# 1917-1918 (\*\*Months) 19 Months World War I

#### 1. 1914:

- A) August 4th President Woodrow Wilson:
  - I. Declares America's neutrality.
- B) England:
  - I. Blockades the North Sea.
  - II. Results:
    - (1) Starvation in Germany...750,000 die!
    - (2) Forces Germany into Submarine Warfare.
- C) December 26<sup>th</sup> Wilson issues an official protest to England:
  - I. Detention and seizure of American cargos destined for neutral ports!
- D) December 29<sup>th</sup> Wilson protests to England again:
  - I. Detention of American ships!
  - II. Searching them for contraband!
- E) Wilson:
  - I. Continues to send harsh notes to England!
  - II. BUT, the U.S. Ambassador to England, Walter Hines Page:
    - (1) Is pro-England.
    - (2) "Softens" the notes!

#### February 1915

- 1. February 10<sup>th</sup> Woodrow Wilson:
  - A) Issues the "Strict Accountability Note":
    - I. To Germany.
    - II. Protests the risks she is creating by establishing "war zones."
- 2. February 10<sup>th</sup> Same day Wilson:
  - A) Protests to England:
    - I. English ships using the American flag:
      - (1) So, German submarines will not fire on them!
- 3. February 20<sup>th</sup> Off the coast of Holland:
  - A) U.S. cotton ship.
  - B) The "Evelyn."
  - C) Sunk by a German submarine!
- 4. February 20th Same day Wilson:
  - A) Issues a protest list to England:
    - I. Misuse of the U.S. flag!
    - II. Illegal blockades!
      - (1) Is causing starvation in Germany:
        - a. BUT, England replies...Look at Lincoln and the South during the Civil War!
    - III. Illegal tampering of U.S. mail!
    - IV. Stopping U.S. ships on the high seas!

- V. Taking U.S. ships to English ports for search!
- VI. Interfering with U.S. trade with other neutral countries!
- VII. Expanding the contraband list to include...FOOD!!
  - (1) Has forced Germany to retaliate with submarine warfare!
- 5. England publishes a "Black List":
  - A) 87 American companies.
  - B) British subjects are forbidden to deal with them!
    - I. Why???
      - (1) Those 87 companies have conducted business with Germany!
- 6. Wilson retaliates:
  - A) Closes U.S. ports to ships of companies or countries that discriminate against American companies!!!
- 7. February 23<sup>rd</sup> "Carib":
  - A) American cargo ship.
  - B) Sunk by a German submarine.

#### <u>March 28, 1915 – The "Falaba"</u>

- 1. Entrance to the English Channel:
  - A) "Falaba" is heading for England:
    - I. British, 5,000 ton, cargo and passenger ship.
  - B) German submarine The U-28.
  - C) Orders the "Falaba" to halt.
  - D) "Falaba" refuses.
  - E) Germans fire...Force it to stop.
  - F) Give the "Falaba" 10 minutes to abandon ship.
  - G) "Falaba" continues to wire for help.
  - H) Is given ANOTHER 10 minutes.
  - I) Is given a third extension of 3 minutes!
  - J) Armed British trawler approaches.
  - K) U-Boat torpedoes the "Falaba":
    - I. 13 tons of explosives go up!!!
    - II. On board is American citizen, Leon Thrasher:
      - (1) He is killed in the explosion.
      - (2) 1<sup>st</sup> American to be killed in WW I.

#### May 1, 1915

- 1. "Gullflight":
  - A) U.S. cargo ship.
  - B) Sunk by a German U-Boat.
- 2. "Cushing":
  - A) U.S. oil ship.
  - B) North Sea.
  - C) Wrecked by a German airplane.

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## May 7, 1915 – The Sinking of The "Lusitania"

- 1. May 1, 1915 The German Embassy in America:
  - A) Publish a warning in the New York City newspapers:
    - I. Warns Americans against traveling on British ships!
      - (1) Is actually aimed at one ship...The "Lusitania"!!
- 2. May 1, 1915 The "Lusitania" is loading at Pier 54 in New York City:
  - A) British luxury liner.
  - **B) Cunard Line.**
  - C) 32,000 tons:
    - I. Largest ship at the time.
  - D) Captain is William Turner.
  - E) Total on board...1,959:
    - I.1,257 are passengers.
    - II. 159 of those are Americans.
- 3. The ship is totally "illegal" and subject to being fired on...Why???
  - A) Secretly protected by 12 six-inch guns!
  - B) Has orders to illegally fly the U.S. flag!
  - C) Manifests have been falsified:

- I. To hide the fact she is carrying contraband, munitions, and explosives!
  - (1) Cargo:
    - a. 1,639 copper ingot bars.
    - b. 1,248 cases of three-inch shells.
    - c. 76 cases of brass rods.
    - d. 4,927 boxes of cartridges(Each box holds 1,000 rounds of .303 bullets).
    - e. 2,000 cases of .303 ammunition. \*\*\*All of this...10 ½ tons of
- 4. May 1, 1915 Just before noon:
  - A) "Lusitania" sails:
    - I. Destination...Liverpool, England.

explosives!

- 5. Meanwhile....:
  - A) German U-Boat, The U-20, is out on patrol:
    - I. Commanded by Captain Walter Schweiger:
      - (1) His 1<sup>st</sup> mission!

U-BOATS = CREWS OF 32 Mess.

- 6. During the voyage of the "Lusitania":
  - A) British Admiralty KNOWS the U-20 is off the coast of Ireland!
  - B) KNOW this is the route of the "Lusitania".
  - C) Will do NOTHING!

- D) KNOW the "Lusitania" and the U-20 are on a collision course!
- E) RECALL the warship "Juno" from the area!!!

  I. The "Lusitania" is now on its own!
- 7. Meeting London, England:
  - A) King George and Colonel Edward House:
    - I. King George: "Colonel, what will America do when the Germans sink the 'Lusitania'?"
- 8. Friday May 7, 1915 South coast of Ireland:
  - A) 15 miles from Kinsale.
  - B) Foggy.
  - C) The U-20 has sunk two British ships in the last 48 hours:
    - I. Has 1 torpedo left.
  - D) 2:10 Afternoon Spots the "Lusitania"!
  - E) Torpedo Starboard side Right behind the bridge:
    - I. Two blasts...Boom, BOOM!
    - II. Has hit where all the explosives are stored!
    - III. Only 6 of the lifeboats can be launched.
    - IV. Sinks in 18 minutes.
    - V. 1,198 people die:
      - (1) 785 of them are passengers!

\*94 Children Killed.

(2) 128 of the 159 Americans on board are dead!
VI. 764 will survive.

- 9. May 13, 1915 Wilson:
  - A) Sends the first of his very harsh "Lusitania Notes" to Germany:
    - I. Protests Germany's submarine policy.
    - II. States that the U.S. will act to protect the rights of it's citizens.
    - III. Demands reparations for the loss of the American lives.
  - B) The man behind the scenes...Advising Wilson on what to say...Colonel Edward House!!
    - I. Very pro-England!
- 10. June 8, 1915 Secretary of State, William Jennings Bryan:
  - A) Resigns:
    - I. Why?...The harshness of Wilson's note!
  - B) He is replaced by...Robert Lansing.
- 11. June 9, 1915 Wilson:
  - A) Second of his "Lusitania Notes":
    - I. To Germany.

#### **July 1915**

- 1. Washington, D.C. Capitol Building:
  - A) German, Eric Muenter.
  - B) Plants a bomb.
  - C) It is discovered before it can explode.
- 2. July 8th Germany makes an offer to the U.S.:
  - A) Safety to U.S. ships in submarine war zones:
    - I. Under specific conditions.
- 3. July 21st Wilson:
  - A) Declares Germany's proposal is unacceptable!
  - B) Any other actions will be considered "deliberately unfriendly."
- 4. July 24<sup>th</sup> Dr. Heinrich Albert Director of German Propaganda in America:
  - A) New York City.
  - **B) Subway.**
  - C) Gets off...Forgets his briefcase!
  - D) Is ALWAYS followed by the Secret Service.
  - E) They pick up the briefcase.
- 5. July 25th "Leeland":
  - A) American ship.
  - B) Stopped by a German U-Boat.

- C) Is carrying "contraband."
- D) Allowed to be abandoned.
- E) Sunk.

#### August 1915

- 1. August 15<sup>th</sup> "The New York World" newspaper:
  - A) Publishes the contents of Albert's briefcase!
    - I. Given to them by the Secret Service.
  - B) Nothing condemning.
  - C) Only "hints" at sabotage.
  - D) Gives the American people a negative impression of Germany.
- 2. August 19<sup>th</sup> "Arabic":
  - A) British ship.
  - B) On the way to New York City.
  - C) Sunk by a German U-Boat.
  - D) 20 people drown:
    - I. Some are Americans.

#### September 1915

- 1. September 1<sup>st</sup> Germany issues the "Arabic Pledge" to the United States:
  - A) Passenger liners will not be sunk without warning.
  - B) Safety of non-combatants will be guaranteed, IF, they do not try to escape or offer resistance.

#### **November 1915**

- 1. Bombs are placed on American ships in American ports.
- 2. Henry Ford's peace ship "Oscar II" Is a failure!
- 3. Bridge between Canada and the United States is blown up.
- 4. November 30<sup>th</sup> DuPont Powder Factory:
  - A) Sabotage.
  - B) Explosion.
  - C) Kills 31.

#### **December 1915**

- 1. December 3<sup>rd</sup> In the United States:
  - A) Franz Von Papen...German Military Attache.
  - B) Karl Boy-Ed...German Naval Attache.
  - C) Both men are ordered out of the U.S. by the American government:
    - I. For plotting against American neutrality.

#### **January 1916**

- 1. January 4<sup>th</sup> President Wilson:
  - A) Protests to England:
    - I. Interference with U.S. mail to neutral countries.
- 2. January 27<sup>th</sup> President Wilson:
  - A) Goes on a speaking tour.
  - **B) Preaches preparedness.**
  - C) Talks of building defenses.
  - D) Theodore Roosevelt and the conservatives support him.
  - E) He is opposed by the progressives:
    - I. They believe that if we enter a war, progress will cease at home.
    - II. They believe that if we enter a war it will lead to a militaristic state.

#### **March 1916**

- 1. March 24<sup>th</sup> British ship "Sussex":
  - A) Sunk by the German submarine, U-29.
  - B) 4 Americans are injured.
  - C) Germany issues "The Sussex Pledge":
    - I. To the United States.
    - II. Germany will observe the rules of visit and search before sinking merchant ships, IF, the U.S. will make England cease violations of international law.
  - D) IF NOT, Germany reserves complete liberty of decision!

#### **April 1916**

- 1. April 18<sup>th</sup> President Wilson:
  - A) Warns Germany:
    - I. Unless present submarine warfare is changed, diplomatic relations between the two countries will be terminated!

#### **May 1916**

- 1. May 4<sup>th</sup> Germany informs the U.S.:
  - A) Their submarine commanders have been given instructions:
    - I. Sink merchant ships ONLY after a warning.
    - II. Try to save all lives.

#### **Americans: Serving in Foreign Services**

#### - Before U.S. Entrance into WWI

- 1. Many volunteer Go to Europe Serve in:
  - A) French Army.
  - **B) French Foreign Legion.**
  - C) British Army.
  - D) Canadian Army.
  - E) LaFayette Escadrille.
- 2. Some of the men:
  - A) Walter Appleton:
    - I. From New York.
    - II. French Foreign Legion & LaFayette Escadrille.
  - **B) Marius Rocle:** 
    - I. From New York.
    - II. French Foreign Legion & LaFayette Escadrille.
    - III. Wins the Croix de Guerre.
  - C) Edward Stone:
    - I. Harvard Graduate.
    - II. French Army.
    - III. Killed.
    - IV. 1st American to die for France.
  - D) Henry Farnsworth:
    - I. French Army.
    - II. Killed.
  - E) John Fike:

- I. French Army.
- II. Killed.
- F) Rene Phelizot:
  - I. From Chicago, Illinois.
  - II. Big game hunter.
  - III. French Army.
  - IV. 1915...Killed.
- **G) Charles Sweeney:** 
  - I. French Foreign Legion.
  - II. Wins the Legion of Honor.
  - III. Promoted to Lt.
- H) George Delpeuche:
  - I. French Army.
  - II. Wins the Croix de Guerre.
- I) Frederick Mulhauser:
  - I. Wounded 3 times.
  - II. Cited for valor.
- J) Bob Scanlon:
  - I. Black boxer.
  - II. French Foreign Legion.
- K) Alan Seeger:
  - I. Poet.
  - II. French Foreign Legion.
  - III. 1916...Killed.

#### **June 1916**

- 1. June 24th France Over German lines:
  - A) American Flyer, Victor Chapman:
    - I. Flying a mission for the LaFayette Escadrille.
    - II. Shot down and killed.

### **July 1916**

- 1. July 30<sup>th</sup> Black Tom Island, New Jersey:
  - A) Munitions factory.
  - B) Sabotage.
  - C) Explosion.

#### **October 1916**

- 1. October 28th U.S. ship "Lanao":
  - A) Sunk by a German U-Boat.
- 2. October 30<sup>th</sup> Off the coast of Ireland:
  - A) British ship "Marina."
  - B) Sunk by a German U-Boat.
  - C) 6 Americans drown.

#### **January 1917**

- 1. San Francisco, California:
  - A) Mare Island Navy Yard.
  - B) Sabotage.
  - C) Explosion:
    - I. Kills many.
    - II. 16 of the dead are children.
  - D) U.S. Secret Agents...Persuade Paul Altendorff to become a double agent:
    - I. He finds out who is responsible.
    - II. Kurt Jahnke and Lothar Witzke!!
    - III. Witzke is captured:
      - (1) Tried...Death.
      - (2) Sentence commuted...Deported to Germany.
- 2. January 11th New Jersey:
  - A) Foundry.
  - B) Sabotage.
  - C) Blown up!
- 3. January 16<sup>th</sup> The Zimmermann Note:
  - A) Arthur Zimmermann:
    - I. German Foreign Secretary.
    - II. Sends a coded message to Count Johan Heinrich Andreas Hermann Albrecht Von Bernstorff:

- (1) German Ambassador in Washington, D.C.
- (2) He has instructions NOT to relay the message to the U.S. government until February 1<sup>st</sup>:
  - a. Why?...That is the date Germany intends to start unrestricted submarine warfare.
- B) Planner of the message:
  - I. Admiral Von Holtzendorff:
    - (1) German Chief of the Naval General Staff.
- C) From Washington, D.C. the coded message is sent to:
  - I. Heinrich Von Eckhardt:
    - (1) German Ambassador in Mexico City.
- D) The route of the coded message:
  - I. American owned cable lines from Copenhagen, Denmark.
  - II. Over the Atlantic Cable to the United States.
- E) January 17<sup>th</sup> Message is intercepted by the British Naval Intelligence Office:
  - I. Cryptographic work done by:
    - (1) 46 year old, Pastor, William Montgomery.
    - (2) 31 year old, Publisher, Nigel de Grey.

- II. Takes them 2 hours to decode the message.
- III. Inform Admiral Sir William "Blinker" Hall:
  - (1) Director of the Intelligence Office:
    - a. He decides to wait for the right moment to release the contents.
- 4. January 31<sup>st</sup> Germany makes an announcement:
  - A) Unrestricted submarine warfare.
  - B) Will begin on the 1<sup>st</sup> of February.

#### February 1917

- 1. February 3<sup>rd</sup> U.S. severs all diplomatic relations with Germany:
  - A) The U.S. Ambassador to Germany is recalled.
  - B) German Ambassador to the U.S. Von Bernstorff:
    - I. Is ordered to leave the United States.
- 2. Same day February 3<sup>rd</sup> "Housatonic":
  - A) American ship.
  - B) Sunk by a German U-Boat.
- 3. February 24<sup>th</sup> The Zimmermann Note:
  - A) Reported to President Wilson.
- 4. February 26<sup>th</sup> President Wilson:
  - A) Asks Congress for authority to arm merchant ships.
- 5. February 27<sup>th</sup> Off the coast of Ireland "Laconia":
  - A) British liner.
  - B) Sunk by a German U-Boat.
  - C) 2 Americans are killed.

#### **March 1917**

- 1. March 1<sup>st</sup> The British Naval Intelligence Office:
  - A) Publish the Zimmermann Note in the newspapers!
  - B) "It is our purpose on February 1st to begin unrestricted submarine warfare. The attempt will be made to keep America neutral in spite of all. In case we are not successful in this, we propose Mexico an alliance upon the following terms: Joint conduct of war. Joint conduct of peace. Ample financial support and an agreement on our part that Mexico shall gain back by conquest the territory lost by her at a prior time in Texas, New Mexico, and Arizona. The settlement in detail is left to you. You will inform the President of Mexico of the above most secretly at the moment war breaks out with the United States and will add the suggestion that Japan be requested to take part at once and that he simultaneously mediate between ourselves and Japan.

Please call the President's attention to the fact that unrestricted use of our submarines offers the prospect of forcing

England to make peace within a few months." Acknowledge Receipt, Zimmermann

- 2. March 12th President Wilson acts:
  - A) Congress has refused to give him authority to arm merchant ships in submarine zones!
  - B) Wilson does so anyway:
    - I. Under an old 1813 anti-piracy law!
  - C) He orders ships to fire on any submarine in range.
- 3. March 14th "Algonquin":
  - A) American merchant ship.
  - B) Sunk by a German submarine.
- 4. March 18th 3 U.S. merchant ships:
  - A) One of them is the "Illinois."
  - B) Sunk by German U-Boats.
- 5. March 20th President Wilson:
  - A) Holds a cabinet meeting.
  - B) All agree...War is inevitable!
- 6. Primary Congressional war leaders are:
  - A) Senator Stone of Missouri.
  - B) Representative LaFollette of Wisconsin.

7. March 31<sup>st</sup> – The General Munitions Board is established.

#### **April 1917**

- 1. April 2<sup>nd</sup> President Wilson:
  - A) Asks Congress to declare war on Germany.
  - B) Says: "The world must be safe for democracy."
- 2. April 4<sup>th</sup> The U.S. Senate:
  - A) Vote 82-6 for war!
- 3. April 6<sup>th</sup> Good Friday The U.S. House of Representatives:
  - A) Vote 373-50 for war!
  - **B) 1:00 Afternoon:** 
    - I. Wilson signs the declaration of war!
    - II. The U.S. is now at war against Germany and her allies.
- 4. Basic reasons the U.S. has gone to war:
  - A) The unrestricted submarine campaign of 1917.
  - B) The majority of Americans favor the allied cause.
  - C) A German victory is seen as a threat to democracy.
  - D) The belief that the U.S. has the right, and duty, to keep the world on a democratic path.

- E) Germany is seen as a threat to national security.
- F) Economic reasons.....Loans, Etc.

### **April 10, 1917**

- 1. Outside of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania:
  - **A) Ammunition Factory:** 
    - I. Blown up by Saboteurs:
      - (1) Kill 112....Mostly women and children.

#### The American Commander in WW I

- 1. Major General John Joseph "Black Jack" Pershing:
  - A) Born...September 1860.
  - B) Laclede, Missouri.
  - C) Farm boy.
  - D) At age 17...Teaches in an all black school.
  - E) 1886...Graduates...West Point...30 out of 37.
  - F) Ft. Bayard, New Mexico...Cavalry.
  - G) Fights...Geronimo Campaign.
  - H) Nebraska...Fights...Sioux Indians.
  - I) University of Nebraska...Teaches math.
  - J) University of Nebraska...Graduates Lawyer.
  - K) 1897...West Point...Teaches...Military Tactics.
  - L) Spanish-American War.
  - M) The Philippine Revolt.
  - N) The Moro Revolt.
  - O) January 26, 1905 at age 45:
    - I. Marries.
    - II. 25 year old, Helen Warren:
      - (1) Daughter of Senator Francis Warren.
    - III. Will have 3 daughters and a son.
  - P) 1906...President Theodore Roosevelt:
    - I. Promotes him over 862 senior officers.
    - II. From Captain to Brig. General.
  - Q) August 27, 1915...Fire:

- I. Kills his wife.
- II. Kills his 3 daughters.
- III. Only his son, Warren, survives.
- R) 1916...Leads The Punitive Expedition.
- S) 1924...Retires.
- T) 1948...At age 88...Dies:
  - I. Buried in Arlington.

### The A.E.F. in WW I

- 1. A.E.F. American Expeditionary Force:
  - A) American forces that fight in WW I.
- 2. 1917...U.S. Army...Artillery:
  - A) Shells...Total of 9 hours of combat!!

    I. We will use French and British artillery.
  - B) Out of the 2,250 pieces of artillery the U.S. uses:
    - I. Only 100 are manufactured in America.
  - C) During the war...American industry:
    - I. Produces 20 million rounds of artillery ammunition.
- 3. 1917...U.S. Army...Rifles:
  - A) Have 750,000...1903-A3, Bolt-action, .30-06, Springfield rifles:
    - I. During the war...American industry produces 2,500,000 Springfields.
  - B) Have 300,000...Bolt-action, .30-40, Krag-Jorgensen, Rifles.
  - C) We will buy 2 million...Lee-Enfield, .303, British made rifles.
  - D) During the war...American industry:
    - I. Produces 1 billion, 500 million, rounds of rifle ammunition.

#### 4. Tanks:

A) The U.S. will use French and British made tanks.

#### 5. Machine Guns:

- A) The U.S. buys or borrows from the French and British.
- B) Germans...Maxim Machine Gun:
  - I. Invented...1889.
  - II. By an American from Maine.
  - III. Hiram Stevens Maxim.
  - IV. Takes a 3 man crew.
- C) One machine gun is equal to 60 riflemen.
- D) Known as "The King of the Battlefield."

### 6. Airplanes:

- A) U.S. uses French and British made planes.
- B) "Ace"...Pilot...Shoots down 5 or more enemy planes.
- C) "Kill"...Shooting down an enemy plane.
- D) Eddie Rickenbacker:
  - I. America's most famous "Ace" in WW I.
  - II. 26 "Kills."
  - III. Congressional Medal of Honor.
- E) Other American "Aces":
  - I. Raoul Lufbery:
    - (1) Killed.
  - II. 2<sup>nd</sup> Lt. Frank Luke Jr.:
    - (1) "The Balloon Buster."

- (2) In a 2 week period of time...Shoots down 21 enemy aircraft.
- (3) Partner is Joe Wehner: a. Killed.
- (4) More on Luke later.

#### 7. When America enters the War:

- A) Army.....208,000 men:
  - I. 4 million men will enlist or be drafted during the war.
- B) Navy.....73,000 men:
  - I. 800,000 will join during the war.
- C) Army Air Corps.....130 pilots and 55 planes.
- D) 75,101...Join the Marine Corps during the war:
  - I. 31,871 will serve in France:
    - (1) 3,284 of these will be killed.
    - (2) 8,895 will be wounded.
- 8. During the war...2,810,296 Americans will be drafted:
  - A) 4,355,000 will serve.
  - B) 2,084,000 Americans will serve in Europe.
  - C) 1,390,000 will serve in the front lines.
  - D) When the war ends...4,791,172 Americans will be in uniform.
  - E) 8,000 American Indians will serve.

- F) 100,000 Black American troops will go to France:
  - I. 20,000 see combat in the all-black 369<sup>th</sup> Division:
    - (1) Record for consecutive days in the front lines...191 days!
  - II. During the war...No rest areas for black troops.
  - III. During the war...Black troops will primarily be used for graves or supply details...EVEN black doctors!
- 9. A major health problem of WW I...Sexually transmitted diseases:
  - A) U.S. Army does not issue condoms!
  - **B)** Paris:
    - I. 40 major brothels.
    - II. 5,000 licensed prostitutes.
    - III. 70,000 unlicensed prostitutes.
  - C) French Army:
    - I. Over 1 million cases of gonorrhea and syphilis during the war.
  - D) British Army:
    - I. Average 23,000 men per month hospitalized with V.D.!!!

### 10. U.S. Navy:

- A) May 4, 1917...Start active participation in the war.
- **B) Admiral William Sims:** 
  - I. Develops "The Convoy System."
  - II. He will mastermind the blockade of the North Sea.
- C) Navy will lay 56,000 mines in the North Sea.
- D) Will destroy 136 German U-Boats.
- E) 75,000 American sailors will sail over 300 ships in the war.

## **The Home Front During WW I**

- 1. Liberty Bonds:
  - A) Sold to finance the war.
  - B) Sold by the U.S. Government:
    - I. 3 ½ % to 4 ½ % interest.
  - C) From 1917 to 1919...Raise \$21 billion, 500 million!!!
- 2. Economic impact of WW I on the United States:
  - A) Prosperity!
  - **B) Ends unemployment!**
  - C) Wages rise!
  - D) America becomes a creditor nation:
    - I. After the war...14 nations will owe the United States.
    - II. ONLY Finland pays their debt in full.
- 3. Agencies and Administrations are set up:
  - A) May 1917...The Food Administration:
    - I. Under...Herbert Hoover.
    - II. "Wheatless Mondays."
    - III. "Meatless Tuesdays."
    - IV. Save peach pits:
      - (1) Charcoal filters for gas masks!
  - **B) The Fuel Administration:** 
    - I. Under...Harry Garfield.
    - II. "Heatless Days".....Etc.

- **C) The Committee on Public Information:** 
  - I. Under...George Creel.
  - II. Deal with propaganda.
  - III. Job is to "sell the war to America":
    - (1) Paint America as "pure."
    - (2) Portray the Germans as "bloody beasts."
- D) July 28, 1917 The War Industries Board:
  - I. Under...Bernard Baruch:
    - (1) He will become an Economic Dictator.
  - II. Board will replace the Munitions Board.
  - **III. Controls raw materials.**
  - IV. Directs industry.
- E) April 1918 The National Labor Board:
  - I. Members:
    - (1) 5 from Industry.
    - (2) 5 from labor.
    - (3) 2 Joint Chairmen:
      - a. Taft and Labor Attorney, Frank Walsh.

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## **Anti-German Feelings & Legislation**

- 1. Move by some schools Abolish the teaching of the German Language:
  - A) 2 states will do so.
- 2. Sauerkraut...Becomes: "Liberty Cabbage."
- 3. German Measles...Becomes: "Liberty Measles."
- 4. German Books are censored.
- 5. Orchestras refuse to play German Music.
- 6. Church Services in German are banned.
- 7. Socialist Magazines are banned.
- 8. Some Catholic Magazines are banned.
- 9. 96 Union leaders of the I.W.W. are sent to prison.
- 10. Illegal wiretaps.
- 11. Illegal searches.
- 12. June 15, 1917 The Espionage Act:
  - A) \$10 thousand fine & 20 yrs. in prison for:
    - I. Interfering with the draft.

- II. Encouraging disloyalty.
- III. Resisting laws.
- IV. Advocating treason.
- V. Refusal to perform a military duty.
- 13. Oct. 6, 1917 The Trading With the Enemy Act:
  - A) Gov. Power over all foreign trade.
  - B) Gov. Censor all foreign mail.
  - C) Gov. Right to take and dispose of U.S. property of enemy citizens.
- 14. May 1918 The Overman Act:
  - A) Gives Pres. Wilson dictatorial powers for duration of war.
- 15. May 16, 1918 The Sedition Act:
  - A) Amendment to the Espionage Act.
  - **B)** Punishment for:
    - I. Interfering with the sale of Liberty Bonds.
    - II. Interfering with recruiting.
    - III. Speaking or writing against the American Government, Flag, Constitution, or Armed Forces.
  - C) Under this law Eugene Debs:
    - I. 10 yrs. in prison for speaking out against the war:
      - (1) Later Pardoned by Pres. Harding.

### **The Draft**

- 1. May 18, 1917 The Selective Service Act is passed:
  - A) Men...21 to 30...Register.
  - B) "Draft."
  - C) Calls for an Army of 50,000 minimum.
- 2. June 5, 1917 Millions of Americans register for the draft.
- 3. July 20, 1917 Secretary of War, Newton Baker:
  - A) Draws the first draft number:
    - I. Number #258.
    - II. Henry Barnett...America's 1<sup>st</sup> Drafted Soldier!

### **American Forces to Europe**

- 1. John Eopolucci:
  - A) On the U.S.S. "Aztec":
    - I. 1<sup>st</sup> American to be killed in the service of his country.
- 2. May 28, 1917 Pershing and his 190 man staff:
  - A) On the "Baltic."
  - B) Set sail for Europe.
- 3. June 13, 1917 Pershing and his staff arrive in Europe.
- 4. June 14, 1917 The American 1st Division:
  - A) Sails from New Jersey.
  - **B) Headed for France.**
  - C) 14,000 men.
  - D) Commanded by:
    - I. 57 year old, Brig. General, William Sibert.
  - E) Becomes famous as "The Big Red One."
- 5. The average American Division in WW I will be 28,000 men.
- 6. June 26, 1917 The American 1<sup>st</sup> Division arrives in France.
- 7. July 4, 1917 Paris, France:

- A) LaFayette's tomb.
- B) Pershing lays a wreath:
  - I. His aide, Colonel Charles Stanton says: "LaFayette, we are here!"
- 8. August and September 1917:
  - A) The American 2<sup>nd</sup> and 26<sup>th</sup> Divisions arrive in France:
    - I. The 26th is called "The Yankee Division."
- 9. French and British commanders want the American troops to be "given" to them:
  - A) To be placed in their Armies.
  - B) To be under French and British commanders.
  - C) PERSHING WILL NOT ALLOW IT!!!

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# U.S. Forces in Europe – October 1917 to May 1918

- 1. October 21, 1917 Sommerville, France:
  - A) U.S. troops enter the front lines.
- 2. October 23, 1917 Sommerville, France:
  - A) 6:05 Morning.
  - B) Artillery battery.
  - C) Shot is fired by Private Alex Arch:
    - I. .75 mm shell fired at the Germans.
  - D) 1st American shot in Europe...WW !!!!
- 3. November 3, 1917 Luneville, France:
  - A) 3:45 Morning.
  - **B) German bombardment:** 
    - I. Followed by an attack.
  - C) Hand-to-hand fighting in the trenches.
  - D) Germans retreat:
    - I. Have killed 3.
    - II. Have wounded 5.
    - III. Have taken 12 prisoners.
  - E) The 3 American dead are:
    - I. Corporal James Gresham.
    - **II. Private Thomas Enright.**
    - III. Private Merle Hay.
      - (1) They become the 1<sup>st</sup> Americans to be killed in Europe in WW I.

- 4. November 5, 1917 "Alcedo":
  - A) American patrol boat.
  - B) Sunk by a German U-Boat.
  - C) 21 Americans are killed.
- 5. November 1917:
  - A) The U.S. 42<sup>nd</sup> Division arrives in France: I. Called "The Rainbow Division."
- 6. December 1917:
  - A) The U.S. 41st Division arrives in France.
- 7. December 6, 1917 "Jacob Jones":
  - A) U.S. destroyer.
  - B) Sunk by a German submarine.
  - C) 66 Americans are killed.
- 8. February 1918:
  - A) The U.S. 32<sup>nd</sup> Division arrives in France.
- 9. March 1918:
  - A) The U.S. 3<sup>rd</sup> and 5<sup>th</sup> Divisions arrive in France.
- 10. April 1918:
  - A) The U.S. 77<sup>th</sup> Division arrives in France.
- 11. May 1918:

A) The U.S. 4<sup>th</sup> and 28<sup>th</sup> Divisions arrive in France.

## May 28, 1918 - The Battle of Cantigny

- 1. Cantigny, France.
- 2. The coming battle has been planned by Colonel George C. Marshall.
- 3. 5:45 Morning:
  - A) Americans open fire on the town with 386 pieces of artillery:
    - I. Lasts for 1 hour.
- 4. 6:45 Morning:
  - A) Supported by tanks.
  - B) Americans attack the town.
  - C) Hand-to-hand fighting.
  - D) Germans counter attack:
    - I. Stopped cold!
  - E) Over in 35 minutes.
  - F) Americans have:
    - I. Taken the town.
    - II. Captured 200 Germans.
  - G) This is the 1<sup>st</sup> American attack of WW I.

# June 1 to July 16, 1918 The Battle of Chateau Thierry

- 1. Is 45 miles east of Paris.
- 2. The Germans are driving towards the town.
- 3. French General, Henri Petain, requests American help from Pershing:
  - A) Pershing orders the 2<sup>nd</sup> and 3<sup>rd</sup> Divisions to help.
- 4. American positions:
  - A) Straddle the Paris-Metz highway:
    - I. Are on the southern and eastern banks of the 75 foot wide Marne River:
      - (1) Orders are to hold the bridges.
  - B) Machine gun crews are positioned:
    - I. On both banks and in the town.
- 5. Saturday June 1, 1918:
  - A) Dawn.
  - B) From the north:
    - I. Germans start entering the town.
    - II. They head for the river.
  - C) 12:00 Noon Reach the bridge:
    - I. 9 times they will assault the Americans holding the bridge!
    - II. 9 times...They are beaten back!

- D) One American machine gun unit gets cut off in the town:
  - I. Are there for 2 days.
  - II. Sniper fire at them.
  - III. House-to-house fighting.
  - IV. Will lose 13 men killed.
  - V. Will survive.
- 6. June 5, 1918:
  - A) More American units are thrown into the battle.
- 7. July 14 & 15, 1918:
  - A) Night.
  - B) Germans attack.
  - C) Every single assault is beaten back by the Americans.
  - **D) Quentin Roosevelt:** 
    - I. American pilot.
    - II. Dogfight over the town.
    - III. He is killed.
- 8. The Americans counter attack:
  - A) Stops the Germans...Cold!
  - B) Germans abandon their efforts to take the town and the bridges:
    - I. Retreat!
    - II. Battle is over!

# June 2<sup>nd</sup> to June 25<sup>th</sup>, 1918 <u>The Battle of Belleau Woods</u>

### 1. 24 day battle!

- 2. Belleau Woods:
  - A) 40 miles from Paris.
  - B) 5 miles northwest of Chateau Thierry.
  - C) "Kidney" shaped.
  - D) Half the size of New York City's...Central Park.
  - E) Is 1  $\frac{1}{2}$  miles long and  $\frac{1}{2}$  mile wide.
  - F) Slightly elevated.
  - **G)** Dense forest of:
    - I. Tall, thin, trees sitting on high rocky ground.
  - H) In front of the woods:
    - I. Open wheat field:
      - (1) 200 to 600 yards wide!
- 3. June 2, 1918:
  - A) The 5<sup>th</sup> Marines dig in.
  - B) Are bombarded by the German artillery.
  - C) Late afternoon:
    - I. The French troops start a massive retreat through the Marine lines.
    - II. They urge the Marines to retreat.
    - III. Captain Lloyd Williams:

      "Retreat, hell! We just got here!"

- D) Marines are hit with German artillery and machine gun fire.
- E) Sunset Germans charge:
  - I. Stopped cold by the Marines!
- 4. June 3rd & 4th , 1918:
  - A) 1,200 Germans occupy Belleau Woods:
    - I. Artillery.
    - II. Mortars.
    - III. 3 huge trenches protected by barbed wire.
    - IV. Snipers.
    - V. 200 machine guns!!!
- 5. June 6, 1918:
  - A) Two actions at the same time:
    - I. The 5<sup>th</sup> and 6<sup>th</sup> Marines will assault the Woods and the village of Bouresches.
  - B) 3:45 Morning Assault the Woods:
    - I. 4 waves.
    - II. Stopped by machine gun fire.
    - III. Pinned down.
  - **C) 5:00 Morning:** 
    - I. Major Benjamin Berry leads a Marine assault on the northern woods.
    - II. Over 1/4 mile of open wheat field.
    - III. Pinned down in the open.
    - IV. Being cut to pieces.

- V. Enter...44 year old, 1<sup>st</sup> Sgt. Dan Daly:
  - (1) Stands up: "C'mon you sons of bitches, do you want to live forever?"
- VI. Leads the charge over 400 yards of the wheat field.
- VII. Only a few Marines make it into the woods.
- VIII. Are facing a murderous fire.
- D) Noon:
  - I. The Marines hold only Hill #142.
  - II. Have suffered 90% casualties among the officers and 50% among the enlisted men.
- E) Dan Daly:
  - I. Born...November 11, 1873.
  - II. New York City...Newsboy.
  - III. Spanish-American War.
  - **IV. Boxer Revolt:** 
    - (1) The Congressional Medal of Honor.
  - V. Haiti:
    - (1) 2<sup>nd</sup> Congressional Medal of Honor.
  - VI. Santo Domingo.
  - VII. Veracruz.
  - VIII. Belleau Woods:
    - (1) The Navy Cross.
    - (2) The Distinguished Service Cross.
  - IX. Called: "The Outstanding Marine of All Time."

- X. 1936...Glendale, New York...At age 63, dies.
- F) In the Woods...Last German attack of the day:
  - I. Beaten back.
  - II. Gunnery Sgt. Charles Hoffman:
    - (1) Alone.
    - (2) Charges 12 Germans:
      - a. Bayonets two.
      - b. Drives off the rest.
    - (3) Takes 5 machine gun positions.
    - (4) Is badly wounded.
    - (5) Congressional Medal of Honor.
- G) 4:30 Afternoon Village of Bouresches:
  - I. American artillery bombards.
  - II. Marines attack.
  - III. Hit by German artillery and machine guns.
  - IV. Make it into the village.
  - V. Have suffered 50% casualties.
  - VI. Fighting is house-to-house...Hand-to-hand...And very brutal!
  - VII. One by one the German machine gun positions fall:
    - (1) Primarily to the bayonet and grenade.
- H) Dark Back at the Woods:
  - I. Marines out in the open wheat field:
    - (1) Crawl back to their trenches.

- (2) Have suffered 60% casualties.
- I) 9:00 Night Woods:
  - I. Dig in for the night.
  - II. Overall...Have suffered 50% casualties.
- J) 9:45 Night Bouresches:
  - I. Only 20 Marines left!
  - II. Reinforcements arrive.
  - III. Are short of ammunition.
  - IV. Enter...Lt. William Moore and Sgt. Major John Quick:
    - (1) Volunteer to go get ammunition.
    - (2) 11:20 Night Through a hail of fire!
    - (3) Drive a truckload of ammunition and grenades into the village!
- K) Day ends:
  - I. Marines have the village.
  - II. Have 1 hill and a slight hold in the southern section of the Woods.
  - III. Have suffered 1,100 killed and wounded.
  - IV. Germans still hold the central and northern areas of the Woods!
- 6. June 7, 1918 Marines regroup.
- 7. June 8, 1918:
  - A) Village...Secured.
  - B) Woods Marines try to advance:
    - I. Stopped cold!

- 8. June 9, 1918 Woods:
  - A) Dusk.
  - B) American artillery bombards the woods.
- 9. June 10, 1918 Woods:
  - A) 4:30 Morning.
  - B) Marines in the Woods attack.
  - C) 8:00 Morning They are stopped!!
    - I. Are 400 yards short of the center of the German defenses!
    - II. Marines are forced to retreat.

### 10. June 11, 1918 - Woods:

- **A) 3:45 Morning:** 
  - I. American artillery opens a barrage on the Woods.
- B) Marines attack the center of the German defense:
  - I. Stopped cold.
  - II. Forced to retreat.
- 11. June 12, 1918 Woods:
  - A) 5:00 Afternoon.
  - B) Marines attack the Woods from the south and north:
    - I. Enter the northwest portion of the Woods.
    - II. Advance 2/3's of a mile.
    - III. Bloody fighting.

- IV. Capture 60 machine guns.
- V. Capture 10 trench mortars.
- VI. Capture 400 prisoners.
- C) News of a German counter-attack and mustard gas:
  - I. Marines retreat.
- D) Germans reoccupy the northwest corner of the Woods.
- E) Night:
  - I. Germans bombard the Marine position.

### 12. June 13, 1918:

- A) Northern section of the Woods.
- B) Germans attack the Marines:
  - I. Marines stop them.
  - II. Germans retreat.
- C) Village:
  - I. Germans attack.
  - II. Bloody fighting.
  - III. 9:30 Morning Germans retreat!
- D) Night Woods:
  - I. Germans fire 7,000 mustard gas shells and 2,000 vomiting gas shells into the Marine position:
    - (1) 500 casualties.
  - II. Gunnery Sgt. Fred Stockham:
    - (1) Spots a wounded Marine with a busted gas mask.

- (2) KNOWING it will prove fatal...He takes his off and puts it on the wounded Marine.
- (3) He continues to help evacuate the wounded.
- (4) Saves many lives.
- (5) Collapses from the gas!
- (6) Few days later...Dies!!
- (7) Congressional Medal of Honor.

### 13. June 14, 1918 - Woods:

- A) More German attacks.
- B) More gas attacks.
- C) 300 more American casualties.
- D) Americans evacuate all but the eastern portion of the Woods.

### 14. June 15, 1918:

A) Marines will be relieved for 6 days.

#### 15. June 21, 1918:

A) Marines return to the Woods.

### 16. June 22, 1918 - Woods:

- A) Marines get 2,800 replacements.
- B) 7:00 Evening Marines attack:
  - I. Northern section.
  - II. Stopped cold by the Germans.

- 17. June 23, 1918 Woods:
  - A) Marines attack again:
    - I. Stopped cold again.
- 18. June 24, 1918 Woods:
  - **A) 3:00 Morning:** 
    - I. Americans open an artillery barrage on the Woods:
      - (1) Will go on until 5:00 in the afternoon.
  - B) Marines attack:
    - I. Gain the Woods.
    - II. VERY bloody fighting.
- 19. June 25, 1918 Woods:
  - A) 9:20 Morning:
    - I. Woods are secured.
  - B) 3,000 Germans have been:
    - I. Killed.
    - II. Wounded.
    - III. Captured.
  - C) Americans:
    - I. 7,112 killed and wounded.
    - II. 1 out of every 4 involved has been killed.
    - III. Marines...50% casualties.
  - D) Germans call the Marines: "Teufelhunden":
    - I. Dogs from Hell.
    - II. Becomes: "Devil Dogs."

- 20. President of France, Georges Clemenceau:
  - A) Grateful to the Americans for Belleau Woods:
    - I. Offers to open France's whore houses to the Americans...FREE!!!
      - (1) Pershing turns down the offer.

# July 15<sup>th</sup> thru August 6, 1918 The 2<sup>nd</sup> Battle of The Marne

- 1. 8 American Divisions involved:
  - A) Capture:
    - I. 9,000 German prisoners.
    - II. 138 pieces of artillery.
- 2. Late July The Germans counter-attack:
  - A) The American 3<sup>rd</sup> Division holds the Marne River:
    - I. Fight in 3 directions.
  - **B) Private George Dilboy:** 
    - I. In a platoon pinned down by machine gun fire.
    - II. He charges the gun.
    - III. 100 yards of open wheat field.
    - IV. 25 yards from the gun he is cut down.
    - V. Bullets in his body and his right leg is almost severed above the knee.
    - VI. He continues firing.
    - VII. Kills 2.
    - VIII. Forces the others to retreat.
    - IX. Congressional Medal of Honor.

# August 1918 Pershing and the U.S. Army

- 1. August 10<sup>th</sup> Pershing organizes the 1<sup>st</sup> U.S. Army:
  - A) Is totally separate from any Foreign command!
- 2. August 30<sup>th</sup> East of Verdun:
  - A) That Army takes over the St. Mihiel sector.

# September 12<sup>th</sup> and 13<sup>th</sup>, 1918 The Battle of St. Mihiel

- 1. 8 American Divisions involved:
  - A) 665,000 men.
  - B) 1,400 Airplanes:
    - I. Colonel Billy Mitchell commands 600 of them.
- 2. September 12th:
  - A) 1:00 Morning:
    - I. 3,000 pieces of American artillery open fire on the Germans:
      - (1) Lasts for 3 1/2 hours.
  - **B) 4:30 Morning:** 
    - I. Artillery stops.
    - II. Airplanes now drop bombs on the German positions.
  - **C)** 5:00 Morning Fog:
    - I. American assault starts.
    - II. Troops are supported by 267 light tanks.
- 3. September 13th:
  - A) Fighting comes to an end after 36 hours!!!
  - **B) American losses:** 
    - I. 7,000 killed and wounded.
  - C) German losses:
    - I. MUCH higher in killed and wounded.

- II. Lose 450 pieces of artillery to the Americans.
- This is the 1<sup>st</sup> battle of WW I:
   A) Planned and fought entirely by the American Army.

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# September 26<sup>th</sup> thru November 10<sup>th</sup>, 1918 <u>The Meuse-Argonne Offensive</u>

- 1. Will cover a 60 mile front:
  - A) American assignment:
    - I. The eastern flank.
    - II. 24 miles of the front.
    - III. Between the Meuse River and the Argonne Forest.
    - IV. From Flanders to Lorraine.
    - V. To attack from the river into the forest to the rail center at Sedan.
    - VI. The area assigned is heavily wooded hills and deep ravines.
    - VII. Once in the forest...Visibility is almost ZERO!
- 2. German defenses:
  - A) 7 miles deep.
  - **B) Underground shelters.**
  - C) Miles of barbed wire.
  - D) Tremendous numbers of artillery.
  - E) Interlocking fields of fire for their machine guns.
- 3. 9 American Divisions involved:
  - A) 1.2 million men!
  - B) 7 of the 9 Divisions are "green" troops.

- C) One American officer involved is Colonel George Patton:
  - I. May 28, 1917...Has sailed for France as part of the A.E.F.
  - II. November 18, 1917...Heads up the newly created American Tank Corps:
    - (1) Will attend the French Light Tank training center for 2 weeks!
    - (2) Gets "hooked" on tanks.
  - III. On the 1<sup>st</sup> day of the Meuse-Argonne Offensive he is wounded:
    - (1) Left leg.
    - (2) Exits 2 inches to the left of his rectum.
- 4. September 26th:
  - A) 2:30 Morning Massive artillery barrage on the Germans:
    - I. Lasts three hours...Until 5:30.
  - **B) Americans attack:** 
    - I. Hit by machine gun fire.
    - II. Hit by mortars.
    - III. Hit by artillery.
  - C) Have to fight over and in:
    - I. The thick woods.
    - II. Ravines.
    - III. Marshes.
  - D) Americans suffer heavy losses.

- E) Are stopped short of Montfaucon.
- 5. September 27th:
  - A) Americans take Montfaucon.
  - B) Germans bring up thousands of reinforcements and artillery.
  - C) 2<sup>nd</sup> Lt. Frank Luke Jr.:
    - I. Has gone A.W.O.L. to join the battle.
    - II. Volunteers.
    - III. Goes after German observation balloons.
    - IV. Shoots down 3 of the balloons.
    - V. He is chased by 8 German planes.
    - VI. He is wounded.
    - VII. Drops down to tree top level.
    - VIII. Is 50 yards off the ground.
    - IX. With his last bullets...Strafes the German lines killing 6 and wounding many.
    - X. Is forced to land behind the German lines.
    - XI. Cut off and surrounded by a German patrol.
    - XII. Will not surrender.
    - XIII. Opens fire with his pistol.
    - XIV. Shot and killed at age 20!
    - XV. Congressional Medal of Honor.
  - D) 1<sup>st</sup> Sgt. Milo Lemert:

- I. Company is pinned down by a machine gun.
- II. Taking heavy casualties.
- III. Alone...He charges the German trench.
- IV. Kills the machine gun crew.
- V. Starts down the trench.
- VI. Kills another machine gun crew.
- VII. Kills a 3<sup>rd</sup> machine gun crew.
- VIII. Charges a 4th machine gun position.
- IX. Reaches the edge.
- X. Shot and killed.
- XI. Congressional Medal of Honor.
- 6. September 28th thru October 1st:
  - A) Heavy fighting.
- 7. "The Lost Battalion":
  - A) 40 miles east of Rheims.
  - B) October 2, 1918...6:30...Morning.
  - C) The 77<sup>th</sup> Division launches an assault to take Charlevaux Mill.
  - D) Part of the attacking force are 700 men of the 308<sup>th</sup> Regiment commanded by 34 year old, Major Charles Whittlesey:
    - I. Harvard.
    - II. Lawyer.
    - III. Law business in New York City.

- IV. The Regiment is under-strength and tired!
- V. He protests the order to attack.
- VI. Is overruled.
- E) Whittlesey's 2<sup>nd</sup> in command is Captain George McMurtry:
  - I. From New York.
  - II. Harvard.
  - III. Rough Rider...Spanish-American War.
- F) Attack:
  - I. Hit by a brutal fire.
  - II. 550 make it into the Argonne Forest.
  - III. Brutal, bloody, fighting.
  - IV. The French and American units on Whittlesey's 2 flanks are stopped!
  - V. He is informed they are still there and to push on...He does so!
- G) Night:
  - I. Is cut off.
  - II. Trapped between two large bodies of German troops.
  - III. Losses have been heavy.
  - IV. Is down to 400 men.
  - V. Dig in along a small creek near a wrecked mill.
  - VI. More men straggle in...Many are from other units.
  - VII. Numbers reach...650.

- VIII. Will become famous as "The Lost Battalion":
  - (1) In reality...NEVER lost!
  - (2) Matter of...Getting to them!
- H) Surrounded and under siege:
  - I. Carrier pigeon is sent back:
    - (1) Message...Position and situation.
  - II. Have 1 days food and no water!
  - III. German snipers cover the creek to prevent water from being taken!
  - IV. Many volunteer and try to get water.....
    Killed!
- I) October 3rd:
  - I. Hold a perimeter 400 yards long and 100 yards wide.
  - II. Face two German attacks.
  - III. Repulse both!
  - IV. Americans suffer heavy casualties.
  - V. Little medicine.
  - VI. No doctors.
- J) October 4th:
  - I. By mistake...American artillery...Shells them killing 80!!!!!
  - II. Germans open a mortar barrage on them.
  - III. Two German attacks...Both repulsed.
  - IV. Afternoon...Last pigeon: "Cher Amie"...Is released:
    - (1) One leg shot off.

- (2) Breastbone shattered.
- (3) One eye destroyed.
- (4) Makes it!!!
  - a. Will survive.
  - b. Medal.
  - c. After death...Stuffed.
  - d. Today...Smithsonian.
- V. Private Abe Krotoshinsky volunteers to try to get help:
  - (1) Reaches the American lines.
  - (2) Starts leading help back.
- K) October 5th:
  - I. Two German attacks...Both repulsed!
  - II. Afternoon...By mistake...French artillery shells them!!
  - III. All the food is gone.
  - IV. All the medicine is gone.
  - V. Bandages are taken from the dead and re-used!
  - VI. Night...Rains!
- L) October 6th:
  - I. Supported by American artillery.
  - II. Suffer more casualties...Primarily from machine guns.
  - III. German attack...Repulsed!
  - IV. Pershing, personally, orders two Divisions, 30,000 men, to:
    - (1) Attack the German rear and left flank.

- (2) Relieve "The Lost Battalion."
- V. Two pilots Lt. Erwin Bleckley and 1<sup>st</sup> Lt. Harold Goettler Make their 2<sup>nd</sup> flight over the men:
  - (1) To try and drop supplies.
  - (2) Fly very low.
  - (3) Shot down and killed!
  - (4) Both...Congressional Medal of Honor.
- M) October 7th:
  - I. White flag from Germans.
  - II. Demand the Americans the chance to surrender.
  - III. "No"!!!
  - IV. Germans attack with everything:
    - (1) Including flamethrowers.
    - (2) Sundown...Repulsed!
  - V. Night...Germans retreat!!!
  - VI. Americans have NO ammunition left:
    - (1) Only bayonets!
- N) After 6 days...Americans reach them!
- O) Of the 650 men in the pocket:
  - I. 170 killed.
  - II. 190 stretcher wounded and 96 walking wounded:
    - (1) Total...286!!!
  - III. 194 unwounded.
- P) McMurtry...Congressional Medal of Honor.
- Q) Whittlesey:

- I. Promoted to Lt. Colonel.
- II. Congressional Medal of Honor.
- III. After war...Back to law practice.
- IV. Represents...For free...Many survivors or family members of survivors of "The Lost Battalion" in law cases.
- V. Haunted by the war.
- VI. Develops a bad cough from gas in the war.
- VII. Depression!!!
- VIII. November 1921:
  - (1) Books passage on a ship from New York City to Havana, Cuba.
  - (2) November 26<sup>th</sup> Jumps overboard committing suicide!
- 8. October 8th 12 days into the offensive:
  - A) More fighting in the Argonne Forest.
  - B) A 17 man American patrol under Sgt. Early is sent out to:
    - I. Find a way through the German lines.
    - II. Knock out machine guns from the rear.
  - C) Early's two sections are led by:
    - I. Corporal Cutting.
    - II. Corporal Savage.
    - III. Corporal Alvin York.
  - D) 30 year old, Corporal Alvin York:
    - I. From Tennessee.

- II. Almost a conscientious objector.
- III. "Hillbilly."
- IV. Excellent woodsmen.
- V. Excellent shot.
- E) The group reaches a meadow:
  - I. Surprise a large body of Germans who surrender.
- F) From the top of a hill a German machine gun opens fire on the Americans:
  - I. Kills 7 and wounds 2 of the 17 men:
    - (1) Savage and 6 others are dead.
    - (2) Early and Cutting are wounded.
- G) Foggy Pinned down by the machine gun.
- H) York crawls off by himself:
  - I. Turkey calls.
  - II. Eliminates the machine gun and supporting riflemen.
  - III. He beats off a German counterattack:
    - (1) With his rifle and a .45 pistol.
    - (2) Fires three 7 round clips.
    - (3) Kills 15.
    - (4) Germans start surrendering to him.
  - IV. Constantly moves from one spot to another.
  - V. Germans retreat abandoning 35 machine guns.
  - VI. What has he done????
    - (1) Killed 25...Most shot in the head.

- (2) Wiped out 35 machine gun nests.
- (3) Captured 132.

#### VII. York:

- (1) Promoted to Sergeant.
- (2) Congressional Medal of Honor.
- (3) America's most famous soldier in World War I.
- (4) After the war will never use his fame for personal gain.
- (5) 1964...Dies.

#### 9. October 9th:

A) More fighting.

#### 10. October 10th:

A) The Argonne Forest is in American hands.

#### 11. October 12th:

- A) Captain Samuel Woodfill's company is pinned down by a German machine gun:
  - I. He crawls forward...Alone.
  - II. 4 German soldiers charge him:
    - (1) Shoots and kills 3 with his rifle.
    - (2) Hand-to-hand with the 4th.
    - (3) Kills him with his pistol.
  - III. He charges a 2<sup>nd</sup> machine gun position:
    - (1) Kills 3.
    - (2) Rest surrender to him.

- IV. Charges a 3rd position:
  - (1) Kills all 5.
- V. Charges a 4<sup>th</sup> position:
  - (1) Kills 2 with his pistol.
  - (2) Kills the last 2 with a pick-ax.
- VI. Congressional Medal of Honor.
- VII. Later...Suffers from gas poison:
  - (1) Will be saved by surgery.

#### 12. October 24th:

- A) Americans break through the German lines.
- 13. November 1st:
  - A) American forces start their final push.
- 14. November 10th:
  - A) American forces take the heights overlooking Sedan.
  - **B) American forces have:** 
    - I. Advanced 30 miles.
    - II. Faced and defeated 34 German Divisions.
    - III. Killed, wounded, or captured 126,000 Germans.
    - IV. Captured 874 artillery pieces.
    - V. Captured 3,000 machine guns.
  - C) American losses:
    - I. 25,000 killed.
    - II. 95,000 wounded.

### **End of the War and Summary**

- 1. November 11, 1918...11:00...Morning:
  - A) Armistice stopping WW I.
  - B) 11:01...Private Henry Gunther:
    - I. Shot and killed.
    - II. Last American killed in WW I.
- 2. December 1, 1918:
  - A) First American troops arrive back in New York.
- 3. December 13, 1918:
  - A) First American troops cross the Rhine River into Germany:
    - I. Part of the occupation force.
- 4. 6 PRIMARY new weapons introduced into warfare:
  - A) Automobile.
  - B) Tanks.
  - C) Submarine.
  - D) Airplane.
  - E) Machine Gun.
  - F) Poison Gas.
- 5. American forces:
  - A) 13 battles.
  - B) 200 total days of fighting.

- C) 485 miles of advancement.
- D) 120,982...American dead: I. 55,427 killed in action.
- E) 219,250...wounded.
- F) 3,017...Americans taken prisoner.
- G) 90% of all American casualties are from:
  - I. Machine Guns.
  - II. Artillery.
  - III. Gas:
    - (1) Chlorine.
    - (2) Mustard.
    - (3) Phosphorous:
      - a. Rots the lungs and burns the flesh.
- 6. Each German soldier we kill in WW I cost the United States...\$25 thousand!!!!!!!!!
- 7. 8.6 million soldiers are killed in WW I:

A) 21 millio

8. Total people

A) Total pe

WW-F million m

### Wilson's Hopes for Peace

- 1. Strives to make sure that in the World there is no more:
  - A) Imperialism.
  - B) Absolutism.
  - C) War.
- 2. "The 14 Points":
  - A) Put together by a secret committee known as "The Inquiry":
    - I. Made up of: Economists Historians Geographers and Legal Experts.

### **The Peace Treaty**

- 1. January 18, 1919:
  - A) Peace Conference opens:
    - I. Paris, France.
    - II. Palace of Versailles.
- 2. American delegation:
  - A) President Woodrow Wilson.
  - B) Secretary of State, Robert Lansing.
  - C) Colonel Edward House.
  - D) General Tasker Bliss.
  - E) Representative, Henry White:
    - I. Only Republican.
    - II. He is NOT a prominent Republican.
- 3. Wilson has his "14 Points":
  - A) Believes they are necessary for a lasting peace.
  - B) Most important point:
    - I. League of Nations.
- 4. February 28, 1919:
  - A) Republican Senator, Henry Cabot Lodge:
    - I. U.S. Senate.
    - II. Gives a 2 ½ hour speech.
    - III. AGAINST the League of Nations!
- 5. June 23, 1919:

- A) The Treaty of Versailles is signed by Germany:
  - I. Ends WW I.
  - II. Part of the Treaty is The League of Nations.
- 6. June 28, 1919:
  - A) Signed by the United States and the rest of the allies.
- 7. Powers of the League of Nations:
  - A) Disarmament.
  - **B) World Health.**
  - C) Labor Conditions.
  - D) Preserving Peace.
- 8. League is criticized for failing to deal with:
  - A) Communism.
  - **B) Nationalist Revolts.**
- 9. September 3, 1919 United States:
  - A) Wilson starts on a speaking tour:
    - I. To gain support for the League.
  - B) In 23 days:
    - I. He covers 8,000 miles.
    - II. He gives 40 speeches.
    - III. He visits 29 different major cities.
  - C) His doctor warns him to "back off":

#### I. BUT, Wilson won't!!

- 10. September 26, 1919:
  - A) Pueblo, Colorado.
  - B) Speech.
  - C) STROKE!
  - D) Bed-ridden and paraylized on the left side.
  - E) October 2<sup>nd</sup> Washington, D.C. 2<sup>nd</sup> stroke!
  - F) October 9<sup>th</sup> Complete physical breakdown.
  - G) Mrs. Wilson and Colonel House virtually become "President"!! EXPLAIN!
- 11. Chances for the Treaty passing in the U.S. are now dead!!!
  - A) The primary people opposing it are:
    - I. Senator, Henry Cabot Lodge.
    - II. Senator, Frank Kellogg.
    - III. Senator, William Borah.
    - IV. Senator, Hiram Johnson.
    - V. Senator, James Reed.
    - VI. Senator, Robert LaFollette.
- 12. November 19, 1919:
  - A) Senate votes not to sign the treaty!
- 13. March 19, 1920:
  - A) The Treaty is voted on and fails to pass!!!
    - I. Won't be until July 21, 1921:

- (1) Congress...Joint resolution.
- (2) Declare WW I to be over!

#### 14. Summary of President Woodrow Wilson:

- A) Has set an example of Presidential leadership and responsible party government seldom equaled!!!
  - I. Has enacted great programs of reform.
  - II. Has advocated lower tariffs.
  - III. Has reorganized the banking structure.
  - IV. Has exhibited strong leadership during the war.
  - V. Has set up regulatory authorities in the business world.
  - VI. His "League of Nations" will later become "The United Nations."
- 15. October 24, 1921 Washington, D.C.:
  - A) Sergeant Edward Younger.
  - B) Selects one of four caskets:
    - I. All hold the remains of American "unknown" dead soldiers from WW I.
  - C) Will become...America's Unknown Soldier from WW I.
- 16. November 11, 1921 Arlington National Cemetery The Unknown Soldier is interred:

A) "A belated winner of our country's highest decoration received his on November 11, 1921. Neither the soldier's mother nor his wife attended the ceremony, but the President of the United States did. Probably none of the soldier's buddies turned out for the parade. Nut many high dignitaries of Europe paid him honor dressed in shiny top hats and red sashes. The soldier himself could not see the Stars and Stripes waving over the quiet hills of Arlington, Virginia. Nor could he hear the speeches and the crash of musketry that saluted him.

The soldier's family was not there because they could not be invited. His doughboy buddies were not there because they did not recognize him. But the whole world could be notified who he was, and you know him.

He is the Unknown Soldier."

- B) On the Tomb:
  - I. "Here rests in honored glory an American soldier, known but to God."

### **February 4, 2008**

- 1. Harry Richard Landis:
  - A) American WW I Veteran.
  - B) Dies at age 108.
- 2. Only American WW I Veteran left alive:
  - A) 107 yr. old Frank Buckles.
  - B) Charles Town, West Virginia.

### <u> 1917 - July</u>

- 1. July 2, 1917 East St. Louis, Missouri:
  - A) Race riots.
  - B) 37 killed.

7/2/1917 = EASTWIND ST. LOVIS ILLINOIS

\_ POON FINLUST. TOWN

\_ Southern, Filianis worken

\_ ATTACKEN AY White Mob

\_ 47 Killed

\_ 6,000 Left Horacless

## 1917 - August

- 1. August 6, 1917 Mrs. James "Ma" Ferguson:
  - A) Texas.
  - **B) Elected Governor.**
  - C) America's 1<sup>st</sup> Female Governor.

August 1917 = Herson, Texts

- Lived from Cam loga warm

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being bester by Police

- 20 106'ce: Soldward Milled

- 20 106'ce: Soldward martial in U.S.

- Linguist court martial in U.S.

4550. = 54 Soldward sextended

To Life!

- Army remained sequegated

## 1917 - November

- 1. November 6, 1917 New York:
  - A) Women's Suffrage.
  - B) 1<sup>st</sup> Eastern State to do so.

### 1918

- 1. Smedley Butler Age 37 Youngest Brig. General in the history of the Marine Corps:
  - A) Born 7/30/1881 West Chester, Pennsylvania.
  - B) Spanish-American War.
  - C) Philippine Revolt.
  - **D) Boxer Revolt:** 
    - I. Wounded at Tientsin.
  - E) Puerto Rico.
  - F) Panama.
  - G) Nicaragua:
    - I. Congressional Medal of Honor.
  - H) Veracruz.
  - I) Haiti:
    - I. 2<sup>nd</sup> Congressional Medal of Honor.
  - J) WW I.
  - K) 33 years in the Corps.
  - L) 6/21/1940 Philadelphia, Pennsylvania Dies.

1918 = Wilson Suprants W. Suffrage

— CITES Women'S wan record AS

REASON

— WARTINE Shortfage & LAbor

HAS FIRMESS SUPPORTUNITIES

For women

\* BANK Tellers - STREETIAN OPENATIONS

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# 1918 - March

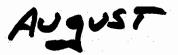
1. March 31, 1918 – Daylight Savings Time is introduced into America.

# <u> 1918 - May</u>

May 15, 1918 – Daily Airmail Service starts:
 A) Between New York City and Washington, D.C.

THE UNDECLARED WAR WITH RUSSIA

1918 - 1920



- 1. July 6, 1918 The Murmansk Soviets (Russians), known as "White Russians" sign an agreement with the Allies:
  - A) Authorizes the allies to intervene in accordance with the announced aim of resurrecting the eastern front against Germany:
    - I. And to prevent the Germans from building a submarine base at Murmansk.
  - B) The <u>Bolsheviks.....changed to "Communists"</u> in late 1918.....disagree with this!
- 2. July 17, 1918 President Woodrow Wilson gives consent for American troops to take part in the occupation:
  - A) Permission is late because American troops are already there:
    - I. June 29, 1918 1<sup>st</sup> American troops land at <u>Vladivostock in Siberia.</u>
    - II. July 15, 1918 1<sup>st</sup> American troops land at Murmansk in Northern Russia.
    - III. August 4, 1918 1<sup>st</sup> American troops land at Archangel in Northern Russia.
    - IV. August 15, 1918 More American troops land at Vladivostock.
  - B) Reasons for being in Northern Russia:
    - I. Prevent the German sub. Base at Murmansk.
    - II. Re-establish an Eastern front against Germany.
    - III. To stop the Germans from coming through Finland and taking White Russian war supplies.
    - IV. Protect ammunition supplies stored at Murmansk & Archangel.
    - V. Protect communication lines.
    - VI. Protect the railroads.
    - VII. Feed the people in the areas.
    - VIII. Protect the Czechs.
    - IX. Aid the White Russians who, are fighting the

#### **Bolsheviks:**

- \*\*\*Murmansk is northeast of Petrograd.
- \*\*\*Archangel is larger than Texas, it is 333,000 square miles in size.
  - (1) Both are port cities and extremely cold in the winter!
- C) Reasons for being in Vladivostock:
  - I. Stabilize the area.
  - **II. Protect military supplies.**
  - III. Aid the Czechs in fighting the Bolsheviks.
  - IV. Neutralize the 73,000 Japanese troops in Siberia so they cannot close off Manchuria to American business interests and upset the balance of power in East Asia.
- 3. August 3, 1918 Archangel Americans fight a unit of The Red Guard:
  - A) Ensign, Donald Hicks is wounded:
    - I. 1st American casualty of the war.
- 4. September 2, 1918 Vladivostock Main body of American troops under Major General William Graves lands:
  - A) Veteran of the Philippine Revolt and the Punitive Expedition:
    - I. By the Spring of 1919 he will have almost 8,000 men in the area.
- 5. September 4, 5, & 6, 1918 Archangel Main body of American troops land:
  - A) Are under the command of Colonel George Stewart:
    - I. By the spring of 1919 he will have 4,915 troops in the area.

- 6. The 3 areas are the scenes of fighting and skirmishing between the allies and the Bolsheviks:
  - A) The northern Russia winters are brutal:
    - I. December and January Only 4 hours of daylight.
    - II. Cold, gloomy, and mostly twilight.
    - III. 40 to 50 degrees below zero!!!
  - B) Americans live in Russian log houses:
    - I. Stench from fish oil in soap, bread, etc.!
    - II. Cockroaches by the millions!
  - C) Americans are well liked by the Russian peasants:
    - I. V.D. is very common.
    - II. American P.O.W.'s are well treated.
- 7. September 24, 1918 Battle of Chekuevo:
  - A) Dawn Over 300 Bolsheviks under a man named "Shiskin" attack the village of Chekuevo:
    - I. Defended by 115 Americans and 93 White Russians.
    - II. Several hours of hard fighting.
    - III. Machine gun burst kills Shiskin.
    - IV. Bolsheviks retreat.
- 8. November 11, 1918 <u>Battle of Tulgas Northern Russia 200 miles South of Archangel:</u>
  - A) Village is held by Captain Robert Boyd and 300 Americans along with 300 Royal Scots and a few Canadians:
    - I. Over 1,000 Bolsheviks under Malochofski attack.
    - II. Use heavy artillery.
    - III. Allies are barricaded in the log houses.
    - IV. Are surrounded on 3 sides with the 2 mile wide Dvina River at their backs.
    - V. Soviet boats shell them from the river!
    - VI. Closest help is 200 miles away in Archangel.
    - VII. 100's of Bolsheviks charge:

- \*\*\*Get to within a few feet of the two 3" guns manned by the Canadians when they are decimated at point blank range!!!
- VIII. Day ends with the Bolsheviks retreating leaving over 100 dead and 100's more wounded.
- B) Day 2:
  - I. More fighting Lasts all day!
  - II. Bolsheviks retreat with more losses.
  - III. Have fired over 1,500 artillery rounds into the village.
- **C)** Day 3:
  - I. Same!!
- D) Day 4 November 14, 1918:
  - I. Lt. John Cudahy leads a daring counter attack!
  - II. Routes the Bolsheviks 4 day battle ends:
    - \*\*\*Bolsheviks have lost over 300 killed 100's wounded.
    - \*\*\*Allies have lost 28 killed and 70 wounded.
- 9. January 19, 1919 <u>Battle of Nijni Gora</u> 45 degrees below zero Morning 100's of Bolsheviks open an artillery barrage on the little village:
  - A) Defended by Lt. Harry Mead and 46 men:
    - I. After 1 hour 1,000's of Bolsheviks charge into the village.
    - II. American's are forced into a fighting retreat.
    - III. Only 7 of the 46 will survive unhurt!!
  - B) Afternoon of January 24, 1919 Survivors reach Shenkursk:
    - I. Defended by 1,100 allies.
    - II. Surrounded by 3,000 Bolsheviks.
    - III. Midnight Evacuated by the allies!
- 10. May 1919 Nearly all of the Americans in northern Russia

are back in Archangel.

- 11. Early June 1919 Almost all American troops are gone from Archangel:
  - A) The Americans have lost 244 dead in northern Russia and 305 wounded.
- 12. June 25, 1919 Siberia Romanovka Between the Suchan Valley and Vladivostock:
  - A) 76 Americans under Lt. Lawrence Butler Set up a bad camp with a poor guard detail:
    - I. Ambushed by Reds.
    - II. Outnumbered 4 to 1!
    - III. 19 Americans killed in 1st volley!
    - IV. Finally relieved.
    - V. Have lost 30 killed and 20 wounded.
- 13. August 1919 Last American troops are withdrawn from northern Russia.
- 14. April 1, 1920 Last American troops leave Vladivostock.
- 15. Over 11,000 American troops have participated:
  - A) Have suffered 450 casualties.

### 1919

- 1. The Great Migration:
  - A) Starts during WW I.
  - B) Blacks from the South.
  - C) Massively moving North & West.
  - D) Why?....70% higher wages!!
- 2. What has WW I advanced??
  - A) Assimilation of Immigrants.
  - B) Women's Suffrage.
  - C) Reconciliation between Labor & Management.
- 3. White Property Owners & Real Estate Agents:
  - A) Create Ghettos.

# <u> 1919 – February</u>

- 1. February 26, 1919 Congress:
  - A) Creates Grand Canyon National Park in Arizona.

# 1919 - March

- 1. March 15, 1919 Colonel Theodore Roosevelt Jr.:
  - A) Organizes...The American Legion.

# APRIL

	Red SCARE = MAY 1, 1819 = over A DUZEN MAIL DONNES SENT TO
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1. April 1919:	The last of the la
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- 3. Sunday July 17, 1919 Chicago, Illinois Beach:
  - A) Race riot breaks out:
    - I. 14 year old, black teenager, John Harris is swimming when he is hit in the head by a thrown brick and drowns.
    - II. A group of young blacks points out the man who threw the brick to a white policeman who does nothing!

- III. Crowd gathers 100's of blacks and whites gather at the beach.
- IV. A black man pulls a pistol and fires into a group of policemen wounding one:
  - \*\*\*A black policeman fires back killing him!!
- V. Gunfire erupts everywhere!
- B) The rioting goes on for 5 days Takes 6 regiments of the state militia to put a stop to it:
  - I. 23 blacks are killed 15 whites are killed!
  - II. 500 blacks and whites are injured.
- C) Summer of 1919.....78 blacks are lynched in the United States!!
- D) Part of the blame for the race riots are placed on the Socialists, Communists, and Anarchists!!!
- 4. September 9, 1919 ¾ of Boston's 1,500 policemen go on strike:
  - A) Looting!
  - B) Mayor Andrew Peters calls out the Boston Militia.
  - C) Governor Calvin Coolidge sends in the state militia:
    - I. Says: "There is no right to strike against the public safety by anybody, anywhere, anytime!"
- 5. November 11, 1919 Centralia, Washington American Legionnaires march on an I.W.W. hall:
  - A) Fight 4 Legionnaires are killed 1 "Wobblie" killed and terribly mutilated:
    - I. 7 "Wobblies" are tried and sentenced to terms of 20 to 40 years in prison!
      - \*\*\*Accusations of Socialism, Communism, and Anarchists being the influence!
- 6. December 1919 249 "Radicals" are deported to Russia!!

- 7. January 1, 1920 The Red raids start Under the <u>direction</u> of <u>Attorney General</u>, <u>A. Mitchell Palmer</u>:
  - A) 200 people are arrested!!
  - B) January 2, 1920 2,000 more people are arrested:
    - I. Federal Agents literally carry out police espionage.
    - II. Over 6,000 people will be arrested and kept in jails for days and weeks without being charged!!
  - C) The raids continue into May of 1920:
    - I. Warrants will not be used!
    - II. Visitors at jails to see friends or relatives are arrested!!!
    - III. Newspapers that speak out against the raids are shut down!!
    - IV. College professors who speak out against the raids are fired!
    - V. Wisconsin Socialist, Victor Berger, is elected to the U.S. House of Representatives 3 times.....but, the House refuses to seat him!!
    - VI. The New York State Legislature refuses to seat 5 Socialists who have been legally elected!
    - VII. Henry Ford publishes a newspaper accusing the Jews of every crime you can imagine!!!
    - VIII. 556 people are illegally deported from the United States!
- 8. September 16, 1920 New York City 12:00 noon Bomb explodes on Wall Street:
  - A) Just across the street from "The House of Morgan":
    - I. 100's injured.
    - II. \$2 million in damage.

# <u> 1919 – July</u>

- 1. July 4, 1919 Jack Dempsey defeats Jess Willard World Heavyweight Championship:
  - A) Jack Dempsey:
    - I. William Harrison Dempsey.
    - II. Manassa, Colorado.
    - III. Called "The Manassa Mauler."
    - IV. Will defend his title 5 times in 7 years.

## <u> 1919 – October</u>

- 1. October 28, 1919 The Volstead Act:
  - A) Congressman, Andrew Volstead, of Minnesota.
  - B) Forbids Manufacture, Sale, or Transportation of liquor.
  - C) Becomes the 18<sup>th</sup> Amendment: I. Prohibition.

## <u> 1920</u>

- 1. Population is 105,710,620.
- 2. American Farm Bureau is formed.
- 3. Start of "The Roaring 20's" or "The Age of Fords, Flappers, and Fanatics":
  - A) Bootleg Liquor.
  - B) Speakeasies.
  - C) Gangsters.
  - D) Gambling.
  - **E) Prostitution.**
  - F) New Dances.
  - **G)** Loose Morals.
  - H) Characters:
    - I. "Texas" Guinan Famous Female Speakeasy Owner:
      - (1) "Hello, Sucker!"
      - (2) "Never give a sucker an even break!"
      - (3) 1933 Age 49 Dies.
  - I) Automobiles.
- 4. 1920's Economy stabilizes and grows:
  - A) Why?....The rise of Industry and in particular, the Automobile Industry!

- I. Auto. Industry influences:
  - (1) Rubber Industry.
  - (2) Plate Glass Industry.
  - (3) Oil & Gasoline Industries.
- **B) Factories switch from Coal to Electricity!**
- C) Nation demands:
  - I. Processed Foods.
  - II. Household Appliances.
  - **III. Office Machinery.**
  - IV. Chemicals.
- D) Over the next 10 years.....421,000 new Inventions.
- E) Who gets hurt?.....Farmers & The Union Movement.
- 5. 1920's Rise of Consumerism:
  - A) People seek gratification from the consumption of goods and services.
  - **B)** How does this happen?
    - I. Higher wages!
    - II. More free time!
    - III. The Advertising Industry!
- 6. 1920's Industrial Developments:
  - A) Machines mean.....Ned for less laborers!

- B) Over the next 10 years.....1 million lose their Jobs in railroads, coal mining, and manufacturing.
- C) YET, the number of "White Collar" Workers increases!

#### 7. 1920's - Labor:

- A) Becomes less organized:
  - I. Why?
    - (1) Good wages. Why join a Union?
    - (2) Employers convince workers that Unions are not necessary!
    - (3) Employers crusade for "Open Shops."
    - (4) Supreme Court rulings:
      - a. Make it easier for lower courts to grant injunctions against Union Picketing & Boycotting.
    - (5) Courts allow Businesses to sue Unions for damages.
- B) By 1929 1 out of 10 workers is a Union Member!
- C) Labor Movement hurts itself by having nothing to do with:
  - I. Black Americans.
  - II. Socialists.

- III. Radical Unionists.
- 8. 1920's Agriculture declines!
- 9. 1920's Urbanization starts to boom:
  - A) Why?
    - I. Decline in Agriculture.
    - II. The Automobile.
- 10. 1920's Women:
  - A) Gradual increase in the labor force:
    - I. Paid lower wages than men.
    - II. Discriminated against on the job.
  - B) Rise of "The New Woman":
    - I. Looked at now as being more of a "Sexual Being."
    - II. Is now more "fun-loving."
    - III. Is recognized as having "desires" of her own.
  - C) "Flappers" Liberated Women of the 20's:
    - I. Called:
      - (1) Sinful.
      - (2) Brazen.
      - (3) Outrageous.
    - II. Hair...Bobbed, Frizzed, and Dyed.

#### III. Dresses:

- (1) Thin Knee Length.
- (2) Short sleeves or no sleeves at all.
- (3) Short skirts with fringe at the bottom.
- IV. Light Felt Hats.
- V. Beads and Bangles around the neck and wrists.
- VI. Lipstick Rouge LOTS of Makeup.
- VII. Earrings.
- VIII. Dance the "Charleston" or "The Black Bottom."
- IX. Smoke Drink Dance Sex!!!
- X. Very independent minded.
- XI. By 1930.....Fade out!!!

#### 11. 1920's - Sexual Revolution:

- A) Open discussions.
- B) More depicted in movies.
- C) Birth control is practiced more.
- D) Homosexuality is still condemned!

### **12. 1920's – Immigration:**

A) The Russian Revolution and The Red Scare have created an association of Immigrants to Anarchism and Radicalism.

B) BIG dislike of Immigrants from Southern & Eastern Europe.

## 13. 1920's - Religion:

- A) Growth of Fundamentalists:
  - I. Believe in the Bible literally as history,
  - II. Are primarily conservative Protestants.
  - III. Oppose Liberalism.
  - IV. Strongest in the South and West.

#### 14. 1920's - Mexican/Americans:

A) By the end – Dominant low-wage laborers in the Southwest.

#### 15. 1920's - Black Americans:

- A) Called "The New Negro."
- B) More militant and assertive against White mistreatment.

#### 16. 1920's The Harlem Renaissance:

- A) Section of upper Manhattan in New York City.
- B) Center of Black Artistic & Intellectual creativity.
- C) Novelists:
  - I. Zora Neale Hurston.

- II. Jessie Fauset.
- III. Claude McKay.
- IV. Jean Toomer.
- D) Poets:
  - I. Langston Hughes.
  - II. Countee Cullen.
- E) Artists:
  - I. Aaron Douglas.
  - II. Augusta Savage.

#### 17. 1920's - Marcus Garvey:

- A) Black Jamaican Immigrant New York City.
- B) Founder of the U.N.I.A. Universal Negro Improvement Association:
  - I. Largest Black Political Organization of the time.
  - II. Wants Blacks to develop their own businesses and become economically self-sufficient.
- C) He urges Blacks to go back to Africa.
- D) 1922 Indicted for mail fraud.
- E) Later...Deported back to Jamaica.

#### 18. 1920's - Movies:

A) Most popular entertainment outside of home.

- **B) Hollywood Movie Capitol:** 
  - I. Warner Brothers.
  - II. RKO.
- C) Rudolph Valentino:
  - I. Silent Movie idol!
  - II. Italian & French.
  - III. From Long Island, New York.
  - IV. Gardner Busboy Waiter Dance Partner
    - Touring Musical Show Bit parts in Silent Movies.
  - V. 1<sup>st</sup> hit: "The 4 Horsemen of the Apocalypse."
  - VI. Biggest hit: "The Sheik."
- 19. 1920's Radio:
  - A) Number 1 entertainment in the home.
- 20. 1920's Sports:
  - A) Automobile Racing.
  - B) Golf:
    - I. Bobby Jones.
  - C) Baseball:
    - I. Babe Ruth.
  - D) Tennis:
    - I. Helen Wills Moody.

- E) Boxing:
  - I. Jack Dempsey.
  - II. Gene Tunney.
- F) Football:
  - I. Harold "Red" Grange.
  - II. American Professional Football
    Association becomes the National Football
    League.
- G) College Football is huge.

#### 21. 1920's - Jazz:

- A) "The Jazz Age."
- B) Created by Black Americans.
- C) 1st major composer...Jelly Roll Morton.
- D) 1st major Trumpeter/Singer...Louis Armstrong.

#### 22. 1920's - Politics:

- A) 1st emergence of modern political system:
  - I. Advertising.
  - II. Weak parties.
  - III. Low voter turnout.
- B) Republican administrations:
  - I. Weaken the Progressive regulation of the economy.
  - II. Allow regulatory commissions like the

I.C.C. and the Federal Trade

Commission...FTC...to be controlled by the businesses they are supposed to regulate.

# <u> 1920 - January</u>

- 1. John Lejeune 13th Commandant U.S.M.C.:
  - A) Cajun.
  - B) Born 1/10/1867 Louisiana.
  - C) Spanish/American War.
  - D) Panama.
  - E) Occupation of Veracruz.
  - F) WW I.
  - **G) 1929 Age 62 Retires.**
  - H) 11/20/1942 Baltimore, Maryland Dies.
- 2. January 17, 1920 12:01 Morning 18<sup>th</sup> Amendment goes into effect!!
  - A) The Volstead Act.
  - **B) Start of Prohibition.**

## **April 15, 1920**

## Nicola Sacco & Bartolomeo Vanzetti

- 1. November 22, 1919 Needham, Massachustts:
  - A) David Murphy's car is stolen:
    - I. 7 Passenger Black Buick.
    - II. Has a blue stripe.
- 2. December 22, 1919 Needham, Massachusetts:
  - A) George Hassam's Garage:
    - I. Set of licenses plates are stolen.
- 3. December 24, 1920 Bridgewater, Massachusetts:
  - **A) 7:30 Morning.**
  - B) Ford truck with:
    - I. Driver.
    - II. Guard.
    - III. Paymaster.
  - C) Transporting \$33,113.00 for the L.Q. White Shoe Factory.
  - D) 3 men jump from a parked car:
    - I. Open fire on the truck!
    - II. Shots are exchanged.
    - III. Truck gets away.
    - IV. Car speeds away.
    - V. Nobody is hurt.
  - E) Witnesses:

- I. Black Buick with a blue stripe:
  - (1) Murphy's car!
- II. License plate matches:
  - (1) One stolen from Hassam's Garage!
- III. Men looked "Italian":
  - (1) Description of one matches a man who tried to borrow some plates the day before the plates were stolen!
- F) Picked up is a fired shotgun shell:
  - I. Winchester.
  - II. #10 Birdshot.
- 4. April 15, 1920 South Braintree, Massachusetts:
  - **A) 3:00 Afternoon.**
  - B) Paymaster, Fred Parmenter and Guard, Alessandro Berardelli:
    - I. Come out of the Slater & Morrill office building.
    - II. Each has a black bag of money.
    - III. Combined.....\$15,773.59!!
    - IV. Are going to carry the money down Main Street to:
      - (1) The Slater & Morrill Shoe Factory.
  - C) Between the two Slater & Morrill buildings:
    - I. 2 men are leaning against the fence of the Rice & Hutchins Company.
  - D) Berardelli gets even with the 2 men:

- I. One of the men steps away from the fence.
- II. For a split second:
  - (1) Berardelli appears to say something to the man.
  - (2) Like he knows him.
- E) The man shoves a pistol in Berardelli's stomach:
  - I. Fires twice.
- F) Parmenter starts running across the street:
  - I. Same man chases him.
  - II. Shoots him twice in the back.
- G) The 2<sup>nd</sup> man at the fence:
  - I. Walks up to Berardelli.
  - II. Shoots him two more times.
- H) The 2 men grab the bags of money:
  - I. Fire shots in the air.....Signal.
- I) Buick drives up:
  - I. A 3<sup>rd</sup> man comes out from behind a pile of bricks on Pearl Street.
  - II. The 3 men get into the Buick.
  - III. In the car are a driver and a man in back.
  - IV. The 5 men speed away.
- J) Before he dies Parmenter Description of the 2 men:
  - I. One.....Short and heavy-set.
  - II. One.....Short and slim.

- K) Witnesses.....Describe the Buick:
  - I. Some of the numbers on the plates match a set of stolen plates.
- L) Witnesses.....Describe the men:
  - I. All of the descriptions are different!
- M) One of the men has dropped a cap:
  - I. Size...6 & 7/8's.
- N) 4 bullets removed from Berardelli and 2 from Parmenter:
  - I. .32 caliber.
  - II. Steel-jacketed.
  - III. Fired from an automatic.
- 5. April 17, 1920 Manley Woods:
  - A) Hunters.
  - B) Find an abandoned Buick:
    - I. The one used in the robbery/murders.
- 6. April 24, 1920 New Bedford, Massachusetts:
  - A) Fiore's Restaurant.
  - B) Police spot a big touring car outside.
  - C) Same plates as the one used in the robbery/murders.
  - D) Inside...Is gangster...Frank Morelli.
  - E) Nobody claims the car.
- 7. May 5, 1920 Simon Johnson's house:
  - A) 4 men arrive to get Mike Boda's car back:

- I. Mike Boda.
- II. Richard Orciani.
- III. Nicola Sacco.
- IV. Bartolomeo Vanzetti.
- B) All 4 men are known:
  - I. Anarchists and Radicals.
- C) Get the car and leave:
  - I. Police are called.....WHY?
- 8. May 5, 1920 Night:
  - A) Sacco and Vanzetti board the Bridgewater to Brockton streetcar.
  - B) 10:10 Night A policeman boards the car: I. Arrests the 2 men.
  - C) At this point:
    - I. Neither of the 2 men is a suspect in the robbery/murders.
    - II. Neither of the 2 men have a police record.
  - D) WHAT are they guilty of???
    - I. Being in the company of 2 known Italian anarchists!
    - II. Being in the company of 2 known Italian radicals.
    - III. Being in the company of an Italian radical who is subject to deportation.
  - E) Sacco and Vanzetti's names have been added to:

- I. "The Red List."
- F) Both men are searched:
  - I. Sacco:
    - (1) .32 Colt Automatic Pistol.
    - (2) Fully loaded.
    - (3) Has some loose shells in his jacket.
  - II. Vanzetti:
    - (1) .38 Harrington-Richardson Revolver.
    - (2) Fully loaded.
    - (3) Four .12 guage shotgun shells in his pocket.
- G) None of the shells from the 2 men will be marked as evidence.
- 9. Nicola Sacco:
  - A) Italian immigrant.
  - B) Shoemaker by trade.
- 10. Bartolomeo Vanzetti:
  - A) Italian immigrant.
  - B) Good student in school.
  - C) Day laborer.
  - D) Peddler.
  - E) Brick layer.
  - F) Quarry worker.
  - G) Rope mill worker.
  - H) Fish peddler.

- I) Is a known strike leader.
- 11. May 6, 1920 Police station:
  - A) Witnesses:
    - I. Both are identified as 2 of the men in the robbery/murders:
      - (1) How?.....Mustache and cap!
    - II. NOT placed in a lineup:
      - (1) JUST the two of them!!
  - B) Same day:
    - I. Orciani is arrested.
  - C) Police claim:
    - I. Both crimes...Bridgewater and South Braintree.
    - II. Committed by the same gang.
- 12. When questioned...Sacco and Vanzetti both give many false answers...WHY??
  - A) They KNOW they are suspected radicals!
  - B) They KNOW they might be subject to deportation!!
- 13. Pinkerton Detective:
  - A) Makes a public statement:
    - I. The 2 Italians involved in the South Braintree crime are under arrest!

# 14. At this point...All searching for those responsible for the crime stops!!

#### 15. May 12, 1920:

- A) Sacco:
  - I. Arraigned for the South Braintree crime.
- **B) Vanzetti:** 
  - I. Arraigned for the Bridgewater crime.
- C) Orciani:
  - I. Released:
    - (1) Alibi is verified:
      - a. At work on both dates.

#### 16. May 18, 1920:

- A) Hearing for Vanzetti...Bridgewater crime:
  - I. Witnesses...Horrible:
    - (1) Descriptions on size, heights, weights, and mustache don't match!!
- B) Fact...Most of the witnesses are employees of the L.Q. White Company:
  - I. Fact...Pressure is put on them to identify the 2 men!
- 17. May 25, 1920:
  - A) Hearing for Sacco:
    - I. South Braintree crime.
- 18. June 22, 1920 to July 1, 1920:

- A) Vanzetti is tried for the Bridgewater crime:
  - I. Judge...Webster Thayer:
    - (1) Totally prejudiced against Vanzetti.
- **B) Witnesses:** 
  - I. Vanzetti was "The Shotgun Man" in the attempted robbery!
  - II. Say he was bareheaded...THEN change, and say he was wearing a cap!
  - III. They cannot describe his mustache.
- C) The 4 shotgun shells taken from him are admitted as evidence:
  - I. 3 are made by Peters.
  - II. 1 by Winchester.
  - III. None have been marked.
- D) Sacco and his wife testify:
  - I. They gave Vanzetti the shells on May 5<sup>th</sup>.
- E) Police claim he has no alibi for the day of the crime!
- F) Vanzetti testifies:
  - I. Day of the crime...Not working.
  - II. Selling eels in Boston.
- G) 20 people testify to buying eels from him:
  - I. Receipt is produced to verify the sales.
    - (1) LATER, the court will not allow the receipt to be admitted:
      - a. Why?...It could have been grounds for a new trial.

- H) Jury is allowed to take the 4 unfired shells into the deliberation room:
  - I. Illegally...They open one to check the size of the shot:
    - (1) Buckshot!
    - (2) Is not the size of the shot used at the scene of the crime!
- I) Prosecutor is informed the shell has been opened and what has been discovered:
  - I. Prosecutor: "I don't want it known!"
- J) Judge is informed:
  - I. Keeps quiet!
  - II. Does not declare a mistrial.
- K) Verdict.....Guilty!!
- 19. August 16, 1920:
  - A) For Bridgewater crime:
    - I. Vanzetti is sentenced to 12 to 15 years in prison!
- 20. September 11, 1920:
  - A) Sacco and Vanzetti:
    - I. Both are indicted for the South Braintree crime!
- 21. November 18, 1920:
  - A) Fred Moore of California:
    - I. Hired to defend the 2 men!

- B) Has a reputation for defending radicals:
  - I. That becomes a major problem:
    - (1) Why?...Judge, Webster Thayer hates him immediately!
- C) Moore is hard-headed:
  - I. At times he won't take the advice from the other 3 lawyers:
    - (1) Tom McAnarney.
    - (2) John McAnarney.
    - (3) Jeremiah McAnarney.

#### 22. May 31, 1921 thru July 14, 1921:

- A) Dedham, Massachusetts.
- B) Sacco and Vanzetti are tried for the South Braintree crime!
- C) Judge...Webster Thayer:
  - I. Totally prejudiced.
  - II. During the trial is heard to remark:
    - (1) "Dagos."
    - (2) "Dago sons-of-bitches."
- D) 59 prosecution witnesses.
- E) 99 defense witnesses.
- F) Cap:
  - I. Will not fit Sacco.....Too small!
- **G) Captain William Proctor:** 
  - I. "These are not the right men. You haven't got the right men!"
    - (1) Will not be called again!!!

- H) Witnesses from the factory windows:
  - I. Identify them!
  - II. BUT, they have wrongfully identified other people as the guilty parties!
- I) Police testify:
  - I. When arrested, both men had drawn pistols!
    - (1) Proven to be a LIE!
- J) Witnesses identify them 13 months after the crime:
  - I. BUT, they couldn't do it right after!
- K) Shoemaker, Lewis Wade:
  - I. "Not them!"
    - (1) He is fired by Slater & Morrill!!
      - a. He has worked for them for 16 years!
- L) 2 other witnesses:
  - I. Pick out 4 different people!
    - (1) NONE of them are Sacco or Vanzetti!!
- M) Only one of the witnesses:
  - I. Sees a mustache on one of the men!
- N) One witness:
  - I. "Vanzetti was driving the car!"
    - (1) Vanzetti...Doesn't know how to drive!
- O) Fingerprints from the car...Lots of them:
  - I. NONE are from Sacco or Vanzetti!
- P) Vanzetti's pistol:
  - I. Harrington-Richardson.

- II. Berardelli carried a Harrington-Richardson:
  - (1) His is not found.
  - (2) Police claim Vanzetti takes it from him after he kills him!
- III. BUT, the serial numbers are different.
- **Q) Luigi Falzini testifies:** 
  - I. He has sold the pistol to Vanzetti in January or February of 1920.
  - II. For \$5.00!!!
- R) 6 Bullets removed from the victims:
  - I. Police say all are fired from a Colt Automatic.
  - II. 5 of the 6 bullets have right twists.
  - III. 1 has a left twist.
  - IV. Colt Automatics are known for left twists.
  - V. 2 ballistics experts: "Bullets were not fired from Sacco's gun!"
- S) Sacco's pistol is test fired:
  - I. One expert: "No match!"
  - II. One expert: "Maybe."
  - III. Expert, Albert Hamilton: "Definitely not!"
- T) Car:
  - I. Can't be traced to the 2 men!
- U) Money:
  - I. NONE is traced to the 2 men!
  - II. Vanzetti has never cared about money!

- III. Why would Sacco need to steal money!!??
  - (1) He has \$1,500.00 in his bank account!
- V) Prosecution claims they steal it for a "radical cause":
  - I. BUT, their cause never receives any large amount of money after the crime!
- W) 2 former employees Federal Department of Justice:
  - I. Both men are on "The Red List."
  - II. Government has secretly tried to get evidence on the 2 men!
- X) Day of the crime:
  - I. Vanzetti is in Plymouth.
  - II. Selling fish.
  - **III. Witnesses verify it!**
  - IV. Receipts verify it!
- Y) Day of the crime:
  - I. Sacco claims to be in the Italian Consulate.
  - II. Trying to get a passport.
  - III. Clerk verifies it!
- Z) July 14, 1921 Mid-afternoon Case goes to the jury:
  - I. Out 5 ½ hours.
  - II. Foreman: "Damn them, they ought to hang anyway!"
  - III. Verdict...Guilty...1st Degree Murder!

- 23. November 1, 1921:
  - A) Both men are sentenced to death!!!
  - B) Has been a total "railroad job!"
    - I. The Boston legal people and the Department of Justice know:
      - (1) The crime has been the work of professionals!
- 24. December 24, 1921:
  - A) Motion for a new trial:
    - I. Turned down by Thayer!
  - B) After he has turned down the appeal:
    - I. In front of witnesses:
      - (1) "Did you see what I did with those Anarchist bastards the other day?"
- 25. May 12, 1926:
  - **A) Massachusetts State Supreme Court:** 
    - I. Upholds the convictions!
- 26. April 9, 1927:
  - A) Thayer sets the dates for execution.
- 27. August 3, 1927:
  - A) Governor of Massachusetts:
    - I. Turns down an appeal for clemency!
- 28. August 22, 1927:

- A) Last appeal to the U.S. Supreme Court:
  - I. Turned down!
- 29. Tuesday August 23, 1927:
  - A) Charlestown, Massachusetts.
  - **B) State Prison.**
  - C) Just after midnight.
  - D) Marchers outside the prison:
    - I. Protesting the executions!
  - E) Both men refuse the last rites from a Priest.
  - F) Another prisoner "Madieros":
    - I. Electric chair!
  - G) Sacco:
    - I. Electric chair.
  - H) 7 minutes later Vanzetti:
    - I. Electric chair.

#### 30. 1928:

- A) Police informant:
  - I. Names the Bridgewater criminals:
    - (1) Frank Silva.
    - (2) Joseph San Marco.
    - (3) "Guinea" Oates.
    - (4) "Doggy" Bruno.
  - II. Tells the Police...Sacco and Vanzetti had nothing to do with it!
- 31. And, now.....We have to go back!!

#### 32. November 17, 1924:

- A) Celestino Madieros:
  - I. Arrested for the robbery of a bank and murder of a cashier in Wrentham, Massachusetts.
- **B) November 1, 1925:** 
  - I. Sentenced to death.
- C) November 16, 1925:
  - I. Writes a confession about the South Braintree crime:
    - (1) Sacco and Vanzetti have had nothing to do with it!
    - (2) Done by...The Morelli Gang!
    - (3) One of the Morelli's looks almost exactly like Sacco!
    - (4) Total of 6 men involved!
      - a. Celestino Madieros.
      - b. Mike Morelli.
      - c. Joe Morelli.
      - d. Frank Morelli.
      - e. Anthony Mancini.
      - f. Steve Benkoski.
    - (5) After the robbery/murders:
      - a. Drive 2 miles from South Braintree.
      - b. To the Oak Street woods.
      - c. Switch from the Buick to a Hudson.

#### 33. The Morelli Gang:

- A) Are from Rhode Island.
- **B) Brothers:** 
  - I. Mike Morelli.
  - II. Frank Morelli.
  - III. Joseph Morelli.
  - IV. Fred Morelli.
  - V. Pasquale Morelli.
- C) Are other non-family members:
  - I. In and out of the gang.
- D) December 5, 1919:
  - I. Indicted for robbing freight cars:
    - (1) Shoes from Rice & Hutchins.
    - (2) Shoes from Slater & Morrill.
- E) March 5, 1920:
  - I. More indictments:
    - (1) Same types of robberies.
- 34. Fact...April 15, 1920:
  - A) New Bedford, Massachusetts.
  - **B) Mike Morelli:** 
    - I. Seen driving the Buick used in the South Braintree crime.
- 35. Fact...April 24, 1920:
  - A) Fiore's Restaurant.
  - B) Buick used in the crime spotted parked outside.
  - C) Nobody inside claims it.

- D) Who is inside???
  - I. Morelli's!!!
- 36. June 3, 1920:
  - A) All of the Morelli's are sentenced to prison.
- 37. Fact...The Morelli's use:
  - A) Colt automatics.
  - **B) Steyrs:** 
    - I. Fire 7.65mm ammunition.
  - C) Bullets recovered at South Braintree:
    - I. Consistent with 7.65mm Steyrs!!!
- 38. Fact...Descriptions of witnesses at South Braintree:
  - A) Fits the Morelli's and members involved!
- 39. 1960...Joseph Morelli:
  - A) Admits to planning the crime.
  - B) Berardelli is in on it:
    - I. Had to be silenced.
  - **C) AT South Braintree:** 
    - I. Joseph Morelli.
    - II. Frank Morelli.
    - **III. Celestino Madieros.**
    - IV. Anthony Mancini (Murderer).
    - V. Steve Benkoski (Driver).

- D) Anthony Mancini...Definitely was involved in firing fatal shots.
- E) Meet Mike Morelli 2 miles from crime: I. Switch vehicles.
- F) Mike Morelli hides the Buick.
- 40. When witness...Lewis Wade...Is shown a picture of Joseph Morelli:
  - A) Positively identifies him as one of the men who shot Berardelli!!!

## **May 1920**

## **The Rise of Johnny Torrio & Al Capone**

- 1. Johnny Torrio:
  - A) After the murder of his uncle, Jim Colosimo:
    - I. He takes over in Chicago:
      - (1) Al Capone becomes his "right hand man."
- 2. Al Capone:
  - A) December 18, 1918:
    - I. Marries...Mae Coughlin.
    - II. He is 19...She is 21.
  - B) Have a son:
    - I. Albert Francis "Sonny" Capone.
  - C) He...Physically:
    - I. 5 feet 10 ½ inches tall.
    - II. 255 pounds.
    - III. Dark brown hair.
    - IV. Gray eyes.
  - D) Close friends call him: "Snorky":
    - I. Means...Elegant!
  - E) Press calls him: "Scarface":
    - I. HE HATES IT!!!
  - F) 1922:
    - I. Charged...Assault...Not guilty!
  - G) 1922:
    - I. Charged...Drunk driving...Not guilty!
  - H) 1922:

- I. Charged...Carrying a concealed weapon...Not guilty!
- I) 1923:
  - I. Charged...Being drunk and blocking traffic...Not guilty!
- J) 1924:
  - I. Charged...Murder...Not guilty!
- K) 1925:
  - I. Contracts...Gonorrhea.
  - II. Will later contribute to his death.
- L) Torrio gives him 25% of all profits!!
- 3. Allied with Torrio and Capone:
  - A) Ralph Sheldon.
  - B) Frankie Lake.
  - C) Frank McErlane.
  - D) Terry Druggan.
  - E) The 6 Genna Brothers:
    - I. Angelo "Bloody Angelo."
    - II. Antonio "Tony, The Gentleman."
    - III. Mike "The Devil."
    - IV. Vincenzo "Jim."
    - V. Pete.
    - VI. Sam.
- 4. The Genna's make illegal booze:
  - A) Sell it to Torrio and Capone.

- 5. Opposing Torrio and Capone are:
  - A) The South Side O'Donnell Brothers:
    - I. 6 of them.
  - B) The West Side O'Donnell Brothers:
    - I. Klondike.
    - II. Mike.
  - C) Earl "Hymie" Weiss.
  - D) Vincent "The Schemer" Drucci.
  - E) George "Bugs" Moran.
  - F) Louis "Two Gun" Altiere:
    - I. Owns a ranch in Colorado.
    - II. Wears 2 guns on his hips...Western style.
    - III. Is a gunman for Dion O'Bannion.
    - IV. Is a minor partner of O'Bannion's in gambling and bootlegging.
  - G) Dion "Deanie" O'Bannion:
    - I. Irish.
    - II. Born...1892...Aurora, Illinois.
    - III. 1899...Arrives in Chicago.
    - IV. Pickpocket.
    - V. Juvenile gangs.
    - VI. Arrested twice for assault.
    - VII. Physically:
      - (1) 5 feet 8 inches tall.
      - (2) Blue eyes.
      - (3) Light brown hair.
      - (4) Walks with a limp:
        - a. Left leg is shorter than the right.

#### VIII. By 1922:

- (1) Arrested for burglary and robbery.
- IX. Never shakes hands with a stranger.
- X. Has his suits made with extra hidden pockets:
  - (1) For his guns.
  - (2) Always carries at least 3 pistols.
- XI. Doesn't drink.
- XII. Family man.
- XIII. Cold blooded killer...Personally kills at least 25!

#### XIV. His gang:

- (1) Killers.
- (2) Bootleggers.
- (3) Safecrackers.
- (4) Robbers.
- (5) Thieves.
- (6) Hijackers.

#### XV. His primary "hit-men":

- (1) George "Bugs" Moran.
- (2) Louis "Two Gun" Altierie.
- (3) Earl "Hymie" Weiss.
- (4) Vincent "Schemer" Drucci.
- (5) The Gusenberg Brothers:
  - a. Frank.
  - b. Pete.

#### XVI. Owns a flower shop:

(1) Loves working with flowers.

- 6. Peace for 4 years:
  - A) Torrio and Capone:
    - I. Control the South Side of Chicago.
  - B) O'Bannion:
    - I. Controls the North Side of Chicago

#### **June 1920**

# The Selection of Warren G. Harding as the Republican Presidential Candidate in 1920

- 1. Weeks before the Republican National Nominating Convention:
  - A) Corrupt, Republican, Party Boss, Harry Daugherty, of Ohio:
    - I. Talks to reporters.
    - II. Predicts the outcome of the convention.
      - (1) "After the other candidates have gone their limit, some 12 to 15 men, worn out and bleary-eyed for lack of sleep, will sit down around 2:00 in the morning, around a table in a smoke filled room in some hotel and decide the nomination. When that time comes, Harding will be selected."
- 2. June Chicago, Illinois Convention:
  - A) 4 ballots Deadlock:
    - I. General Leonard Wood.

- II. Frank Lowden...Gov. of Illinois.
- III. Harding is a distant 4<sup>th</sup>!!
- B) Reporters follow "Party Bosses" back to the Blackstone Hotel:
  - I. 2 main "Bosses":
    - (1) Daugherty.
    - (2) George Harvey of New York.
- C) Night "Bosses" meet in Harvey's room #404 Two-Room suite:
  - I. Call Harding in.
  - II. Inform him...He WILL be the candidate!
- D) Dawn Associated Press Reporter, Kirke Simpson Publishes story:
  - I. "Harding chosen by a group of men in a smoke filled room early today!"
- E) Harding gets the nomination!!!
- 3. Years later...Daugherty is asked...WHY the Party selected Harding???
  - A) "He looked like a President."

### 1920 - August

1. August 26, 1920 – 19<sup>th</sup> Amendment: A) Women's Suffrage...Right to vote. Summer 1920

#### Robert Stroud

#### "The Birdman of Alcatraz"

- 1. Robert Stroud:
  - A) Born 1897.
  - B) Age 19 Pimp in Alaska.
  - C) Homosexual.
  - D) January 1909 Shoots and kills a bartender who refuses to pay one of his girls her \$10 fee:
    - I. 12 years Leavenworth Federal Penitentiary.
  - E) March 26, 1916 Stabs to death a sadistic **Prison Guard, Andrew Turner:** 
    - I. Sentenced to hang.
    - II. 8 days before the hanging Commuted to **Life in Solitary Confinement:** 
      - a. By Woodrow Wilson's wife, Edith.
  - F) Tall Butch haircut Metal framed glasses - Wears a cap with a green eye shade
    - attached.
  - G) Paints seasonal greeting cards:
    - I. Sends to Mother to sell to raise money.
- 2. Summer of 1920 Finds an abandoned nest of sparrows:
  - A) Nurses them back to health.

- 3. Starts reading everything he can get his hands on concerning Birds.
- 4. Smuggles in other Birds including Canaries.
- 5. Builds his 1<sup>st</sup> birdcage from a soapbox using a nail and a razor blade.
- 6. Starts studying and specializing in Canaries:
  - A) Sexual habits Breeding Ailments.
  - B) Becomes known as "The Bird Doctor of Leavenworth."
- 7. 1925 Through his Mother:
  - A) Raises and sells 53 Canaries for a total of \$200.
- 8. Averages working 18 hours per day:
  - A) Is the man who discovers....Birds HATE round cages....makes them feel insecure!
  - B) Studies bird pathology.
  - C) Turns his cell into a bird hospital.
  - D) is allowed to buy:
    - I. Feeding dishes.
    - II. Roosts.
    - III. Cages.
    - **IV. Pans.**
    - V. Dissecting instruments.

VI. Scalpels.

VII. Chisels.

**VIII. Hammers.** 

IX. A microscope.

- E) Discovers the cure for Septic Fever!
- F) Discovers the cure for Fowl Paralysis!
- 9. August 1936 Visited by J. Edgar Hoover, Head of the F.B.I.:
  - A) Buys one of Stroud's Canaries for \$10 for his Mother.
- 10. 1942 Transferred to Alcatraz Prisoner #594.
- 11. Continues his work:
  - A) BUT, will not have Birds!
  - B) Becomes known as "The Birdman of Alcatraz."
- 12. 1942 Publishes a book "Digest of Bird Diseases":
  - A) To this day.....the number #1 book on bird diseases in the world.
- 13. May 2, 1946 Prisoners in "C" Block Riot:
  - A) Hold some of the Guards as hostages.
  - B) 56 year old, Stroud, refuses to take part.

- C) Begs others not to take part.
- D) Protects the wounded prisoners.
- E) prison is under siege for 2 days:
  - I. Police 2 Platoons of Marines:
    - a. Use bazookas, machine guns, grenades, and tear gas.
- F) 2 Navy destroyers fire 2 inch shells.
- G) At the request of the prisoners Stroud acts as spokesman.
- G) Saturday May 6, 1946 7:00 Morning Ends:
  - I. 2 of the leaders are dead.

#### 14. Continues his work:

A) November 21, 1963 – Prison – Heart attack – Dies.

#### 1920 - September

- 1. September 8, 1920 1<sup>st</sup> Transcontinental Airmail Service:
  - A) New York City and San Francisco, California.

#### <u> 1920 – November</u>

- 1. November 2, 1920 Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania:
  - A) Radio Station...KDKA.
  - **B) Broadcasts Presidential Election results.**
  - C) Sponsored by:
    - I. Westinghouse Electric & Manufacturing Company.
  - D) Marks the true "birth" of Radio!!
- 2. November 2, 1920 Presidential Election:
  - A) 29th President.
  - B) Republican, Warren G. Harding.

#### <u> 1920 – December</u>

- 1. December 10, 1920 Woodrow Wilson:
  - A) Nobel Peace Prize.
  - B) For 1919 efforts.

#### 1921

- 1. Margaret Sanger:
  - A) Incorporates the American Birth Control League.
- 2. Fred Banting & Dr. Charles Best:
  - A) Discover Insulin.
- 3. The Federal Highway Act:
  - A) Gives matching Federal funds to improve the nation's roads.
- 4. Congress Law Limits Immigration:
  - A) Immigration falls to 505,000.

#### 1921

#### **The Newton Gang**

- 1. 4 members All Brothers From Texas:
  - A) Willie:
    - I. Oldest...Leader.
  - B) Willis.
  - C) Joe.
  - D) Jess.
- 2. 1921 Texas:
  - A) Series of bank robberies:
    - I. Winters, Texas.
    - II. Hondo, Texas.
    - III. Boerne, Texas.
    - IV. San Marcos, Texas.
    - V. New Braunfels, Texas.
- 3. Several mail train robberies.
- 4. By 1924:
  - A) Have stolen over \$500 thousand.
- 5. June 12, 1924 Rondout, Illinois:
  - A) Rob the Chicago mail train:
    - I. Get \$3 million!!!
- 6. Constantly pursued by Police Chief, Albert Van Riper, of San Antonio, Texas:

- A) Finally arrests them.
- 7. December 1, 1924 Chicago, Illinois:
  - A) Tried and convicted.
  - B) Sent to federal prisons.

#### 1921 - March

- 1. March 4, 1921 55 year old, Republican, Warren
  - **G.** Harding, inaugurated 29<sup>th</sup> President:
  - A) Born 11/2/1865 Bloomington Grove, Ohio.
  - B) 1882 Graduates Ohio Central College.
  - C) Lawyer.
  - D) Sells Insurance.
  - E) 7/8/1891 @ age 25 Marries 30 year old, Florence DeWolfe.
  - F) 1900 Ohio Senate.
  - G) 1904 Lt. Governor of Ohio.
  - H) 1905 Affair Carrie Fulton Phillips Wife of an old Friend!!
  - I) 1910 Governor Ohio.
  - J) 1915 U.S. Senate Ohio.
  - K) 7/30/1917 Manhattan, New York Start of affair with Nan Britton:
    - I. He is 30 years older than her!
    - II. She idolizes him.
    - III. On 10/22/1919 She has a daughter:
      - (1) "Elizabeth Ann Christian."
      - (2) Conceived on Harding's Senate Office couch!
  - L) 6 feet tall Gray Hair 14 EE Shoes.
  - M) 1<sup>st</sup> President Ride to Inauguration in Auto.

- N) 1<sup>st</sup> President Put a Radio in the White House.
- O) Loves Poker:
  - I. Loses a set of White House China in a poker game at the notorious "Little Green House on 'K' Street."
- P) Loves to go to Strip Shows.
- **Q) Loves Women!** 
  - I. Has MANY affairs!!!
- R) Continues to see Nan Britton:
  - I. Have sex in a White House closet...5 feet by 5 feet in size!!!
  - II. They have sex in several Hotels:
    - (1) He checks her in as his Neice!
- S) As a President...Terrible...Scandal after Scandal...Most caused by his political cronies, called "The Ohio Gang:"
  - I. Teapot Dome.
  - II. Head of the Veteran's Bureau...Fraud with Federal Property...Prison!
  - III. One of the "Gang"...Involved in fraud...Suicide in 1923.
  - IV. Harry Daugherty, Attorney General, Head of the "Ohio Gang" will later be forced to resign!

- T) 8/2/1923 @ age 57 Dies \$487 thousand estate.
- U) Nan Britton writes a book:
  - I. "The President's Daughter"!!!!!
  - II. 50,000 copies at \$5 each...Makes \$250 thousand!

#### <u> 1921 – August</u>

- 1. August 9, 1921 Congress Creates:
  - A) The U.S. Veteran's Bureau.
- 2. August 18, 1921 William Jennings Bryan:
  - A) Appointed Director of the Bureau of Investigation of the Department of Justice:
    - I. Will later become...The F.B.I.

## September 2, 1921 <u>Roscoe "Fatty" Arbuckle</u>

- 1. Roscoe "Fatty" Arbuckle:
  - A) 34 years old.
  - **B) 300 pounds.**
  - C) Silent Movie star.
  - D) Comedy.
  - E) One of the Keystone Kops.
  - F) Private Life:
    - I. Booze!
    - II. Sexual perversion!
    - III. Those who know him call him: "A rape artist!"
- 2. Sunday September 4, 1921 San Francisco, California:
  - A) St. Francis Hotel.
  - B) 12th floor.
  - C) Room #1219.
  - D) Arbuckle throws an all-day orgey and booze party!
  - E) Virginia Rappe shows up:
    - I. 24 years old.
    - II. Model.
    - III. Bit-part actress.
  - F) Arbuckle has wanted her sexually for a long time!
  - G) LOT of drinking.

- H) He drags her into a bedroom:
  - I. He is heard to say: "I've waited for you for five years, and now I've got you!"
- I) She is heard in agony screaming for help!
- J) He comes out of the bedroom:
  - I. Has just his pajamas and her hat on!
  - II. Giggles.
  - III. Does a little dance.
  - IV. Says: "Go in and get her dressed, get her out, take her back to where she came from. She makes too much noise!"
- K) She is found on the floor:
  - I. Naked.
  - II. Clothes torn off.
  - III. Moaning: "I'm dying, I'm dying. Roscoe did it!"
- L) Arbuckle screams at her:
  - I. "Shut your mouth or I'll throw you outta' the window!"
- M) She is taken to a doctor:
  - I. Placed in the hospital.
  - II. 4 days later...September 8, 1921...She dies!
- 3. Arbuckle is charged with rape and murder!
- 4. 1st trial:
  - A) Hung jury...10 to 2 to acquit.

- 5. 2<sup>nd</sup> trial:
  - A) Doctor testifies:
    - I. She suffered tremendous external pressure during the sex act!
    - II. The pressure has ruptured her bladder!
    - III. Ice has been shoved into her vagina!
    - IV. Combination of all of this has caused Peritonitis.
    - V. Result...Death!
  - B) Hung jury...10 to 2 for conviction.
- 6. April 12, 1922 3rd trial:
  - A) Jury is out for 6 minutes.
  - B) "Not guilty!"
- 7. Career is ruined!!!
- 8. 1933...At age 46...Dies of a heart attack.

#### **November 11, 1921**

#### The Tomb of The Unknown Soldier

- 1. Arlington National Cemetery:
  - A) Originally:
    - I. Part of the 1,100 acre plantation of Robert E. Lee.
  - **B) 612 acres.**
  - C) Overlooking it...Robert E. Lee's plantation.
  - D) Most famous of America's 109 National Cemeteries.
  - E) 3 ½ million visitors each year.
  - F) Over 260,000 Americans buried here:
    - I. Anonymous individuals.
    - II. Politicians.
    - III. Presidents.
    - IV. Privates.
    - V. Generals.
  - G) Mast of the U.S.S. "Maine" is here.
- 2. May 13, 1864:
  - A) Civil War.
  - B) 1<sup>st</sup> burial:
    - I. Private William Christman:
      - (1) 67<sup>th</sup> Pennsylvania Infantry.
- 3. June 15, 1864:
  - A) Orders are issued to:
    - I. Create a cemetery out of the grounds.

- 4. November 11, 1921:
  - A) America's Unknown Soldier from WW I is buried here.
- 5. 1926:
  - A) Formal military guard at the grave is started:
    - I. BUT, only during daylight hours.
- 6. December 31, 1931:
  - A) The Tomb Shrine over the grave is completed:
    - I. Front...3 figures...Represent:
      - (1) Peace.
      - (2) Victory.
      - (3) Valor.
  - B) Inscribed: "Here rests in honored glory an American soldier, known but to God."
- 7. 1937:
  - A) Start guarding 24 hours per day.
- 8. 1948:
  - A) Permanent guard duty is assigned to the U.S. 3<sup>rd</sup> Infantry.
- 9. May 30, 1958:

- A) Unknowns from WW II & Korean War:
  - I. Entombed.
  - II. On each side of the WW I Unknown.
- 10. May 28, 1984 Entombed Unknown Vietnam War.
- 11. 1998 Family of M.I.A. U.S. Air Force Captain, Michael Blassie:
  - A) Legal channels...DNA test:
    - I. HIM!!!
  - B) Removed Buried Family plot.
- 12. Today...Vietnam War Unknown...Empty:
  - A) BUT, still honored.
- 13. The Honor Guard:
  - A) The 3rd U.S. Infantry:
    - I. Called: "The Old Guard."
  - B) Do 1,600 ceremonies per year for the public.
  - C) 3 reliefs of guards.
  - D) Physical requirements:
    - I. 5-10 to 6-2 in height.
    - II. Waist not to exceed 30 inches.
  - **E)** Commitments:
    - I. 2 years of guarding the Tombs.
    - II. Live in the Barracks under the Tombs.
    - III. NO alcohol on or off duty for the rest of your life.
    - IV. NO swearing in public for the rest of your life.

- V. First 6 months...NO talking to anyone outside the unit.
- VI. First 6 months...NO television.
- VII. Have to study and memorize the information and locality of 175 famous people buried in Arlington.
- F) After 2 years...Wreath Pin:
  - I. Only 400 have been awarded.
  - II. Revoked if any of the above are ever violated.
- G) Uniforms:
  - I. 3:
    - (1) Army Blouse...Daily Uniform.
    - (2) Overcoat...Worn when weather falls below 45 degrees.
    - (3) Raincoat...Only when raining.
  - **II. Wool Uniforms:** 
    - (1) Only material...Hold crease...Summer weather.
  - III. Daily Uniform...Blue:
    - (1) To honor Revolutionary & Civil Wars.
  - IV. Sunglasses are worn:
    - (1) Prevent White Marble/Sun blindness.
  - V. Shoes:
    - (1) Special made.
    - (2) Extra layer on soles:
      - a. Protect feet from heat and cold.
    - (3) Metal heel plates to make loud click!
  - VI. Gloves...Worn wet:
    - (1) To prevent the rifle from slipping.
  - VII. M-14 Rifle:

- (1) 9  $\frac{1}{2}$  pounds.
- (2) Black leather strap...Represents "Mourning."
- (3) Chromed and polished bayonet.
- (4) Carried on shoulder between visitors and the Tomb:
  - a. Represents...Protecting the Tomb.
- H) Shifts:
  - I. Night...2 hour shifts.
  - II. Daylight:
    - (1) Winter...Change evry hour on the hour.
    - (2) Summer...Change every 30 minutes.
- I) Walking Mat:
  - I. 63 feet long.
  - II. Replaced each Memorial Day.
  - III. 21 steps...21 second pause...21 steps back:
    - (1) Represents the 21 Gun Salute.
- 14. 2003 Hurricane Isabelle Guard is told they are relieved of walking duty:
  - A) Refused!
  - B) Walked duty throughout the Hurricane!!
- 15. Famous people buried in Arlington:
  - A) 2 Presidents: Taft & JFK.
  - B) Gen.'s: P. Sheridan J. Pershing J. Wainwright O. Bradley C. Chennault J. Doolittle G. Marshall A. McAuliffe M. Ridgeway M. Taylor J. Van Fleet
  - C) Others:

- I. Robert Kennedy.
- **II. Joe Louis:** 
  - (1) Boxer.
- III. Earl Warren:
  - (1) Chief Justice of the Supreme Court.
- IV. Gus Grissom:
  - (1) Astronaut Apollo I.
- V. Roger Chaffee:
  - (1) Astronaut Apollo I.
- VI. Michael Smith:
  - (1) Pilot.
  - (2) Space Shuttle "Challenger."
- VII. Francis Scobee:
  - (1) Mission Commander.
  - (2) Space Shuttle "Challenger."
- **VIII. Abner Doubleday:** 
  - (1) Father of Baseball.
- IX. Michael Strank:
  - (1) Flag Raiser Iwo Jima 1st.
- X. Ira Hayes:
  - (1) Flag Raiser Iwo Jima 2<sup>nd</sup>.
- XI. Rene Gagnon:
  - (1) Flag Raiser Iwo Jima 3rd.
- XII. Audie Murphy:
  - (1) WW II.
  - (2) America's most decorated soldier.
  - (3) 24 decorations...One...Medal of Honor.
  - (4) 1971...Plane crash.

- XIII. Colonel Greg "Pappy" Boyington:
  - (1) WW II.
  - (2) "The Black Sheep Squadron."
- XIV. William Jennings Bryan:
  - (1) The Scopes Monkey Trial.
- XV. Medgar Evers:
  - (1) Civil Rights Leader.
  - (2) Assassinated.
- XVI. Admiral William "Bull" Halsey:
  - (1) WW II.
- XVII. Lee Marvin:
  - (1) Actor.
  - (2) U.S.M.C.
- **XVIII. Francis Gary Powers:** 
  - (1) U-2 Spy Pilot.
- XIX. Major Walter Reed:
  - (1) Cause of Yellow Fever.
- 13. When full...Becomes a National Shrine.