fight

- **1. Young Ute brave...Tis-Ne-Gat:**
 - A) Charged with murdering a Mexican sheepherder:
 - I. Conflicting evidence.
- 2. Father refuses to surrender his son for trial.
- 3. Drunken cowboy mob:
 - A) Surround the Indian camp:
 - I. Open fire.
 - II. Kill 3 Indians.
 - **B) Indians counter-attack:**
 - I. Kill several of the cowboys.
 - II. Rest flee.

4. General Hugh Scott is called out of retirement:

- A) Convinces the brave to surrender:
 - I. Tried....Not guilty.
 - II. Years later...Dies of TB!

1915 - January

1. January 25, 1915 – 1st Transcontinental Telephone Service:

A) New York City and San Francisco, California.

- 2. January 26, 1915 Congress:
 A) Creates Rocky Mountain National Park.
- 3. January 28, 1915 Coast Guard is created.

AUgust

1915 - 1935

(20 Years) <u>The Occupation of Haiti</u>

1. Haiti:

A) Influenced by the French:

- I. Tradition.
- II. Language.
- **III. Religion.**
- **IV. Culture.**
- B) Loans and bonds of the National Railroad:
 - I. Held in France.
- **C) The Cable Monopoly:**
 - I. Held in France.
- D) Country becomes "free":
 - I. In actuality...Dictators gain power backed by the army.
- E) A Presidential term is 7 years:
 - I. President is chosen by the army.
 - II. Comes to power through revolution or rigged elections.
 - III. His goal...Raise money to pay the army.
- F) Country falls deeply into debt!
- 2. 1899:
 - A) Americans owners in Haiti begin exporting:
 - I. Copper.

II. Wood products.

- B) Americans come to control the entire railway system of Haiti.
- 3. This is the peak period of U.S. "Dollar Diplomacy":
 - A) It is hoped that financial rehabilitation of Haiti will result in:
 - I. Economic improvement.
 - **II.** Political stability.
 - B) Goal of the U.S.:
 - I. Switch Haiti's debt from Europe to New York.
 - C) Haiti will accept President Taft's plan!
- 4. Revolts in the country:
 - A) American investors fear for their investments!
 - I. They ask the U.S. government for help.
 - **II. Woodrow Wilson is now President:**
 - (1) Believes the Caribbean should be "made safe for democracy."
- 5. American investors push hard for U.S. action:
 - A) Wilson gets a promise from the Haitian government:
 - I. NO other nation will gain economic control of the country!

6. The Marines are landed!

- 7. Vilburn Sam starts a revolt!
- 8. March 4, 1915:
 - **A) Vilburn Sam becomes President:**
 - I. Makes a pledge to the United States:
 - (1) Arbitrate all foreign claims.
 - II. U.S. makes a pledge to Haiti:
 - (1) Protect the country from revolts.
 - (2) Protect the country from external attacks.
- 9. July 27, 1915:
 - A) Revolt against Vilburn Sam breaks out!
 - **B)** Fighting at the National Palace.
 - **C) 167 political prisoners are massacred!**
 - **D) Vilburn Sam flees to the French Legation.**
- 10. July 28, 1915:
 - A) Morning.
 - B) Mob...Drags Vilburn Sam from the French Embassy:
 - I. Lynched.
 - II. Body is torn to pieces.
- 11. The U.S., England, and France declare Port-Au-Prince to be under mob rule!

- 12. Marines under Colonel Tony Waller are landed:
 - A) French also land troops.
 - **B)** Order is restored.

13. Cacos:

- A) Rebels.
- **B)** Bandits.
- **C)** Use terrorist activities.
- D) Control certain areas of the country.
- E) Interrupt the railroads.
- F) Interrupt communications.
- G) Disrupt and destroy food supplies.
- H) Disrupt and destroy water supplies.
- 14. The U.S. will eventually have 2,000 Marines fighting them!

15. August 1915:

A) Marines carry out the informal occupation of Haiti.

16. September 1915:

- A) U.S. declares martial law.
- **B) A new constitution for Haiti is written:**
 - I. By Assistant Secretary of the Navy, Franklin D. Roosevelt.

- 17. October 24 & 25, 1915:
 - A) Battle of Fort Liberte.
 - **B) October 24th Dark:**
 - I. Marines are crossing the river.
 - II. Ambushed from 3 sides by Cacos.
 - III. Hold their ground all night.
 - C) October 25th:
 - I. Marines split into thirds and attack the Cacos in 3 directions.
 - II. Cacos retreat.
- **18. November 17, 1915 Battle of Fort Riviere:**
 - A) Three companies of Marines.
 - **B) Under Major Smedley Butler.**
 - C) Marines surround the Cacos in the fort and Attack:
 - I. Hand-to-hand fighting.
 - II. Bloody.
 - III. Every single Caco is killed.
- **19. After 1915 Period of relative peace:**
 - A) Road construction increases.
 - B) Public works are improved.
 - C) Country experiences overall general improvement.
- 20. 1918:
 - A) Caco leader is Charlemagne Peralte:

- I. Organizes a bandit resistance.
- II. Launches a series of attacks.
- III. Launches a series of raids.
- IV. Launches a series of terrorist activities.
- **B) He HAS to be stopped!**
- C) Reward of \$2 thousand is offered for him: I. Dead or alive.
- **21. Enter...Two Marines:**
 - A) Sergeant Herman Hanneken and Corporal William Button:
 - I. Come up with a plan to get Peralte.
 - B) A "show" is staged:
 - I. Hanneken publicly insults and slaps 2 Haitian policemen.
 - II. They pretend to quit!
 - III. They "join" the Cacos.
 - **IV. Become part of Peralte's group.**
 - V. Convince Peralte to attack the town held by Hanneken's Marines.
 - VI. They do so!
 - VII. Marines stage a phony retreat.
 - C) Peralte decides to attack Hanneken in force:
 - I. Word is smuggled to Hanneken where Peralte is camped.
 - D) Hanneken and Button dress as Cacos:
 - I. Smear burnt cork on their faces.

- II. 10 Haitian policemen dress as Cacos also.
- III. The group heads for Peralte's camp.
- IV. Passed by all the guards into Peralte's camp.
- 22. November 1, 1919:
 - A) Wee minutes after midnight.
 - B) Walk up to his campfire.
 - C) Hanneken walks right up to him:
 - I. Shoots him directly in the heart killing him!
 - D) Button opens fire on the guards with an automatic rifle!
 - E) All "hell" breaks loose:
 - I. They stay with the body all night.
 - II. Beating off attacks.
 - F) Dawn Cacos retreat:
 - I. The body is exhibited.
 - G) Hanneken and Button are awarded Congressional Medals of Honor.
- 23. Herman Hanneken:
 - A) Born...June 23, 1893...St. Louis, Missouri.
 - **B)** Haiti:
 - I. Medal of Honor.
 - II. Navy Cross.
 - C) Nicaragua...2nd Navy Cross.

- D) WW II Guadalcanal:
 - I. Silver Star.
- E) WW II New Britain.
- F) WWII Peleliu.
- G) 1948 Retires Brig. General.
- H) Death:
 - I. August 23, 1986 La Jolla, California Dies.
- 24. January 1920:
 - A) Port Au Prince:
 - I. 66 Cacos are killed.
- 25. April 1920:
 - A) Hanneken:
 - I. Navy Cross for:
 - (1) Tracking down and helping kill Caco leader, Osiris Joseph.

26. Benoit Batraville:

- A) Becomes the Caco leader.
- 27. May 19, 1920:
 - A) Batraville's group is ambushed by the Marines:
 - I. Marine Captain, Cy Perkins, kills Batraville.

28. June 1920 – Armistice:

- A) 11,600 Cacos surrender.
- **B)** Turn in their weapons.
- C) Each is given \$10 and new clothing.
- D) 2,450 Cacos have been killed.
- 29. August 7, 1933:
 - A) Agreement between the U.S. and Haiti:
 - I. Marines are to be withdrawn by October 1, 1934.
- 30. August 15, 1934:
 - A) Last Marines leave.
- 31. 1935:
 - A) Official American occupation ends:
 - I. 16 Marines have been killed and 18 wounded.
- **32. Haiti has benefited from the U.S. occupation:**
 - A) Financial problems are eliminated.
 - **B)** Currency is stabilized.
 - C) Budget is balanced.
 - D) Debts are paid.
 - E) Taxes are readjusted.
 - F) Public works are improved.
 - G) Sanitation is improved.
 - H) Education is improved.

I) Agriculture is improved.

1915 - November

November 25, 1915 – Colonel William Simmons:
 A) Atlanta, Georgia.

- **B)** revives the Ku Klux Klan...KKK!
- C) Greek "Kyklos" Means, "circle."

Invisible Empine * GRAND WIZAND * 10 Genii Realms (EACH STAT * Grand Drayon * 8 HydrAS DOMINIONS (CONGRESSIONEL DISTRICTS) * GRAND TOTAN * 6 FURIES DENS (LOCAL GROUPS) & GRAND CYCLOPS * 2 Night HAWKS

<u>1916</u>

- **1.** 1st National Workmen's Compensation laws.
- 2. 1st National Child Labor laws.
- **3. Railroad Workers...8 hour workday.**
- 4. Warehouse Act:A) Extends credit to farmers in need of cash.

1917. 70 1919 = ChicAgo= 26 Bombings of Alack Lesidences

MARCH

The Punitive Expedition 1916-1917 (10 Months & 20 Days)

- 1. 1916 Columbus, New Mexico:
 - A) 75 miles west of El Paso, Texas.
 - **B) South of Deming, New Mexico.**
 - C) 3 miles north of the Mexican border.
 - D) Town has 300 civilians.
 - E) Is a collection of adobe and frame houses:
 - I. 2 hotels.
 - II. 1 bank.
 - III. A post office.
 - **IV. Several stores.**
 - F) No electricity.
 - G) Kerosene for lamps and lanterns is running low.
 - H) Next to the town is Camp Furlong:
 - I. Home of the 13th Cavalry.
 - II. 7 rifle troops 1 machine gun troop and 1 headquarters troop:
 - a. Total of 348 men.
 - b. Commander is Colonel Herbert Slocum.
- 2. Tuesday March 7, 1916 Slocum gets news from 2 Mexican cowboys – Juan Favela and

Antonio Munoz – Who have barely escaped with their lives:

- A) Villa and his men have captured 4 American cowboys on the American side of the border:
 - I. William Corbett Arthur McKinney James O'Neil – and black cowboy, Edwin "Buck" Spencer:
 - a. Villa orders Corbett and McKinney lynched!
 - **b. Villa orders O'Neil shot!**
- 3. Thursday March 9, 1916 1:00 Morning:
 - A) 500 Villistas cut the border wire fence 3 miles west of the border gate at Palomas:
 I. Head for Columbus, New Mexico.
 - II. 3 miles away!
 - B) 4:30 Morning 1 mile from town Villa divides his 500 man force:
 - I. Half will hit Camp Furlong:
 - a. Targets are the Cavalry horses, guns, and ammunition!
 - II. Half will hit the town:
 - a. Targets are the bank, the hotels, and the stores!
 - C) At Camp Furlong In his quarters 1st Lt. John Lucas:
 - I. Hears horses and noises.

- II. Looks out the window.
- III. Sees mounted Mexican horsemen going by.
- D) Same time Guard, Pvt. Fred Griffin, near the Headquarters Building – Hears footsteps:
 - I. Yells a challenge.
 - II. Answer is a rifle shot that hits him in the stomach:

a. Falls.

- b. Manages to shoot and kill 3 of the Villistas before collapsing and dying!
 - (1) Griffin becomes the 1st American killed in the raid!
- E) Lucas runs from his hut with a .45 in his hand:
 - I. Runs for the barracks housing his machine gun troop.
- F) Officer of the Day, 39 year old, Lt. James Castleman runs out of his hut with a .45 in his hand:
 - I. Collides with one of the Villistas.
 - II. Shoots and kills him with the .45!
 - III. Finds Sgt. Michael Fody and some members of F Troop.

IV. They head for town.

V. Encounter heavy fire.

VI. Pvt. Jesse Taylor is wounded in the leg.

VII. Pvt. Thomas Butler is hit 4 times within 500 yards:

a. Refuses to quit fighting.

b. Keeps firing.

- c. Hit a 5th time and killed.
- VIII. Group reaches Main Street Takes cover – Opens fire on the Villistas.
- G) Meanwhile:
 - I. Lucas rouses his men.
 - II. They head for the Guard Shack 200 yards away.
 - III. Villista rushes out Fires at Lucas and misses – Lucas fires back with his .45 killing the Villista.
 - IV. Lucas and his men grab the machine guns.
 - V. Head for the railroad tracks to set them up!

VI. 30 riflemen under the command of Lt. Horace Stringfellow Jr. join them!

VII. For the next 90 minutes – Lucas and his machine gun crews will fire 20,000 rounds at the Villistas!

H) The Benet-Mercie Machine Gun:

I. French made.

II. Called "The Ben-A."

III. Adopted by the Army in 1910.

IV. Weighs 27 pounds.

V. Tray fed ammunition.

VI. Loading it is "the pits!"

VII. Can fire 700 rounds per minute.

- I) In town People are trying to get to safety and hide:
 - I. Sgt. John Nivergelt is killed getting his family to safety!
- J) At the Commercial Hotel:
 - I. Walton Walker is yanked away from his wife and shot to death on the stairs!
 - II. Vetrenarien, Dr. H.M. Hart and Engineer, Charles DeWitt Miller, are taken into the street – Robbed – Shot to death!
 - III. Hotel Owner, William Ritchie, is jerked away from his wife and three daughters – Taken to the lobby – Shot to death!
- K) Any house that shows light is fired upon by the Villistas!
- L) Druggist, C.C. Miller, is shot and killed!
- M) Grocer, James Dean, is shot and killed!
- N) A railroad worker is shot and killed!
- O) Harry Davis and W.A. Davidson, are shot and killed:
 - I. Both men arrived in Columbus the day before!

VIII. Because of light weight, the weapon "bounces" off target.

- P) Mrs. Milton James is shot and killed:I. Her husband is shot and wounded.
- Q) The Lemmons & Romney Grocery Store is doused with kerosene and set afire by the Villistas:
 - I. It spreads and catches the hotel on fire.
 - II. The fire illuminates the Villistas making them targets.
- R) Most athletic event of the raid:
 - I. Black servant, Carson Jackson, squeezes under a bathtub:

a. When the raid ends, he can't get out!

- S) At Camp Furlong The Villistas attack the cook shack:
 - I. Cooks throw hot, boiling, coffee on them!
 - II. Cooks attack them with baseball bats, axes, and shotguns!

a. Villistas retreat!!!!!

b. Afterwards – Chunks of brains and skull found everywhere!

T) Lucas and his men are still firing away:

I. Corporal Barmazel has a large portion of his jawbone blown away:

a. Wraps it up and keeps firing!

II. Sgt. Mark Dobbs is shot through the liver:

a. Keeps firing until he dies!

U) Dawn – The Villistas start retreating

towards the border:

- I. Major Frank Tompkins and 32 men go in pursuit:
 - a. They are joined by 27 more men under Castleman:
 - (1) They cross the border.
 - (2) Engage Villa's rear guard.
 - (3) Americans Pistol charge Route the Villistas killing 32 of them!
 - (4) Chase goes 15 miles into Mexico.
 - (5) Americans are outnumbered Horses and men are exhausted – Ammunition is low.
 - (6) Head back for Columbus.
 - (7) Arrive at 12:45 in the afternoon.
- 4. Columbus:
 - A) Over 100 dead Villistas:
 - I. 67 of the bodies are stacked, doused with kerosene, and burnt!
 - B) 9 civilians and 8 soldiers are dead.....17.
 - C) 2 civilians and 6 soldiers are wounded.....8.
 - D) 8 wounded Villistas have been taken prisoner.
 - E) Villa has gotten away with:
 - I. 80 horses.
 - II. 30 mules.
 - III. 300 rifles.

IV. Numerous supplies.

- 5. Late morning Thursday March 9, 1916 President Woodrow Wilson is informed of the raid:
 - A) Calls for a Cabinet meeting early the next morning March 10th:
 - I. BUT, his mind is already made up! a. The U.S. Army is going into Mexico to get Villa!
- 6. President Venustiano Carranza is informed of the raid:
 - A) Says he will hunt Villa down and punish him for the raid:
 - I. Issues orders to the Federal Troops to resist American troops crossing into Mexico:
 - a. He wants NO American troops in Mexico!
 - (1) He considers any Americans coming into Mexico to be an act of war!
- 7. Doesn't matter to Wilson He is going to send in troops because:
 - A) The raid on Columbus!
 - **B)** Other raids on American soil by Villa!

- C) The lack of action in stopping these raids by the Carrancista Government!
- D) Public opinion is screaming for intervention!
- E) AND, 1916 is an election year!
- 8. Friday March 10, 1916 Secretary of War, Newton Baker, and General Hugh Scott, plan the expedition:
 - A) Leader 55 yaer old, Brig. General John J. Pershing.
 - **B)** Pershing's force:
 - I. 4 Cavalry regiments.
 - II. 2 Infantry regiments.
 - **III. 2 companies of Army Engineers.**
 - IV. 1 Ambulance company and Field Hospital.
 - V. 2 Wagon companies:
 - a. 27 wagons.
 - b. 36 men.
 - c. 6 horses.
 - d. 112 mules.
 - VI. 1 Signal Corps detachment.
 - **VII. 2 Batteries of Field Artillery:**
 - a. 8 Mountain-type Howitzers:
 - (1) Effective range is 5,500 yards.
 - (2) Each can fire 8 rounds per
 - minute.

**Total U.S. artillery ammunition in 1916 is.....5,800 rounds: @@ OR, 3 minutes of combat!

VIII. 54 Trucks:

- a. Government has to advertise to buy them!
- b. They cost the Government \$500 thousand!
- c. Government has to hire civilian drivers....nobody in the military knows how to drive them!
- d. Government has to hire civilian mechanics.....nobody in the military knows how to work on them!

IX. The 1st Aero Squadron:

a. All 8 planes!!!!!

C) Total of 4,800 men and 4,175 animals!

- 9. The American Soldier in 1916:
 - A) Primarily immigrants:
 - I. German Irish Polish Italian Scandinavian.

B) Average height is 5-9.

- **C) Equipment:**
 - I. Food:

a. Hardtack.

b. Bacon.

c. Coffee.

- II. 1903, .30-06, 9 pound, Springfield, bolt action rifle.
- **III. Web belt holding:**
 - a. 5 round clips of rifle ammunition.
 - **b.** Bayonet and scabbard.
 - c. Canteen.
 - d. Colt, .45, semi-automatic, pistol and holster.
- **IV. Back pack containing:**

a. Spoon.

b. Eating knife.

c. Blanket.

d. Soap.

e. Water repellant poncho.

f. 2 pairs of socks.

g. 1 pair of shorts (underwear).

h. A towel.

i. Spare t-shirt.

j. Toothbrush.

k. Rifle cleaning gear.

I. Needle and thread.

m. Spare buttons.

n. Dice.

o. Cards.

p. Company Orders #1.

- q. Pencil.
- r. Post cards.
- s. Tobacco, rolling paper, and matches.
- t. Condoms.
- 10. Major problems facing Pershing and the American Army going into Mexico:
 - A) How the Carrancista Government will react!
 - **B)** How the Carrancista troops will react!
 - **C) An ill-prepared American Army!**
 - D) Americans are not allowed to use Mexican railroads!
 - E) Americans are not allowed to use Mexican towns as bases!
 - F) Americans are not allowed to use Mexican towns as:
 - I. Camps.
 - II. Stopping places.
 - **III. Recreational places.**
 - G) 94,000 square miles of the state of Chihuahua which:
 - I. Is rugged!
 - II. Has a scarcity of water!
 - **III. Has hardly any roads!**
 - IV. The hostile attitude of the people!
 - V. Is Villa's "home turf!"

- 11. Wednesday March 15, 1916 12:15 Afternoon:
 - A) Major Frank Tompkins and the first American troops cross into Mexico.
- 12. Thursday March 16, 1916 12:30 Morning: A) 40 miles south of Hachita.
 - B) 2nd American column Under Pershing Enters Mexico.
- **13. Villa after the raid:**
 - A) Leads his 400 survivors to El Valle: I. Gains 40 "volunteers!"
- 14. Saturday March 18, 1916 Villa reaches Namaquipa:
 - A) Battle against 200 Carrancistas:
 - I. Routes the Carrancistas!
- 15. Monday March 20, 1916:
 - A) The American 1st Column finds the body of a dead American:
 - I. Has been dead for a week!
 - II. Is wearing only shorts and a shirt.
 - III. Is blindfolded.
 - IV. Has been shot in the head.
 - B) Same day Carranza issues a statement:
 I. Does not want the American troops in

Mexico.

- II. Does not like the American troops in Mexico.
- C) Same day Villa leaves Namaquipa.
- 16. Friday & Saturday March 24 & 25, 1916 Villa rests in Rubio:
 - A) Prepares to attack Guerrero.
- 17. Sunday March 26, 1916 Night Villa leaves Rubio:
 - A) Heads for Guerrero.
- 18. Tuesday March 28, 1916 4:00 Morning Villa attacks Guerrero:
 - A) Vicious fight.
 - **B)** Carrancistas flee.
 - C) Villa is shot by one of his "volunteers":
 - I. Bullet enters the back of the right knee.
 - II. Travels down 4 inches and exits through the shin bone, shattering it: a. Small bone splinters are removed.
 - **b. Wound is dressed.**
- **19. Wednesday March 29, 1916:**
 - A) Villa is loaded in a wagon:
 - I. 150 man escort.
 - **II. Heads for Parral.**

- B) Same day At Guerrero 8:00 Morning:
 - I. Colonel George Dodd and 370 men of the 7th Cavalry.
 - II. Attack the remaining Villistas.
 - III. Dodd opens fire with machine guns at 1,000 yards.
 - IV. Cavalry charges.
 - V. Villistas retreat.
 - VI. Losses:
 - a. Villistas 56 killed and 35 wounded.
 - **b.** Americans 5 wounded.
 - (1) Dodd is made a Brig. General and awarded the Silver Star.
- 20. Pershing's headquarters is a rented Dodge touring car:
 - A) He is constantly followed by reporters in Fords, Hudsons, and Dodges they have rented in El Paso.
- 21. April 1916 The American Aero Squadron receives "bombs":
 - A) Are actually 3 inch artillery shells!
 - B) Nobody knows how to use them!
 - C) Have been sent purely for publicity and propaganda!
- 22. Throughout the campaign the Planes will be

used primarily as couriers:

- A) All 8 crash or are abandoned in Mexico:
 - I. 1 crashes and starts one of the largest forest fires in the history of Mexico!
- 23. Town of Agua Caliente is held by Villistas under General Francisco Beltran:
 - A) Squad of the all black, 10th Cavalry, led by black Major, Charles Young, attacks:
 I. At 300 yards the Villistas open fire.
 - II. Americans dismount and return the fire.
 - III. American machine guns are set up and open fire.
 - **IV. Cavalry remounts and charges.**
 - V. Villistas retreat.
 - VI. Losses:
 - a. Villistas 4 killed Wounded unknown.
 - **b.** Americans.....zero!
- 24. April 11, 1916 Town of Santa Cruz de Herrero:
 - A) Held by the Villistas.
 - B) Before dawn Major Robert Howze and the 11th Cavalry attacks:
 - I. Villistas retreat.
 - II. Howze orders a halt.
 - III. Daylight Town is searched.

- IV. Camp is made south of the town.
- V. 14 Yaqui Indians enter the camp:
 - a. Tell Howze that Villa is 1 mile away in a ranch house wounded.
 - **b.** Howze doesn't believe them!
 - c. Refuses to go and search the house!
 - d. Next morning The Americans head on south:
 - (1) Later learned Villa WAS in the house!
- 25. April 12, 1916 Battle of Parral:
 - A) Just before noon:
 - I. Squad of the 13th Cavalry under Major Frank Tompkins enters Parral.
 - B) Carrancista commander of the town,
 General Ismael Lozano, orders the
 Americans out of the town immediately:
 I. Tompkins agrees.
 - II. Americans start retreating.
 - III. Are following Lozano who is acting as a guide and escort.
 - IV. Angry crowd of people gathers around and starts cursing the Americans.
 - V. Lozano leads them a few hundred yards north of the town, across the railroad tracks, into an ambush!!

- C) Civilians start shooting at the American rear guard.
- D) Carrancista troops on a hill to the American right open fire:

I. Sgt. Jay Richley is shot and killed.

E) 1st Lt. Clarence Lininger and 8 hand-picked riflemen go to the rear of the American column:

I. Open fire on the Carrancistas pinning them down!

- II. Tompkins starts leading the column out of the ambush towards Santa Cruz de Villegas.
- III. 100 Carrancistas ride forward trying to outflank the Americans:
 - a. Lininger and his 8 men open fire on them:
 - (1) Kill 25 and wound 25 forcing the Carrancistas to retreat.
- F) Americans reach the Santa Cruz road:
 - I. Carrancistas charge again flring.
 - II. 4 Americans are hit 1 killed and 3 wounded.

III. Running fight all afternoon.

- **G) Reach Santa Cruz de Villegas:**
 - I. Captain Frederick Turner and 20 men fight a rear guard action.
 - II. Carrancistas charge them.

III. At 200 yards the Americans open fire.

IV. Kill 42 Carrancistas – Rest retreat.

- H) Americans take refuge in the town:
 - I. Have lost 2 killed 6 wounded 1 missing – 7 horses killed – 16 horses wounded.
 - II. Are short of food, water, and ammunition.

III. Tompkins sends 3 men for help.

- I) Lozano halts his men ½ mile from the town:
 - I. Is deciding what action to take.
 - II. Captain Lippincott is laying on the roof of one of the adobe houses.
 - III. Spots the Carrancistas starting forward.
 - IV. Adjusts the sights, uses the sling, lays prone, takes careful aim at one of the Carrancistas, fires:
 - a. Kills the man at 800 yards.....2,400 feet!

(1) Carrancistas retreat.

- J) The 3 men Tompkins has sent for help reach Colonel Brown's 10th Cavalry:
 - I. Major Charles Young and a squad of the 10th Cavalry are sent to relieve Tompkins:
 - a. Reach him later in the day rescuing the Americans.

- 26. Pershing's headquarters now is in a cornfield near Satevo:
 - A) He is cut off from his base at Columbus.
 - B) He does not intend to withdraw from Chihuahua.
 - C) His front is 100 miles wide :
 - I. From Santa Cruz de Villegas westward to the Sierra Madre Occidental.
 - D) He is 400 miles deep in Mexico.
 - E) He has 6,000 horses to feed:
 - I. They need 60,000 pounds of grain and 84,000 pounds of hay daily!
 - F) His troops have not been paid since leaving Columbus.
 - G) The U.S. is very close to war with the Carrancista Government.
- **27. Carranza issues orders:**
 - A) All trains destined for the American forces are to be stopped and searched:
 - I. Certain items are to be confiscated!
 - a. Results.....only 60% of the rations and supplies reach the American forces.
- 28. Pershing issues 5 objectives to make the Expedition successful:

- A) Occupy as much of Chihuahua as possible.
- **B) Hire reliable Mexicans as informants.**
- C) Scout the search areas.
- D) Expand and stabilize the supply lines.
- E) Keep enough men and animals to:
 - I. Occupy territory.
 - II. Keep up the pursuit.
- 29. Saturday April 22, 1916 Battle of Tomochic:
 - A) Late afternoon -Colonel George Dodd and 190 men of the 7th Cavalry approach the Village of Tomochic:
 - I. Defended by 200 Villistas under Candelario Cervantes.
 - B) Dodd sets up his machine guns 800 yards from the town:

I. 4:30 – Cavalry charge!

- II. Supported by the machine guns.
- C) Enter the town:
 - I. Firing everywhere.
 - II. Americans are split in two Fighting the Villistas north and south of the river.
 - III. Viliistas take cover on the high ground and open fire on the Americans:
 - a. Ralph Ray is shot through the head and killed.
 - **b. Pvt. Oliver Bonshea is shot in the**

stomach and killed.

- D) Americans finally take the high ground:
 - I. Fighting continues until dark.
- E) Dawn Easter Sunday April 23, 1916:
 - I. Villistas are gone:
 - a. Have left 30 dead and 25 wounded:
 - (1) Indians of the village strip the dead and wounded.
 - (2) Pile both together and burn them!!!
- 30. Wilson asks Carranza to send a representative to El Paso, Texas to meet with Generals Hugh Scott and Frederick Funston:
 - A) Carranza sends Secretary of War, Alvaro Obregon.
- 31. Sunday April 30, 1916 Customs House in Juarez:
 - A) The 3 men meet:
 - I. Obregon demands to know when the U.S. is going to withdraw it's forces from Mexico.
 - II. Talks result in....nothing!
- 32. U.S. intercepts a message from Carranza to General Arnulfo Gomez:

- A) Orders him to be prepared to cut off the American forces in Mexico!!
- 33. Tuesday May 2, 1916 El Paso, Texas:
 - A) Paseo del Norte Hotel.
 - B) Secret meeting between Obregon and Scott:
 - I. Lasts for 12 hours.
 - **II. Agreement is reached:**
 - a. Gradual and undated withdrawal of American troops.
 - b. Mexican Government is to step up it's efforts to wipe out Villa.
 - C) The agreement only needs Carranza's signature!
- 34. Friday May 5, 1916 Battle of Ojos Azules (Blue Eyes):
 - A) 20 miles southwest of Cusi.
 - **B) A ranch:**
 - I. Is a cuartel Virtual fortress.
 - II. Defended by Villistas under Cruz Dominguez, Julio Acosta, and Antonio Angel.
 - C) Morning Major Robert Howze and 333 men of the 11th Cavalry approach:
 - I. With drawn pistols the Americans charge.

II. Supported by machine gun fire.

- D) Battle is over in 20 minutes:
 - I. Villistas retreat Leave 61 dead.
 - II. American casualties.....zero!
- E) Villista, Pablo Lopez, is wounded and captured:
 - I. He is the leader of the Santa Ysabel Massacre.
 - II. Is turned over to the Carrancistas.
 - III. June 1916 Chihuahua City On crutches – Shot!
- 35. Same day Glenn Springs, Texas:
 - A) Consists of:
 - I. Wax factory.
 - II. Store.
 - III. Few farm houses.
 - IV. Few adobe houses.
 - V. 1 corral.
 - VI. Few tin sheds.
 - **VII. The Compton Family home.**
 - B) Town is guarded by Sgt. Smythe and 8 men of the 14th Cavalry.
 - C) 11:00 Night:
 - I. Carrancistas hit the town.
 - II. Smythe and 6 of the soldiers take refuge in an adobe hut and open fire: a. Beat back several Carrancista

attacks.

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- III. Carrancistas set fire to the roof of the hut:
 - a. Soldiers rush out firing.
 - b. Trooper Cohen, has his face blown off and killed.
 - c. Trooper Coloe, is shot and killed 10 feet out the door.
 - d. Trooper Rogers, is totally on fire, he is shot and killed.
- IV. Rest of the soldiers make it to safety.
- D) Dawn Carrancistas are gone:
 - I. Americans have lost 3 soldiers and 1 civilian killed (4) and 2 soldiers wounded.
 - II. Body of only 1 raider is found Rodriguez Ramirez, a confirmed Carrancista!
- **36. Saturday May 6, 1916:**
 - A) Boquillas, Texas 12 miles from Glenn Springs:
 - I. Dawn Carrancista raiders hit:
 - a. Sieze Deemer's General Store.
 - **b. Steal supplies.**
 - c. 10:15 Morning Head back into Mexico.
 - **B)** Same day Carranza issues a statement:

- I. Refuses to sign the Scott-Obregon Agreement:
 - a. UNTIL, a specific date is set for U.S. withdrawal!
- C) Same day German Ambassador in Washington, D.C., Count von Bernstorff, wires Berlin:
 - I. That the Expedition will lead to full scale war between the United States and Mexico.
- 37. Sunday May 7, 1916 Carranza issues statements and orders:
 - A) Says the raids have been carried out by lawless groups from the American side of the border!!!???!!
 - **B)** Wires Obregon to resume talks with Scott:
 - I. AND, to tell Scott that any American troops crossing the border in pursuit of any Mexican "raiders" will be considered invaders and dealt with accordingly!
- 38. Meanwhile General Funston gets permission from President Wilson and Secretary of War, Newton Baker, to:
 - A) Strengthen border patrols.
 - B) To send Cavalry units into Mexico in pursuit of "raiders."

- **39. Tuesday May 9, 1916:**
 - A) National Guard Units of Arizona, New Mexico, and Texas are called out and placed on alert:
 - I. Turnout is pathetic!!!!!
 - a. Arizona.....990 men.
 - b. New Mexico....1,128 men.
 - c. Texas.....3,003 men:
 - (1) 5,121 men total for 3 states!!!
 - B) Same day Talks resume between Scott and Obregon:
 - I. Neither side budges!
 - II. Talks end.....NO RESULTS!
- 40. Wednesday May 10, 1916:
 - A) Late morning American force under Captain James Rhea arrives at Boquillas, Texas:
 - I. Late afternoon Cross the river into Mexico:
 - a. Release some American captives held there.
- 41. Thursday May 11, 1916 11:40 Night 8th Cavalry crosses into Mexico:
 - A) Consists of:
 - I. 100 mounted men.

- II. 1 forage truck.
- III. 2 Ford sedans with newspaper reporters.
- **IV. 2 motion picture cameramen.**
- V. Chauffeur driven, 8 cylinder, Cadillac, belonging to Major George Langhorne.
- B) For 2 weeks they chase the "raiders":
 - I. Cover 200 miles.
 - II. Kill a few.
 - III. Capture 5.
 - IV. "The Cadillac Episode."
- C) After 2 weeks Recalled.
- 42. Sunday May 14, 1916 2nd Lt. George
 Patton Jr. and 8 men in 3 cars are foraging for corn near the San Miguelito Ranch:
 A) George S. Patton Jr.:
 - I. Family is from Virginia Dating back to throughout the 18th century.
 - II. Grandfather is George S. Patton:
 - a. Confederate General Civil war.
 - b. September 1864 3rd Battle of
 Winchester Wounded in the
 stomach Dies of gangrene.
 - III. December 1866 Family moves to California:

a. Settle in the Los Angeles area.

IV. His father, George Patton – Attends the

Virginia Military Institute.

- V. Moves back to California:
 - a. Buys an 1,800 acre estate in the San Merino-Pasadena area.

VI. His father is a Progressive:

- a. BUT, George grows up to admire the "Robber Barons" his father hated!
- VII. George S. Patton Jr. Born November 11, 1885 – San Gabriel, California.

VIII. Comes to be called "Georgie."

IX. By age 4 – Good rider.

X. By his teens he is an excellent rider.

XI. Age 5 has his own pistol.

- XII. To age 12 His education is READ to him by his father:
 - a. He cannot read or write!
 - (1) This is a major reason he is a poor speller all of his life!
- XIII. September 29, 1897 Age 12 Starts attending Dr. S.C. Clark's School for Boys in Pasadena:

a. Learns to read and write.

- XIV. Age 17 Enters the Virginia Military Institute.
- XV. February 15, 1904 Is appointed to the West Point Military Academy: a. July 15, 1904 – Starts.

- b. 148 in his class.
- c. Is NOT popular!
- d. Forced to repeat his plebe year because of poor math grades.
- e. Superb horseman.
- f. Plays polo.
- g. Expert shot.
- h. Very good at track.
- i. Best swordsman in the Academy.
- j. June 11, 1909 Graduates as a 2nd Lt.

k. Stationed at Ft. Sheridan in Illinois. XVI. May 26, 1910 – Beverly Farms,

> Massachusetts – Marries Beatrice Banning Aver:

a. Called "Bea."

XVII. The two will have plenty of money to play the social game, AND, THEY DO!!!

a. Entertain a lot.

- **b. SHE HAS LOTS OF MONEY!!!**
- c. He will never understand finances, SHE DOES!!
- XVIII. March 19, 1911 Daughter, Beatrice Smith Patton is born.

XIX. Physically:

a. 6-1 tall – 170 pounds – High

squeaky voice - Smokes cigarettes.

XX. 1912 – Olympics – Stockholm, Sweden:

a. Represents the U.S. Army in the Pentathlon.

b. 5 events:

(1) 25 meter pistol shooting.

(2) 300 meter swimming.

- (3) Fencing.
- (4) 3 mile cross country steeplechase.

(5) 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ mile cross country race.

c. Finishes 5th out of 47 participants.

XXI. 1915 – Stationed at Ft. Bliss, Texas.

XXII. February 28, 1915 – 2nd child –

Daughter – Ruth Ellen Patton is born.

XXIII. Fall of 1915 – Meets Brig. General John J. Pershing:

a. Becomes a "favorite" of Pershing. XXIV. Mexico:

a. Carries 2 lvory handled .45's in holsters.

- B) It is known that there are Villistas in the area.
- C) Patton notices that the ranch house doors are tall enough for a man on horseback to ride in and out of!
- D) Patton and 2 men start walking toward the house to check it out:
 - I. 6 men go around back.

E) 20 yards from the gate – Doors burst open:

- I. 3 mounted men come galloping out.
- II. Patton fires 5 times with a .45:
 - a. Kills two of the men and wounds the 3rd who ducks back into the ranch:
 - (1) Tries to run for it.
 - (2) Shot thru the head and killed by one of Patton's men:

**Turns out to be.....Julio Cardenas.....head of Villa's Dorados!

- F) Bodies are taken to Rubio for identification:
 - I. General Julio Cardenas.
 - II. Pvt. Juan Garza.

III. Unknown.

- G) Patton will be promoted to 1st Lt.
- H) That night Writes wife Feelings about killing his 1st man:

I. Like 1st swordfish – Surprised at his luck!

- I) Later Patton Kerosene lamp explodes: I. Face badly burnt.
 - II. Back across the border for treatment.

III. He will be accident prone his entire life!

- 43. Thursday May 25, 1916:
 - A) 7:00 Morning:

- I. Mapping detail of 11 men under Sgt. James Mayson heads out.
- II. Enter Namaquipa Canyon.
- III. Men scatter in all directions.
- **B)** Attacked by 30 Villistas:
 - I. Battle.
 - II. Villistas retreat Leaving 2 dead:
 - a. General Candelario Cervantes and Captain Jose Vencomo:

(1) Both are leaders of the Dorados.C) Americans suffer 1 killed and 2 wounded.

- 44. Saturday June 10, 1916 45 miles north of Laredo, Texas:
 - A) Night Carrancistas cross the border: I. Steal 80 horses.
- 45. Sunday June 11, 1916 Near Webb, Texas:
 - A) Night Carrancistas cross the border:
 - I. Attempt to burn the railroad bridge.
 - II. Discovered by a 9th Cavalry patrol.
 - III. Battle.
 - IV. Retreat back across the border leaving 3 dead and 6 captured:
 - a. One of the dead is Lt. Colonel Villareal of the Carrancista Army!

46. Thursday - June 15, 1916 – San Ygnacio,

Texas:

A) 2:00 - Morning - 100 Carrancistas attack:

- I. 30 minute battle against 146 American troops:
 - a. Retreat back across the border leaving 8 dead:
 - (1) 2 of the dead are Carrancista officers.
- **B) Americans suffer 3 killed.**
- 47. Sunday June 18, 1916 Mazatlan, Mexico:
 - A) Morning Ensign D.W. Kessing, Assistant Paymaster Andrew Mowatt, and 3 armed Navy Bluejackets from the U.S.S. Annapolis approach shore in a boat:
 - I. Assignment is to evacuate any Americans wishing to leave.
 - **B) Kessing and Mowatt step ashore:**
 - I. Arrested by Carrancistas.

II. Bluejackets shove off.

- **III. Fired at by the Carrancistas:**
 - a. Boatswains Mate I.M. Laughter is killed.
- **IV. Bluejackets return fire:**
 - a. Wound 3 of the Carrancistas.
- **C)** Later After diplomatic talks:
 - I. Kessing and Mowatt are released and returned to the ship.

- 48. Wednesday June 21, 1916 Battle of Carrizal:
 - A) Captain Charles Boyd and Captain Lewis Morey of the 10th Cavalry, with 89 men have been sent on a scouting mission by Pershing:

I. Orders are:

- a. Avoid any fight if possible.
- **b.** Do not get surprised.
- c. If attacked, use your own judgement.
- d. Keep the safety of the command in mind.
- **B) At the Santo Domingo Ranch:**
 - I. Boyd is informed that there are 400 Carrancistas in the town of Carrizal.
 - II. He is advised to bypass the town.
 - III. Says his orders direct him to go through the town:
 - a. THEY DO NOT!!!
 - IV. Boyd makes a comment about "making history."
- C) 4:00 Morning Americans head out:
 - I. Stop 1 mile southwest of Carrizal.
 - II. Between them and the town is 600 yards of open ground.
 - III. The Carrancistas take cover in trees and an irrigation ditch next to the

town.

D) Boyd sends a messenger forward:

- I. Requests permission to pass thru the town:
 - a. Refused!
- E) Boyd orders his men to advance!!!!!
 - I. Halt Messenger from the Carrancista commander, General Felix Gomez:
 - a. Asks Boyd to enter the town for a conference:
 - (1) Boyd refuses.
 - (2) Orders his 79 men forward in battle formation.
- F) Boyd halts again:
 - I. Gomez rides up and forbids Boyd to attempt to ride through the town or a fight will take place.
- G) Boyd orders his men to dismount and advance:
 - I. Orders his men to charge over the remaining 300 yards of open ground.
 - II. Rifle and machine gun fire erupts.
 - III. Heavy casualties on both sides.
 - IV. Hand to hand fighting.

V. Boyd is killed.

VI. Gomez is killed.

- H) Dark Fighting ends:
 - I. Americans have suffered their worst

defeat of the Expedition:

a. 12 killed – 10 wounded – 24 captured. II. Carrancistas have lost: a. 30 killed and 40 wounded.

- 49. 8 hours after the battle President Wilson learns of the defeat:
 A) Pershing is stunned at Boyd's actions!
- 50. Relationships between the United States and Mexico are at the breaking point!
- 51. Thursday June 29, 1916:

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- A) Afternoon Carranza orders the Americans taken prisoner at Carrizal to be released:
 I. Will be safely returned at El Paso, Texas.
- 52. July 4, 1916 Ft. Hancock, Texas 40 miles below El Paso:
 - A) Carrancistas attack:
 - I. Kill the U.S. Customs Inspector and an American soldier.
 - II. Carrancistas lose 3 killed and 3 captured.
- **53. Situation in July of 1916:**
 - A) Wilson is not going to recall the American troops:

- I. Election is only months away.
- II. A recall would spell defeat for him!
- 54. Pershing's troops are centered at Colonia Dublan and Casas Grandes:
 - A) Rains hit!
 - **B)** Duststorms hit!
 - **C) Boredom sets in!**
 - D) He sets up elaborate training exercises!
 - E) He sets up elaborate drills!
 - F) He opens a liquor store!
 - G) He opens a WHORE HOUSE:
 - I. Girls are Mexican.
 - II. Madam is American.
 - III. Doctor is U.S. Army.
 - IV. Fee is \$2.00 American monry.
 - V. V.D. rate drops.
 - H) Letter home to "Brother" Last night became "a man" – Mom – Congressman:
 - I. Pershing called on the carpet.
 - II. Shuts down 1 week Censors mail Back open – Men happy!
- 55. September 6, 1916 New London,

Connecticut – Joint High Commission meets:

- A) To solve the U.S./Mexico problem.
- **B)** Carranza claims Villa is dead!
- C) Days drag by No solutions!

- 56. September 16, 1916 News Villa has recuperated:
 - A) With 1,000 men he has taken Chihuahua City.
 - **B) Result:**
 - I. New London meeting is adjourned: a. Carranza's claim is false!
 - C) Villa will hold Chihuahua City until December 7, 1916.
- 57. October 2, 1916 Atlantic City, New Jersey The High Commission reconvenes:
 - A) Will accomplish nothing!
 - **B) Will adjourn!**
- 58. January 12, 1917 President Wilson informs Secretary of War, Newton Baker, he wants the Expedition withdrawn:
 - A) One week later Pershing gets the orders.
- 59. January 27, 1917 The Americans start withdrawing:
 - A) 10,690 men.
 - B) 9,307 horses.
 - C) 2,030 Mexican refugees.
 - D) 533 Chinese refugees.
 - E) 197 American refugees.

- 60. February 4, 1917 Palomas, Mexico: A) The American force assembles.
- 61. February 5, 1917 The Americans start leaving Mexico.
- 62. Summary:
 - A) 17 actions fought:
 - I. 9 vs. the Carrancistas.
 - II. 8 vs. the Villistas.
 - B) Deepest penetration into Mexico: I. Parral – 516 miles.
 - C) Killed:
 - I. 381 Carrancistas and Villistas.
 - II. 34 American soldiers and 12 civilians: a. Total.....46!
 - **D) Wounded:**
 - I. 111 Carrancistas and Villistas.
 - II. 33 American soldiers and 2 civilians: a. Total.....35!

E) Length of time:

- I. 10 months and 20 days.
- F) Cost to U.S. \$140 million!

<u> 1916 - August</u>

1. August 25, 1916 – National Park Service is created:

A) Part of the Department of the Interior.

September

1916-1925 (9 Years) <u>The Dominican Intervention</u>

- 1.March 28, 1905 President Theodore Roosevelt makes an informal agreement with Santo Domingo:
 - A) Will be called "The Roosevelt Corollary":
 - I. Allows the U.S. to supervise customs in the interest of Santo Domingo and her creditors.
 - II. Extends the Monroe Doctrine to cover what Roosevelt thinks it should.
- 2. February 8, 1907 A Treaty is arranged with Santo Domingo:

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- A) U.S. takes control of the country's finances.
- **B) U.S. supervises the collection of customs:**
 - I. A percentage of the customs collected is used to pay on the country's debts.
- C) Foreign debts are transferred from European banks to American banks.
- D) U.S. is in charge of adjusting claims to foreign creditors.
- 3. September 1912 Revolt breaks out: A) Marines are landed to restore order and

protect the customs service!

B) Bloody fighting:

I. U.S. Ambassador requests more troops. II. May 4, 1916 – Reinforcements are landed.

- 4. September 18, 1924 Last Marines leave Santo Domingo.
- 5. December 27, 1924 Treaty is signed between the U.S. and Santo Domingo:
 - A) Ends the U.S. Military Government in the country.
 - B) Santo Domingo can now borrow money, BUT, not to exceed \$25 million.
 - C) January 21, 1925 Senate consents to the Treaty:
 - I. Intervention is ended:
 - a. 1,137 Rebels have been killed.
 - **b. 20 Marines killed and 67 wounded.**

1916 - November

- November 7, 1916 Presidential Election:
 A) 2nd Term.
 - **B) Democrat, Woodrow Wilson.**
- 2. November 7, 1916 Jeanette Rankin:
 - A) Montana.
 - **B) U.S. House of Representatives.**
 - **C)** 1st elected Congresswoman.

<u>1917</u>

1. Jones-Shaforth Act:

- A) U.S. citizenship to Puerto Ricans.
- B) Allowed locally elected Senate & House of Representatives.

1917 - 1922 (5 Years) <u>The Cuban Revolt</u>

- 1. 1916 General Mario Menocal wins re-election by fraud: A) He is a U.S. "stooge"!
- 2. 1917 Liberal uprising against him!

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3. U.S. needs Cuban sugar - Wilson backs Menocal:
A) At Menocal's request 2,600 Marines are landed:
I. Will fight no battles and leave in 1922.

<u> 1917 - March</u>

March 5, 1917 – Presidential Inauguration: A) Democrat, Woodrow Wilson – 2nd Term.