# Sunday – December 7, 1941 Pearl Harbor

- 1. Washington, D.C.:
  - A) 14<sup>th</sup> part of the Japanese coded message arrives:
    - I. Intercepted and decoded by the Americans.
    - II. It breaks off negotiations.
  - B) Ambassador Kurusu gets another message to deliver the 14<sup>th</sup> part message to the Americans at precisely 1:00 in the afternoon Washington time:
    - I. This will be 30 minutes before the attack on Pearl Harbor.
  - C) Due to a poor typist in the Japanese Embassy:
    - I. The warning will be delivered too late!
  - D) The warning from the "Magic" Staff reaches Pearl Harbor too late because:
    - I. It is sent by commercial wire, NOT military wire!
- 2. Because the Aircraft Carriers are not in Pearl Harbor:
  - A) The Battleships now become the primary targets!

- 3. The Japanese air attack is to be led by Commander Mitsuo Fuchida:
  - A) Will survive the war and become a Protestant Minister.
- 4. The Japanese pilots have a breakfast of rice balls and green tea:
  - A) All are issued new clothing:
    - I. All wear the white Hashimaki:
      - (1) White headband symbolizing the readiness and willingness to die!
- 5. 6:00 Morning The Japanese fleet is now 220 miles north of Oahu:
  - A) Fuchida takes off from the deck of the Akagi:
    - I. Within 15 minutes 43 fighter planes, 49 high level bombers, 51 dive bombers, and 40 torpedo bombers are airborne:
      - (1) 183 planes in the first Japanese attack wave (353 total will take part in the attack).
- 6. 6:40 Morning Outside Pearl Harbor:
  - A) The U.S.S. "Ward" sinks a Japanese Midget 2-Man Submarine:
    - I. Even though war is not declared These will be America's 1<sup>st</sup> shots of World War

II.

- **B) Short time later:** 
  - I. Another 2-Man Midget Submarine is rammed, depth-charged, and sunk by the U.S.S. "Monoghan."
- 7. Pearl Harbor is completely unprepared:
  - A) Men are sleeping.
  - B) Men are at breakfast.
  - C) Flag raisings.
- 8. 6:45 Morning Northern tip of Oahu:
  - **A) Army Mobile Radar Station:** 
    - I. Manned by Privates Joe Lockard and George Elliot.
  - B) Pick up huge blips on the screen:
    - I. Unknown to them It is the Japanese planes!
    - II. 7:02 Morning They report it by phone to Lt. Kermit Tyler:
      - (1) He tells them to forget it!
      - (2) He believes it to be a flight of 12 B-17 Bombers due in from California.
  - C) NO alarm is given!!!
- 9. In Pearl Harbor:
  - A) 96 ships total:
    - I. 70 are warships.

- B) On Battleship Row are 8 Battleships anchored in pairs side by side, all in a row:
  - I. Nevada.
  - II. Arizona.
  - III. Tennessee.
  - IV. West Virginia.
  - V. Maryland.
  - VI. Oklahoma.
  - VII. California.
  - VIII. Pennsylvania.
- C) Also:
  - I. 5 Cruisers.
  - II. 26 Destroyers.
- D) 1/3 of the crews are on shore leave.
- 10. 394 Army, Marine, and Navy airplanes at various fields:
  - A) Lined up in the middle of the fields, wing tip to wing tip:
    - I. Ideal targets!!!
- 11. 7:15 Morning 2<sup>nd</sup> wave of Japanese planes take off:
  - A) 80 Dive Bombers, 54 High Level Bombers, and 36 Fighters:
    - I. 170 total.
- 12. 7:30 Morning Kimmel is about to leave his

# home to play golf with Short:

- A) Phone call:
  - I. "Ward" has sunk a Midget Submarine.
  - II. Kimmel decides it had better be checked out.
- B) 7:35 2<sup>nd</sup> call:
  - I. About the 2<sup>nd</sup> Midget Submarine sunk.
  - II. Long conversation:
    - (1) Attack will occur during this call!
- 13. 7:40 Morning Fuchida's planes of the 1<sup>st</sup>
  Wave cross the shoreline of Oahu:
  - A) His High Level Bombers each carry a 1,600 pound armor-piercing bomb!
  - B) His Dive Bombers each carry a 500 pound bomb:
    - I. Later in the war the Americans hang nicknames on the Japanese planes:
      - (1) Torpedo Bombers.....Kates.
      - (2) High Level Bombers.....Bettys.
      - (3) Fighters....Zeros.
  - C) 7:49 Morning Fuchida gives the verbal signal:
    - I. "Tora, Tora, Tora":
      - (1) Attack!!!
  - D) The 1<sup>st</sup> wave is committed:
    - I. Catch the Americans totally by surprise!

- 14. 7:55 Morning 1<sup>st</sup> Japanese bombs hit Ford Island:
  - A) Hit the Seaplane Ramp.
  - B) From Ford Island Commander, Logan Ramsey, sends his famous message:
    - I. "Air raid Pearl Harbor! This is no drill, this is no drill!"
- 15. The "Oklahoma" is hit by 3 torpedoes in rapid succession:
  - A) Then she is hit by 2 more!
  - B) She rolls over:
    - I. 1st Battleship "to die."
- 16. The "Maryland" is hit by 2 bombs.
- 17. The "West Virginia" is hit by 2 bombs and 7 torpedoes:
  - A) Sinks upright.
- 18. The "Tennessee" is on fire.
- 19. A bomb has blown up in the magazine of the "California":
  - A) She is sinking.
- 20. 8:10 Morning "Arizona" is hit Blows up:
  A) 100's of men are trapped inside of her!

- 21. 8:20 Morning Every single Battleship has been hit!
- 22. The "Nevada" is hit:
  - A) BUT, she is moving Trying to get out of the Harbor:
    - I. Hit again!
    - II. Is intentionally run aground so she will not block the entrance to the Harbor.
- 23. The "Pennsylvania" In dry-dock:
  - A) Suffers one severe bomb hit.
- 24. Most of the 29 Navy Bombers on Ford Island are demolished!
- 25. 45 of the 47 Marine Planes at Ewa Field are destroyed!
- 26. 2/3's of the Army Planes at Wheeler Field are destroyed!
- 27. Only 4 of the Army Bombers at Hickam Field will survive.
- 28. 14 American Fighters will get off the ground:

  A) From Wheeler Field Lt.'s George Welch
  and Ken Taylor:

- I. Shoot down 3 Japanese Planes.
- II. land Reload Back up.
- III. Shoot down a total of 11 Japanese Planes.
- 29. The B-17 flight from California land in the middle of the attack:
  - A) All land in various places successfully.
- 30. 18 Dive Bombers from the "Enterprise" arrive during the attack:
  - A) 13 will land successfully.
- 31. 8:25 Morning 1<sup>st</sup> Wave attack ends!
- 32. 8:45 1<sup>st</sup> wave meets up 20 miles northwest of Oahu:
  - A) Head back for the Japanese Carriers.
- 33. 8:50 Morning 2<sup>nd</sup> Wave hits Pearl Harbor!
- 34. 8:55 Morning Hawaii time Washington, D.C.:
  - A) Japanese Ambassadors, Nomura and Kurusu, tell Secretary of State, Cordell Hull, of the impending attack:

    I. It is 1 hour too late!

- 35. 9:45 Morning 2<sup>nd</sup> Wave attack ends.
- 36. Has been 1 hour and 50 minutes of "Hell on Earth!"
- 37. 10:00 Morning Fuchida's 1<sup>st</sup> Wave reaches the Carriers:
  - A) 12:00 Noon 2<sup>nd</sup> Wave reaches the Carriers.
  - B) Fuchida pleads with Nagumo to launch the 3<sup>rd</sup> Wave:
    - I. Denied!
    - II. Nagumo decides to retreat!
- 38. 12:40 Afternoon Kimmel gets a telegram from Washington:
  - A) Warning of a possible Japanese attack!!!!!!
- 39. 1:30 Afternoon Nagumo signals for the fleet to head northeast:
  - A) HE BLOWS A BIG OPPORTUNITY!
- 40. 5 ships have been lost:
  - A) Battleships: "Arizona" & "Oklahoma."
  - B) Destroyers: "Cassin" & "Downes."
  - C) Target Ship: "Utah."
- 41. 13 ships have been damaged:

- A) All will be salvaged and repaired.
- B) All will live to fight another day.

# 42. 188 American Planes have been destroyed:

A) 159 have been damaged!

# 43. 2,485 Americans have been killed:

- A) Almost ½ of them on the U.S.S. "Arizona."
- B) 1,198 Americans have been wounded.
- C) Total American casualties are.....3,683!

### 44. Japanese losses:

- A) 55 men killed.
- B) 29 Planes lost.
- C) 1 large Submarine sunk.
- D) 5 Midget Submarines sunk.
- E) 70 Planes damaged.

# 45. The fatal "flaws" of the Japanese attack:

- A) Miss the Aircraft Carriers!
- B) Miss the oil tanks!
- C) Miss the repair installations!

### 46. December 8, 1941:

- A) Japan declares war on the United States.
- B) 12:20 Afternoon President FDR addresses a joint session of Congress: I. 6 minute speech.

- II. "Yesterday, December 7, 1941, a date which will live in infamy. The United States of America was suddenly and deliberately attacked....."
  - (1) In less than an hour Vote to go to war!
- C) 4:10 Afternoon President FDR Signs Declaration of War against Japan!

# December 8-13, 1941 The Fall of Guam

- 1. Guam is defended by 424 Americans:
  - A) 153 Marines & 271 Navy personnel:
    - I. Commanded by Marine, Colonel, William McNulty.
- 2. December 8<sup>th</sup> 8:27 Morning:
  - A) Japanese bombers hit the Island.
- 3. December 10<sup>th</sup> 4:00 Morning:
  - A) 5,700 Japanese troops land.
  - **B)** Fighting:
    - I. 19 Americans are killed and 42 wounded.
  - C) After 2 hours of fighting the Americans start surrendering.
- 4. December 13<sup>th</sup> The last Americans surrender!

# December 8-23, 1941 The Fall of Wake Island

- 1. Wake Island is made up of 3 Islands in the 2,600 acre Atoll:
  - A) Is actually the top of a submerged volcano.
  - B) Elevation is 21 feet.
  - C) Has a 20 mile coastline.
  - D) Is an American Aircraft Carrier base.
  - E) Commander is Marine, Major, James Devereux:
    - I. Has 388 Marines.
    - II. 211 Marine Fighter Pilot personnel.
    - III. 68 Navy personnel.
    - IV. 5 Army personnel.
    - V. 70 Pan-American Airways employees.
    - VI. 1,146 contract employees.
      - (1) Total.....1,888 people.
    - VII. 63 Marine artillery pieces and 50 machine guns.
- 2. December 8<sup>th</sup> 11:58 Morning Japanese bomb for 10 minutes:
  - A) Destroy 7 fighter planes on the ground.
  - B) Kill 10 civilians and 23 Marine aviation personnel.
  - **C) Wound 11.**

- 3. December 9<sup>th</sup> Bomb again:
  - A) Kill 4 Marines and 55 civilians.
  - B) Hit:
    - I. Ammo dump.
    - II. Barracks.
    - III. Radio station.
    - IV. Machine shops.
    - V. Hospital (Totally destroyed).
  - C) Marines shoot down 12 Japanese planes!
- 4. December 10<sup>th</sup> Bombed again:
  - A) Kill 1 Marine and wound 4.
- 5. December 11<sup>th</sup> 5:00 Morning Japanese ships open fire on the Island:
  - A) 6:10 Morning At a distance of 4,500 yards Marines fire back:
    - I. Sink the Destroyer "Hayate":
      - (1) 1<sup>st</sup> Japanese surface craft to be sunk in World War II!
  - B) 4 Marine Fighter Planes go up:
    - I. Chase the Japanese ships.
    - II. 7:42 Morning 36 year old Captain Henry Elrod sinks the Destroyer "Kisaragi":
      - (1) No survivors!
      - (2) 500 Japanese killed!

- 6. December 13<sup>th</sup> A relief force under Rear Admiral Frank Fletcher heads for Wake:
  - A) Aircraft Carrier "Saratoga" 9 Destroyers 3 Cruisers 1 Oiler and 1 Transport.
- 7. December 20<sup>th</sup> A Navy PBY lands with instructions to evacuate Major Walter Baylor, a Marine ground/air communications expert:
  - A) He is needed at Midway.
  - B) He becomes the famous "Last Man off Wake."
- 8. December 22<sup>nd</sup> The last of the Marine planes on Wake are destroyed!!!
  - A) Fletcher's force is less than 560 miles from Wake:
    - I. Refuel.
    - II. Get orders to return to Pearl Harbor!!!
- 9. December 23<sup>rd</sup> 2:25 Morning Japanese Rear Admiral Sadachimi Kajioka lands 1,500 troops in 4 different places:
  - A) Bitter fighting!
  - B) Captain Elrod is killed:
    - I. 1<sup>st</sup> Marine Aviator in World War II to win the Congressional Medal of Honor.
  - C) Japanese suffer 300 casualties in the day's fighting!

- D) Americans surrender:
  - I. Have lost 49 Marines killed.
  - II. 3 Navy men killed.
  - III. 70 Civilians killed:
    - (1) Total of.....122 killed.
  - IV. 44 wounded.
  - V. 1,616 prisoners.
- E) Japanese losses:
  - I. 820 killed.
  - II. 333 wounded.
  - III. 4 ships sunk.
  - IV. 4 ships damaged.
  - V. 21 planes lost.
- 10. January 12, 1942 Prisoners are boarded on ships and head for Shanghai:
  - A) Starved.
  - B) Beaten.
  - C) 2 Marine Sgt.'s and 3 Navy men are beheaded!

# December 8, 1941 thru May 6, 1942 The Fall of the Philippines and The Bataan Death March

- 1. Commander of the Philippines:
  - A) 61 year old, Army General, Douglas MacArthur:
    - I. Commands all U.S. forces in the far east.
    - II. His Philippine Division Commander is Major General, Jonathan Wainwright.
- 2. American force in the Philippines:
  - A) Army.....18,000.
  - B) Marines.....2,500.
  - **C) Filipino Army.....60,000.**
  - D) Filipino Scouts.....12,000.
  - E) Total forces are.....92,500!
- 3. The Philippines get a 10 hour warning after Pearl Harbor:
  - A) BUT, the Planes will be caught on the ground!!!
- 4. December 8, 1941:
  - A) 12:05 Afternoon Japanese planes hit:
    - I. Destroy 1/3 of the Fighters and ½ of the Bombers ON THE GROUND at Clark

#### Field.

- 5. December 10, 1941:
  - A) Japanese troops under General Masaharu Homma start landing on Luzon.
- 6. December 12, 1941:
  - A) Japanese control the air in the Philippines!
  - B) They have destroyed the Navy Yard at Cavite.
- 7. By December 22, 1941 Japanese have landed 90,000 troops.
- 8. December 23, 1941:
  - A) MacArthur decides to evacuate Luzon and move to the Bataan Peninsula:
    - I. Makes his headquarters on 3 ½ mile long, Corregidor in Manila Bay:
      - (1) Called "The Rock."
  - B) MacArthur averts immediate defeat:
    - I. Will delay the Japanese timetable by 4 months.
- 9. January 2, 1942:
  - A) Manila falls to the Japanese.
  - B) General Akira Nara is given the job of taking the Bataan Peninsula.

- 10. January 10, 1942:
  - A) The Battle of Bataan starts:
    - I. Japanese artillery bombardment combined with aerial bombings for days.
- 11. January 22 & 23, 1942:
  - A) The first 900 Japanese troops land on Bataan.
- 12. March 12, 1942:
  - A) By orders of President FDR:
    - I. MacArthur, his wife, his son, and 18 others leave Corregidor in 4 PT Boats.
  - B) MacArthur turns over command to Wainwright:
    - I. "I shall return."
  - C) MacArthur will be flown to Australia Arriving on March 17, 1942:
    - I. Takes command of the allied forces in the Southwest Pacific.
  - D) MacArthur:
    - I. Ego.
    - II. Corregidor Most of the time in the Malinta Tunnel Thus, "Dugout Doug."
    - III. Rarely visits the front lines.
    - IV. Always "I" "I".
    - V. Indifferent to troops.
    - VI. Is concerned with personal comforts.

#### VII. Conceited.

- 13. April 3, 1942:
  - A) Japanese open the offensive on Bataan.
- 14. April 9, 1942:
  - A) Bataan falls having held out for 3 months.
  - B) 76,500 men surrender.
  - C) Wainwright and a handful of men escape to Corregidor.
- 15. April 1942 The Bataan Death March:
  - A) Prisoners are marched from Bataan to Camp O'Donnel at San Fernando:
    - 1. 70 miles.
    - II. Heat.
    - III. No food.
    - IV. No water:
      - (1) Forced to drink out of Caribou wallows or ditches!
    - V. No medical attention.
    - VI. Will take 9 days.
  - B) Any prisoner found with Japanese money or items is beheaded!
  - C) Weak are beaten, bayoneted, shot, or beheaded!
  - D) If you fall down Beaten, bayoneted, shot, or beheaded!

- E) Japanese practice mutilations and sometimes cannibalism on the prisoners!
- F) Some prisoners are actually dissected alive!
- G) One prisoner is tied to a tree:
  - I. Japanese doctor and 4 students:
    - (1) Remove his fingernails.
    - (2) Open his chest Remove his heart while alive!!
- H) 20 year old Filipino girl who tries to give water to the prisoners:
  - I. Stripped.
  - II. Held down by soldiers.
  - III. Japanese officer cuts her breasts off with a sword – Cuts her womb open – Leave her to die!
- I) Filipino boy Tied to a tree:
  - I. Testicles and penis are cut off.
  - II. Stuffed in his mouth.
  - III. Left to bleed to death!
- J) Filipino soldier:
  - I. Crucified to the ground with 6 inch nails driven through his wrists.
  - II. A 6 inch nail is driven into the base of his skull!
- K) Live prisoners are used for bayonet "practice."
- L) Over 6,500 men are murdered or die on the

#### march!!

- 16. April 10, 1942...The siege of Corregidor starts:
  - A) Will hold out for 27 days.
  - B) May 3, 1942...The last to be evacuated from Corregidor are taken out by submarines:

    I. Most are nurses.
- 17. May 6, 1942...General Jonathan Mayhew "Skinny" Wainwright surrenders Corregidor along with the 12,000 American and Filipino defenders:
  - A) Wainwright:
    - I. Born...August 23, 1883...Fort Walla Walla, Washington.
    - II. 1906...Graduates...West Point.
    - III. Moro Revolt WW I.
    - IV. Will be in a prison camp until August 1945.
    - V. Congressional Medal of Honor –
      Distinguished Service Medal Bronze
      Star.
    - VI. August 1947...Retires.
    - VII. September 2, 1953...San Antonio, Texas...Dies at age 70.
    - VIII. Buried in Arlington.

# December 1941 The "Flying Tigers"

- 1. Fighter squadron in China:
  - A) Start flying for the U.S. when the war breaks out:
    - I. Have been fighting for China since 1940.
    - II. Fly Curtiss P-40's.
    - III. Are ALL volunteers.
    - IV. 63 Navy & 38 Army Pilots.
    - V. Will be in existence for 7 months.
    - VI. Shoot down 229 Japanese planes for sure and most probably 482.
    - VII. Lose 12 Planes in the air and 61 on the ground.
    - VIII. Lose 26 Pilots killed.
  - B) Commanded by Major General, Claire Chennault:
    - I. Born 1890.
    - II. Called "Old Leather Face."
    - III. Chiang Kai-Shek's Air Advisor.

# **Events thru December 1941**

- 1. December 11, 1941:
  - A) Germany & Italy declare war on the United States:
    - I. The U.S. declares war on both countries.
- 2. December 12, 1941:
  - A) Rumania declares war on the United States.
- 3. December 13, 1941:
  - A) Bulgaria declares war on the United States.
- 4. December 17, 1941:
  - A) Admiral Chester Nimitz replaces Husband Kimmel as Commander of the U.S. Pacific Fleet.
- 5. December 20, 1941:
  - A) The Draft Act is passed:
    - I. Ages 18 to 65 to register:
      - (1) 18 to 45 year olds will be taken.
- 6. December 23, 1941:
  - A) The Japanese Pearl Harbor Task Force arrives back in Japan:

- I. Japan's biggest mistakes:
  - (1) Involving the U.S. while the war in China is unresolved and Southeast Asia is unoccupied!

    \*\*\*Like Hitler attacking Russia before he defeats England!
  - (2) The sneak attack on Pearl Harbor has aroused and united the people of the United States.
- B) Japan will lose 2,318 vessels in World War II:
  - I. 71 of that figure are warships!
  - II. Japan will lose 60% of her 2,318 at the hands of the Americans.

# **U.S. Industry & Homefront in the War**

- 1. Industry will produce:
  - A) 47 million tons of ammunition.
  - B) 12,573,000 rifles.
  - C) 37,701,000 bombs.
  - D) 54,000 torpedoes.
  - E) 372,431 pieces of artillery.
  - F) 631,873 Jeeps.
  - G) 84,027 tanks.
  - H) 87,620 warships.
- 2. Americans donate 13 million pints of blood.
- 3. Americans build 13,000 B-17 Flying Fortress Bombers:
  - A) Designed in 1939 by the Boeing Company of Seattle, Washington.
  - B) Is the first all-metal, 4 engine, monoplane, bomber:
    - I. Can fly 300 miles per hour.
    - II. Can fly at 25,000 feet.
    - III. Has 12 to 13 machine guns.
    - IV. Carries two 2,000 pound bombs or four 1,000 pound bombs.
    - V. 10 man crew:
      - (1) **Pilot.**
      - (2) Co-Pilot.

- (3) Navigator.
- (4) Flight Engineer.
- (5) Wireless Radio Operator.
- (6) Bombardier.
- (7) Tail Gunner.
- (8) 2 Waist Gunners.
- (9) Belly Gunner (Sits in what is called "The Morgue").
- C) 5,000 of the 13,000 will be lost in the war.

# U.S. Armed Forces at the Start Of the War and Distinctive Units

# 1. U.S. Army:

- A) 750,000 men:
  - I. Division.....16,000 men.
  - II. Regiment.....3,100 men.
  - III. Battalion.....870 men.
  - IV. Company.....225 men.
  - V. Platoon.....76 men.
- B) Ranks:
  - I. General of the Army.
  - II. General.
  - III. Lt. General.
  - IV. Maj. General.
  - V. Brig. General.
  - VI. Colonel.
  - VII. Lt. Colonel.
  - VIII. Major.
  - IX. Captain.
  - X. 1st Lt.
  - XI. 2<sup>nd</sup> Lt.
  - XII. Sgt.
  - XIII. Corporal.
  - XIV. Private.

### 2. U.S. Navy:

- A) 350,000 men.
- B) 29 Cruisers.
- C) 9 Battleships.
- D) 6 Aircraft Carriers.

# 3. U.S. Air Corps:

- A) 348,000 men.
- **B) 807 Combat Airplanes:** 
  - I. 159 of these are 4 engine-bombers.

# 4. U.S. Marine Corps:

- A) 70,000 men:
  - I. Brigade.....16,000 men.
- B) In World War II, Man-for-Man, the most feared, efficient troops on either side!!!
  - I. NOT because they are braver, or "have God on their side":
    - (1) BECAUSE, from day one in the Corps they are convinced they are part of a select, elite, group!
    - (2) BECAUSE, from day one in the Corps they are part of the tradition and loyalty of the Marines!
    - (3) BECAUSE, from day one in the Corps they learn to rely on their fellow Marines!
    - (4) BECAUSE, they feel it is better to die than let fellow Marines down!

# 5. Paratroopers:

- A) Idea.....Colonel Billy Mitchell.
- B) June 23, 1940 Ft. Benning, Georgia 1<sup>st</sup> American Paratroopers.
- C) 82<sup>nd</sup> and 101<sup>st</sup> Airborne Units are organized:
  - I. 1<sup>st</sup> jump in war Oran, North Africa.
  - II. 1<sup>st</sup> Paratrooper killed in the War Pvt. John MacKall.
  - III. Line of jumpers are called "A Stick."
  - IV. "Geronimo" Sgt. Aubrey Eberhardt From a Western Movie "The Geronimo Kid."
- D) Jumps in World War II:
  - I. Oran North Africa.
  - II. Sicily.
  - III. New Guinea.
  - IV. Normandy D-Day France.
  - V. Holland Operation Market-Garden.
  - VI. Corregidor Philippines.

# 6. U.S. Army Rangers:

- A) April 26, 1942 Proposal submitted by Colonel Lucian Truscott:
  - I. Create a unit like the British Commandos.
  - II. Truscott selects the name "Rangers":
    - (1) After "Roger's Rangers" in the French and Indian War.

- B) June 7, 1942 Rangers are formed in Ireland.
- C) Picked to be their leader is West Point graduate, Captain William Orlando Darby:
  - I. Later promoted to Major, Lt. Colonel, and then Colonel.
  - II. Called "El Darbo."
  - III. Men come to be called "Darby's Rangers."
  - IV. Captain Herman Dammer:
    - (1) Darby's "right hand man."
  - V. Darby and Dammer will mold the Rangers:
    - (1) Dammer is the better planner.
    - (2) Darby tends to be more emotional.
- D) Group undergoes Commando training in Scotland:
  - I. Is way above and beyond ordinary Army training.
  - II. Trained in:
    - (1) Physical fitness.
    - (2) Weapons.
    - (3) Small unit tactics.
    - (4) Speed marching.
    - (5) Obstacle courses.
    - (6) Shooting.
    - (7) Hand-to-hand combat.
  - III. Youngest Ranger is 17 Oldest is 35:

- (1) Average age is 25.
- IV. Men are all volunteers.
- V. Trained in the expert use of:
  - (1) M-1 Garand Accurate for 500 yards– 20 rounds per minute.
  - (2) .45 Pistol.
  - (3) Thompson .45 caliber Submachine Gun "Tommy Gun."
  - (4) Grenades.
  - (5) Bayonet.
  - (6) Knife.
- E) Ranger Scroll (Patch) is worn on the left shoulder:
  - I. Designed by Ranger, Anthony Rada.
- F) June 19, 1942 Rangers are activated!

# January 15, 1942 thru June 1942 The Battle of the Atlantic

- 1. January 15, 1942:
  - A) German submarines start massive operations in the Atlantic against Allied vessels:
    - I. Called "Wolfpacks."
    - II. Sink 568 Allied Ships.
    - III. Sink 14 million tons of Allied shipping.
- 2. Will eventually be won by the Allies:
  - A) 632 German submarines will be sunk at sea:
    - I. Another 48 will be destroyed:
      - (1) Total.....780.

# January 23-28, 1942 <u>Battle of Macassar Strait</u>

1. American & Dutch Naval and Air Forces attack and defeat a Japanese convoy over a 5 day period of time.

# February 3, 1942 Santa Barbara, California

- 1. Oil Refinery.
- 2. Shelled by a Japanese submarine.

# February 27, 1942 <u>Battle of The Java Sea</u>

- 1. U.S. Naval force is badly defeated by a Japanese fleet:
  - A) Americans lose 5 Cruisers and 6 Destroyers!

## April 18, 1942 <u>Doolitttle's Raid on Tokyo</u>

 Commander and Leader is Lt. Colonel James "Jimmy" Doolittle.

#### 2. Force:

- A) 80 men.
- B) 16 B-25 Mitchell Bombers:
  - I. Weigh 25,000 pounds each.
- C) To be transported by the Aircraft Carrier "HORNET" to within 400 miles of Tokyo.

#### 3. Plan:

- A) Doolittle will take off first:
  - I. His and 12 more Bombers will hit Tokyo with incendiary bombs.
- B) 3 other Bombers will hit Kobe, Yokohama, and Nagoya.
- C) Planes will then make a run for India.
- 4. April 1, 1942 The "Hornet" leaves San Francisco:
  - A) 600 miles from Tokyo.....Spotted!!
  - B) Bombers will be forced to take off 10 hours early:
    - I. Will drastically affect their fuel supply!

- 5. April 18, 1942:
  - A) Is the 167<sup>th</sup> Anniversary of Paul Revere's ride!
  - **B) Bombers take off:** 
    - I. Takes 1 hour to get them all off.
- 6. 15 of the 16 Bombers will hit their targets:
  - A) All 4 targets are hit!
    - I. Hit a tank factory!
    - II. Hit a shipyard!
    - III. Hit some docks!
    - IV. Hit some railroad yards!
    - V. Hit a steel plant!
    - VI. Hit a power plant!
    - VII. Hit a gunpowder factory!
  - B) None of the Bombers are shot down!
- 7. What happens to the Bomber Crews??
  - A) 3 men are killed crash-landing in China.
  - B) 1 man is killed bailing out.
  - C) 7 men are injured crash-landing or bailing out.
  - D) One Bomber will crash 40 miles from Vladivostock in Northern Russia:
    - I. Crew are taken as prisoners of war.
    - II. Will escape.
  - E) 8 men of two of the Bombers become Japanese prisoners of war:

- I. Taken to Tokyo Kept in solitary confinement for 18 days.
- II. Tortured and starved.
- III. Interrogated daily.
- IV. August 20, 1942 Trial:
  - (1) Farce!
  - (2) All sentenced to death!
  - (3) 5 commuted to life!
- V. October 3, 1942 The 3 are beheaded!
- VI. 1 of the men dies of starvation!

# May 4-8, 1942 Battle of The Coral Sea

- 1. 1<sup>st</sup> Naval engagement fought between ships totally out of sight of each other:
  - A) Fought entirely by Naval Aircraft.
  - B) 30 hours of fighting.
  - C) American Carrier "Yorktown" is damaged.
  - D) American Carrier "Lexington" is sunk.
  - E) 2 other American ships are sunk.
  - F) 543 Americans are killed or wounded.
  - G) Japanese losses:
    - I. Light Carrier "Shoho" is sunk in 10 minutes.
    - II. 2 other large Carriers are sunk.
    - III. Japanese force turns back:
      - (1) Has stopped the Japanese from taking Port Morsby on the south coast of New Guinea.

# June 3-5, 1942 <u>Battle of Midway</u>

- 1. American fleet is under Admiral Chester Nimitz:
  - A) 3 Aircraft Carriers:
    - I. "Yorktown."
    - II. "Hornet."
    - III. "Enterprise."
  - B) 14 Destroyers.
  - C) 7 Heavy Cruisers.
- 2. Japanese Fleet is commanded by Admiral Chuichi Nagumo:
  - A) 4 Aircraft Carriers:
    - I. "Akagi."
    - II. "Kaga."
    - III. "Soryu."
    - IV. "Hiryu."
  - B) 7 Battleships.
  - C) 1 Destroyer.
  - D) Cruisers and Light Cruisers.
- 3. June 3<sup>rd</sup> 9:00 Morning:
  - A) BECAUSE of breaking the Japanese code.
  - B) Ensign, Jack Reid, spots the Japanese Fleet.

- C) Both sides launch planes from their Carriers.
- D) Planes from the "Hiryu" sink the "Yorktown."
- E) American Dive Bombers sink the "Hiryu."
- F) An American Destroyer is sunk.
- G) In 6 minutes American planes sink:
  - I. "Akagi."
  - II. "Kaga."
  - III. "Soryu."
- 4. American losses:
  - A) "Yorktown."
  - B) A Destroyer.
  - C) 124 Planes.
  - D) 303 men.
- 5. Japanese losses:
  - A) 4 Aircraft Carriers.
  - **B) 322 Planes.**
  - C) 4,800 Men.
- 6. Turning point of the war in the Pacific!
  - A) Breaks the back of the Japanese Navy:
    - I. Combined with the Battle of the Coral Sea.....stops the advance of the Japanese in the Pacific!

### June 3, 1942 – August 15, 1943 <u>The Aleutians</u>

- 1. Where Alaska.
- 2. Japanese Admiral, Yamamoto, is gambling that an invasion will:
  - A) Demoralize the Americans.
  - B) Drain U.S. forces from the Pacific Theatre of the war.
- 3. June 3, 1942:
  - A) Dutch Harbor on Amaknak Island in the Aleutians Less than 10 miles from Anchorage, Alaska:
    - I. Japanese planes bomb military targets for 2 days:
      - (1) Over 100 soldiers and civilians are killed or wounded.
  - B) Government censors news of the attacks to the American people:
    - I. So as not to panic Americans in the 48 states of an attack!
- 4. June 7, 1942 Japanese troops invade Kiska:
  - A) Take the U.S. Navy Weathermen prisoner.

- 5. Japanese troops invade Attu Only 75 miles from the Japanese Kurile Islands.
- 6. June 12, 1942 U.S. Planes bomb Kiska.
- 7. June 22, 1942 Mouth of the Columbia River in Oregon:
  - A) Japanese Submarine attacks an American Destroyer.
- 8. March 26, 1943 Battle of Komandorskies West of Attu:
  - A) Naval battle.
  - B) To prevent Japanese supplies from reaching the Aleutians.
  - C) American ships are outnumbered 2 to 1.
  - **D) U.S. wins!!!**
- 9. May 11, 1943 U.S. forces invade Attu Defended by 2,500 Japanese troops:
  - A) Fighting.
  - B) Freezing mud in the tundra:
    - I. American leather boots are no protection against frostbite!!!
    - II. LARGE numbers of feet have to be amputated!
  - C) May 29th Japanese attack:
    - I. Repulsed!

- II. 500 Japanese troops commit suicide by holding grenades against their bodies!
- D) Only 29 Japanese troops are taken prisoner!
- E) 2,350 Japanese are killed!
- F) May 31<sup>st</sup> Ends American losses: I. 549 killed.
  - II. 1,148 wounded.
  - III. 1,200 cases of frostbite!
- 10. August 15, 1943 American Troops invade Kiska:
  - A) Deserted!!!!!

# June 21, 1942 Coast of Oregon

1. Shelled by a Japanese submarine.

### August 7, 1942 – February 9, 1943 Guadalcanal

#### 1. Guadalcanal:

- A) Western Pacific.
- B) 1,000 miles northeast of Australia.
- C) Part of the 560 mile long chain of Solomon Islands.
- D) Old volcanic island.
- E) Heavy rains Dense jungles.
- F) Rugged terrain.
- G) VERY humid and hot.
- H) Breeding ground for malaria, typhus, and dysentery.
- I) Eventually, it will be defended by 42,000 Japanese Troops.

#### 2. Targets:

- A) Large Island of Guadalcanal.
- B) Smaller Island of.....Tulagi:
  - I. 20 miles from Guadalcanal.
  - II. 2,300 Japanese on the Island:
    - (1) 1,500 are laborers.
- C) Smaller Island of.....Gavutu:
  - I. 500 yards long 300 yards wide.
- D) Smaller Island of.....Tanambogo:
  - I. Few miles west of Tulagi.

- II. Is joined with Gavutu by a causeway.
- E) Smaller Island of.....Florida.
- 3. Called "Operation Cactus":
  - A) America's 1<sup>st</sup> offensive operation of the War!
  - B) America's 1st advance towards Japan!
  - C) America's 1<sup>st</sup> offensive ground action of the war!
  - D) America's 1<sup>st</sup> amphibious assault in the Pacific!
  - E) Will be the longest battle in U.S. Marine Corps history!

#### 4. Invasion force:

- A) 19,000 men of the 1<sup>st</sup> Marine Division and U.S. Army Raiders.
- B) 89 ships.....Troop Transports, Cargo Ships, Destroyers, Cruisers, and Carriers.
- C) Amphibious Force Commander.....Rear Admiral, Richmond Kelly Turner.
- D) 1<sup>st</sup> Marine Division Commander.....Major General, Alexander Vandegrift:
  - I. Tough.....Soft-spoken.....Intelligent.....and Sensible.

#### 5. Plan:

A) Largest force to hit Guadalcanal.

- B) Commander of the Tulagi, Tanambogo, Gavutu, and Florida targets is Marine Brig. General, William Rupertus.
- C) 6,000 Marines will hit Tulagi:
  - I. Commanded by Colonel Merritt "Red Mike" Edson:
    - (1) Born April 25, 1897 Rutland, Vermont.
    - (2) Short.....Tough.....Soft-spoken.
- D) Battalion of the 2<sup>nd</sup> Marines will hit Florida.
- E) Marine Parachute Battalion will hit Gavutu.
- F) Marine Parachute Battalion will hit Tanambogo.
- 6. The invasion will catch the Japanese totally by surprise!!! Why??
  - A) Bad weather has interfered with Japanese air reconnaissance.
  - B) Japanese headquarters does not think the U.S. is ready for a full-scale amphibious assault!
- 7. Friday August 7, 1942:
  - A) 6:14 Morning Bombardment of the Islands by the U.S. ships and dive bombers.
  - B) 7:50 Morning Marines land on Florida.
  - C) 8:00 Morning Marines land on Tulagi: I. Quickly cross the Island.

- II. Run into snipers in dugouts and caves:
  - (1) Each is reduced systematically.
  - (2) Will kill 200 Japanese and take 1 prisoner.
- D) 9:11 Morning Marines hit Guadalcanal: I. Unopposed.
  - II. No shots fired.
  - III. Quickly advance and secure the 3,600 foot long airstrip abandoned by the Japanese:
    - (1) Will be named "Henderson Field."
    - (2) In honor of Major Lofton Henderson: a. Killed crashing his plane into a Japanese warship at Midway.
  - IV. Secure the grassy knoll to the south which commands the airstrip:
    - (1) The airstrip will have to be held for them to survive!
- **E) 11:55 Morning Tulagi:** 
  - I. Lt. Samuel Miles, young Navy Doctor, is killed while attending 3 wounded men:
    - (1) 1<sup>st</sup> American killed in the South Pacific Offensive!
- F) 12:00 Noon Major Robert Williams and the Marines land on Gavutu:
  - I. Heavy fire on the beaches.
  - II. Williams is hit.
  - III. Major Charles Miller takes command.

- IV. Move inland.
- V. By mid-afternoon Have taken Hill #148, the highest point on the Island.
- VI. Snipers, caves, and dugouts are reduced one by one.
- G) Evening American Destroyers run in close to Tanambogo and bombard it with 5 inch guns:
  - I. Dive Bombers hit it.
  - II. Marines attempt to land in Higgins Boats:
    - (1) Withering fire.
    - (2) Only 3 boats land their troops.
    - (3) Others retreat toward Gavutu.
    - (4) The Marines are forced to re-board the boats and retreat.
- H) By nightfall 11,000 Marines are ashore in the Operation.
- I) Night Tulagi:
  - I. 4 "Banzai" charges against the Marines:
    - (1) Fighting is hand-to-hand.
    - (2) Bloody.
    - (3) Firearms.....Knives.....Bayonets.....and Grenades.
  - II. All of the charges are defeated!
- J) Marine losses for the day are 108 killed and 140 wounded.
- 8. Saturday August 8, 1942:

- A) Dawn Tulagi:
  - I. Marines counterattack.
  - II. By nightfall....secured.
- B) Dawn Marines under Lt. Colonel Robert Hunt land on Gavutu to help take Tanambogo:
  - I. While Marines cross the causeway others land in Higgins Boats on Tanambogo.
  - II. All under heavy fire.
  - III. 2 Tanks under Lt. Robert Sweeney land and start inland to support the attack:
    - (1) 50 Japanese soldiers swarm the 2 Tanks.
    - (2) Many are killed by the Tank's guns.
    - (3) Keep charging.
    - (4) Sweeney opens the turret to direct fire....he is hit in the forehead!
    - (5) Japanese stop 1 Tank by placing a crowbar in the treads:
      - a. Set it on fire with a "Molotov Cocktail."
      - b. Tankers are forced to come out 1by 1 to fight the fire.
      - c. Attacked by the Japanese.
      - d. Marines rush up and open fire on the Japanese.
      - e. Private Kenneth Koon starts picking off the Japanese one by

one.

- f. Japanese throw a grenade inside the 2<sup>nd</sup> Tank.....Explodes.....Kills all of the crew but 2.
- h. Driver emerges.....Shot through the head and killed.
- i. Private Eugene Moore emerges he is grabbed by the Japanese – He is stabbed with pitchforks and beaten.
- j. Meanwhile, Koon is still firing.....He kills 42 of the Japanese!!!
- k. Moore will survive!
- IV. Mid-Day Communications Sergeant
  Albert Bradley is on the balcony of the
  Lever Brothers Plantation Store:
  - (1) Forward observer for a Mortar Platoon.
  - (2) Japanese sniper bullet hits him in the throat.....Shatters his larynx .....Blood gushes.....Can't talk.
  - (3) A Corpsman and a Doctor arrive.
  - (4) Bradley makes a writing motion.
  - (5) Is given a pencil and paper.
  - (6) Writes: "Will I live?" Dr. nods!
  - (7) Writes: "Will I speak again?" Dr. nods!
  - (8) Writes: "Well, what the hell's the use

#### in worrying?"

- V. Night 2/3 of the Island is taken.
- C) Meanwhile During the day Transports are being unloaded:
  - I. News.....Flight of Japanese planes are on their way to bomb the fleet.
  - II. Noon 1<sup>st</sup> Japanese wave hits BUT, the Americans are ready.
  - III. 12 of the Japanese bombers are shot down.
  - IV. Only one American ship is hit.
  - V. 2<sup>nd</sup> wave hits.
  - VI. American fighters from the "Wasp" are waiting.
  - VII. Shoot down 18 of the Japanese bombers.
  - VIII. Japanese retreat.....Have lost 30 of their 45 planes!
  - IX. Only 1 American ship is lost.
- D) Meanwhile At noon A Japanese fleet of 7 Cruisers and 1 Destroyer under Rear Admiral Gunichi Mikawa enters "The Slot":
  - I. The sea corridor that runs 450 miles from Bougainville to Guadalcanal.
  - II. Is a passage 55 miles wide between the 2 lines of Solomon Islands.
  - III. Late night Japanese Fleet sneaks in among the American fleet off Savo

#### Island.

- 9. Sunday August 9, 1942:
  - A) The Battle of Savo Island:
    - I. 1:47 Morning Japanese Fleet opens fire at almost point blank range.
    - II. Lasts 46 minutes.
    - III. Japanese Fleet leaves.
    - IV. The American Cruisers "Vincennes" "Astoria" and "Quincy" are sunk!
    - V. The Australian Cruiser "Canberra" is sunk!
    - VI. 2 other American ships are damaged.
    - VII. 1,023 Americans have been killed.
  - **B) Results of the Battle:** 
    - I. American fleet withdraws!
    - II. Have only unloaded 1/2 of the supplies!
    - III. Leave the Marines isolated and on their own!!!!!
      - (1) Will be in this shape for 4 months!
      - (2) Very little supplies!
      - (3) Henderson Field will be their key to survival!
  - C) During the day Tanambogo falls:
    - I. 1,500 Japanese defenders on Gavutu and Tanambogo have been killed.

- 10. American position in/around Henderson Field:
  - A) Around the Field.....7 miles long and 4 miles wide.
  - B) 9,600 yards of defensive perimeter.
  - C) Right flank.....Teneru River to the east.
  - D) Left flank.....Kukum Hills to the west.
  - E) American arms:
    - I. Light artillery.
    - II. Some tanks.
    - III. Mortars.
    - IV. Grenades.
    - V. Hand weapons.
  - F) Will be the scene of violent, brutal, bloody fighting.
- 11. At this point Guadalcanal becomes a defensive battle for the U.S. forces!!
- 12. Wednesday August 12, 1942:
  - A) A Japanese Naval officer is captured:
    - I. Says some of his comrades west of the Matanikau River wish to surrender.
    - II. Lt. Colonel Frank Goettge volunteers to take a patrol and get them.
    - III. 26 men total.
  - B) Leave by Higgins Boats after dark.
  - C) Night Arrive Set up a perimeter 20 yards inland just opposite the village.

- D) Few men start forward to scout:
  - I. Ambushed and cut to pieces at point blank range.
  - II. Goettge is shot in the face and killed instantly.
  - III. Surgeon, Lt. Commander, Malcolm Pratt is killed.
  - IV. Sergeant Custer is killed.
- E) Marines are now pinned down and can't move.
- F) Thursday August 13, 1942:
  - I. 1:00 Morning Sergeant Charles "Monk" Arndt volunteers to swim for help.
  - II. Reaches the Marine base camp at dawn.
  - III. Is cut to pieces by the coral.
  - IV. Back to the trapped Marines:
    - (1) Can't hold out any longer.
    - (2) 2 Marines swim for it!
    - (3) As they look back at the beach they see the Japanese cutting the Marines to pieces with swords!
    - (4) 23 of the 26 Marines have been killed!
- 13. Night after night Japanese ships come down "The Slot" Pound Henderson Field:
  - A) Leave at dawn.
  - **B) Japanese Submarines surface between**

#### **Tulagi and Guadalcanal:**

- I. Use deck guns to sink any small American craft.
- 14. Saturday August 15, 1942:
  - A) Night 1<sup>st</sup> planes with supplies land at Henderson Field.
- 15. Japanese high command gives the job of retaking Guadalcanal from the Americans to Lt. General Haruyoshi Hyakutate:
  - A) He orders Colonel Kiyono Ichiki to take 2,000 soldiers and take it back!!
- 16. Tuesday August 18, 1942:
  - A) Night Colonel Ichiki and 950 crack Japanese Troops land at Taivu Point:
    - I. 20 miles east of Henderson Field.
  - B) Ichiki doesn't wait for the rest of the force:
    - I. Sends out a patrol to lay communication wire.
- 17. Wednesday August 19, 1942:
  - A) 12:15 Afternoon Marine patrol under Captain Charles Bush runs into the Japanese communication patrol:
    - I. Battle for an hour.
    - II. 32 Japanese are killed.....Only 3 escape.

- III. 3 Marines have been killed and 3 wounded.
- B) Night Marine position on the Teneru River:
  - I. Bloody mess of a man enters the position.
  - II. He is Melanesian Sergeant Major Vouza of the Solomon Island Police Force:
    - (1) Captured by the Japanese.
    - (2) Tortured.
    - (3) Sword run through his chest twice.
    - (4) Throat slashed with a sword.
    - (5) Mouth slashed with a sword.
    - (6) Left for dead.
  - III. Tells the Marines of the approaching Japanese force.....Vouza will survive!!!
- C) Japanese attack the Marines for an hour to probe out their positions.
- 18. Thursday August 20, 1942:
  - A) American ships sneak in and deliver 120 tons of rations.
  - B) 2 Marine squadrons of Fighters and Bombers arrive at Henderson Field.
- 19. Friday and Saturday August 21 & 22, 1942 The Battle of the Tenaru River:
  - A) Marines have 200 men, 2 Machine Guns, and 2 .37mm Anti-tank Guns to defend the river.

- B) 1:18 Morning Almost total darkness Japanese attack across the sandbar at the mouth of the river:
  - I. Rifles....Grenades....Mortars....Machine Guns....Bayonets....Knives....Machetes.
  - II. Private Johnny Rivers, Indian Killing many Japanese with his heavy Machine Gun:
    - (1) Japanese machine gun "stitches" him in the chest and face.
    - (2) In death he freezes on the trigger getting off 200 more rounds.
  - III. Private Al Schmidt takes the place of Rivers:
    - (1) Japanese grenade lands in his foxhole....Explodes....Blinds him.
  - IV. .37mm Anti-tank gun is firing canister into the Japanese:
    - (1) Japanese grenade lands in the position....Explodes....Kills the crew.
    - (2) Marine riflemen jump in the pit....Put the gun back into action!
  - V. 3 Japanese charge the foxhole of Corporal Dean Wilson:
    - (1) His BAR jams.
    - (2) Grabs a machete....Lays the belly of the 1<sup>st</sup> wide open....Guts fall out!
    - (3) Charges the other 2 with a knife -

#### Kills both!!

- VI. Japanese soldier jumps into Corporal Johnny Shea's foxhole:
  - (1) Bayonets Shea twice in the leg.
  - (2) Shea kicks him down....Blows his head off with his Thompson.
- VII. Fighting is now hand-to-hand everywhere.
- VIII. Dawn Japanese survivors try to flee:
  - (1) Are cut to pieces!
- IX. Marines counterattack....All over:
  - (1) Marines have lost 32 killed and 74 wounded.
  - (2) Japanese have lost 810 killed.
  - (3) Japanese commander, Ichiki, in disgrace will commit suicide!
- 20. Monday August 24, 1942:
  - A) Marine fighter pilots of "The Cactus Air Force" operating out of Henderson Field:
    - I. Shoot down 9 Japanese Zeros and 10 Japanese Bombers.
    - II. Marines lose 3 planes.
  - B) Same day American Carrier Planes sink a Japanese light Cruiser, light Carrier, Destroyer, and shoot down 90 Japanese Planes.

- 21. Tuesday August 25, 1942 The Battle of Cape Esperance:
  - A) A Japanese convoy is sighted north of Guadalcanal.
  - B) Cactus Air Force fighters take off from Henderson Field:
    - I. Are followed by bombers.
  - C) Pilot, Lt. Larry Baldinus spots the Escort Cruiser "Jintsu":
    - I. Drops a 500 pound bomb on it!!!
    - II. "Jintsu" is burning badly....Forced to turn for home.
  - D) Planes attack the Transport "Kinryu Maru" and Destroyer "Mutsuki":
    - I. Both hit badly.
    - II. Both become dead in the water.
    - III. Flying Fortress Bombers follow up and sink both ships.
  - E) The rest of the Japanese fleet turns back for Rabaul.
- 22. Sunday August 30, 1942:
  - A) Major John Smith....In a few minutes time: I. Shoots down 4 Japanese Zeros.
- 23. Sunday September 6, 1942:
  - A) A Japanese force under Major General Kiyotake Kawaguchi lands at Taivu Point.

- 24. Monday September 7, 1942 The Japanese force starts for Henderson Field:
  - A) Leave 1,000 Troops behind at the village of Tasimboko to guard and protect supplies.
- 25. Tuesday September 8, 1942 Battle of Tasimboko:
  - A) 850 Marine Raiders under Edson land near the village.
  - B) Advance.
  - C) Route the Japanese in the village:
    - I. Kill 27 Japanese and destroy the supplies.
    - II. Edson loses 2 killed and 6 wounded.
    - III. Marines head back for Henderson Field.
- 26. Key to the defense of Henderson Field is a low ridge 1 mile to the south:
  - A) Is 1,000 yards long.
  - **B)** Runs northwest to southeast.
  - C) Guards the back door to the beachhead.
  - D) Whoever holds the ridge, controls Henderson Field!
  - E) Whoever controls Henderson Field, controls Guadalcanal!
  - F) The position will become famous as "Bloody Ridge!"
- 27. Thursday September 10, 1942:

- A) Vandegrift positions 8 Companies of Marine Raiders and Paratroopers along the ridge!
- B) Same day....The area is bombarded by Japanese artillery!
- 28. Friday September 11, 1942:
  - A) 24 Navy Fighters arrive at Henderson Field.
- 29. Saturday, Sunday, and Monday September 12,13,&14, 1942 The Battle of Bloody Ridge:
  - A) Saturday 12th:
    - I. Marines spend the day preparing:
      - (1) Set up Machine Guns.
      - (2) Barbed wire.
      - (3) Mortars.
      - (4) Etc.
    - II. Japanese planes bomb the ridge and Henderson Field.
    - III. 9:30 Night A Japanese Cruiser and 3 Destroyers bombard the ridge with 5 and 8 inch shells for 20 minutes.
    - IV. 9:50 Night 3,450 Japanese Troops assault the ridge:
      - (1) Hit the southern and middle portions of the ridge.
      - (2) Push the Marines back.
      - (3) Split the American line in half.

- (4) Cut the American communications.
- (5) All night is hand-to-hand and small group fighting.
- B) Sunday 13th:
  - I. Dawn Japanese have retreated into the jungle.
  - II. 400 Marines now hold an 1,800 yard line:
    - (1) 1 Marine for every 5 yards!
  - III. 6:30 Evening 1<sup>st</sup> Japanese attack:
    - (1) Creates a gap in the Marine lines.
    - (2) Japanese are pushed back.
  - IV. 9:00 Night 2<sup>nd</sup> Japanese attack:
    - (1) Fighting is individually and in small groups.
    - (2) Hand-to-hand.
    - (3) Private Jimmy Corzine spots 4
      Japanese soldiers setting up a
      Machine Gun:
      - a. Charges them.
      - b. Bayonets the leader.
      - c. The other 3 run.
      - d. He turns their own Machine Gun on them.
      - e. Kills all 3.
      - f. Keeps firing the gun until he himself is killed.
  - V. All night 12 total Japanese attacks are beaten back!

- VI. 11:45 Night main Japanese attack hits:
  - (1) Edson orders a retreat to a small knoll....Orders a fight to the last man!
  - (2) Edson calls in the artillery!!
  - (3) 105mm Howitzers start firing a mile to the rear!
    - a. Shells start hitting the Japanese 200 yards in front of the Marine lines killing them in groups!
- C) Monday 14th:
  - I. Dawn Battle is over!
  - II. Japanese have retreated.
  - III. 600 Japanese dead!
  - IV. Marines have lost 40 killed and 104 wounded.
- D) Congressional Medals of Honor:
  - I. Colonel Merritt "Red Mike" Edson:
    - (1) For commanding the ridge.
  - II. 31 year old, \*Major Kenneth Bailey, of Pawnee, Oklahoma:
    - (1) Personally holding and commanding the area of most severe fighting despite a serious head wound.
    - (2) Personally leading the hand-to-hand fighting.
      - a. He is killed!!

- 30. Tuesday September 15, 1942:
  - A) American fleet is in the Coral Sea between Guadalcanal and Espiritu Santo:
    - I. Carriers: "Wasp" and "Hornet."
    - II. Battleship: "North Carolina."
    - III. 7 Cruisers.
    - IV. 13 Destroyers.
  - **B) Attacked by Japanese Submarines:** 
    - I. "O'Brien" is sunk.
    - II. "Wasp" Hit by 3 torpedoes Sinks.
    - III. "North Carolina" is damaged.
- 31. Friday September 18, 1942:
  - A) Pre-dawn 7<sup>th</sup> Marine regiment is landed on Guadalcanal:
    - I. There are now 23,000 Marines on the Island.
- 32. 3rd week of September 1942:
  - A) Japanese start running Troops down "The Slot" and landing them on Guadalcanal.
- 33. Sunday September 27, 1942 Point Cruz, Guadalcanal:
  - A) Congressional Medal of Honor to 23 year old, U.S. Coast Guardsman, Signalman 1<sup>st</sup> Class, \*Douglas Munro:
    - I. In charge of 24 Higgins Boats evacuating

trapped Marines on a beach under heavy Japanese Machine Gun fire:

- (1) Signals the other boats to load.
- (2) Places his craft between them and the Japanese to protect the loading Marines.
- (3) Just as loading is completed he is killed by a burst of Machine Gun fire!
- (4) He has enabled the evacuation to succeed.
- 34. End of September 1942 Congressional Medal of Honor:
  - A) Pilot, Major John Smith from Lexington, Oklahoma – Member of the Cactus Air Force:
    - I. Operating out of Henderson Field.
    - II. In less than 1 month he has shot down 16 Japanese planes.
- 35. End of September 1942 Congressional Medal of Honor:
  - A) Pilot, Major Robert Galer of Seattle, Washington – Member of the Cactus Air Force operating out of Henderson Field:
    - I. In 29 days he has shot down 11 Japanese planes.

- 36. October 3, 1942 11 Japanese Zeros attack Henderson Field:
  - A) Marine pilots shoot down 9 of the 11.
- 37. October 11 & 12, 1942 The 2<sup>nd</sup> Battle of Cape Esperance:
  - A) Late night of 11th:
    - I. American fleet of 4 Cruisers and 5
      Destroyers under Rear Admiral Norman
      Scott.
    - II. Runs into a Japanese fleet of Cruisers and Destroyers under Rear Admiral Arimoto Goto.
    - III. Fight into the early hours of the 12th.
  - B) "Duncan" is sunk.
  - C) 3 Japanese ships are sunk....One of them is Goto's flagship:
    - I. Goto is killed.
  - D) 12<sup>th</sup> early morning:
    - I. Planes from Henderson Field catch the fleeing Japanese fleet:
      - (1) Sink 2 more Japanese Destroyers!
- 38. October 13, 1942:
  - A) 164<sup>th</sup> Army Infantry regiment lands reinforcing Guadalcanal.
  - B) Noon:
    - I. 24 Japanese Bombers with Zero escorts

hit Henderson Field.

- C) 2:00 Afternoon:
  - I. 15 more Bombers hit the field.
- D) Late afternoon:
  - I. Japanese Army opens an artillery bombardment on the field with 150mm Howitzers.

#### 39. October 14, 1942:

- A) 1:30 Morning Japanese fleet of 2
  Battleships, 3 Cruisers, and 6 Destroyers
  under Vice Admiral Takeo Kurita, anchors
  off Guadalcanal:
  - I. Start shelling Henderson Field with 16, 14, 8, and 5 inch guns.
  - II. In an hour and 20 minutes they fire 700 rounds:
    - (1) Henderson Field is demolished!
    - (2) 41 Americans have been killed!
    - (3) 48 of the 90 Planes have been destroyed!
- B) The Japanese now have at LEAST 20,000 Troops on the Island!

#### 40. October 16, 1942:

- A) 19 Wildcats and 7 Dauntlesses arrive at Henderson Field:
  - I. Commanded by 34 year old, Marine, Lt.

Colonel Harold "Joe" Bauer, from Woodruff, Kansas.

- B) Bauer spots a squadron of Zeros attacking the "McFarland":
  - I. Bauer....Alone....Short of fuel.
  - II. Attacks the entire squadron!!!
  - III. Shoots down 4!!
  - IV. rest flee!!!
  - V. Congressional Medal of Honor.

#### 41. October 17, 1942:

- A) Night Japanese ships pound Henderson Field with 752 rounds!
- B) Same night Plane delivers Hyakutate to Guadalcanal to take personal command of the Japanese ground Troops!
- 42. October 23, 24, 25, & 26, 1942 The Battle of Henderson Field:
  - A) 23<sup>rd</sup>:
    - I. Night Japanese attack Bloody Ridge.
    - II. Run into 10 batteries of the Marine Artillery, interlocking fields of Marine Machine Guns and automatic weapons.
    - III. Japanese Tank....Over Private Joe Champagne's foxhole....He....Grenade to tracks....BOOM!
    - IV. 10:00 Night Japanese retreat.

- B) 25th:
  - I. 12:30 Morning 1,000's Japanese charge again.
  - II. Charge is directly at Lt. Colonel Lewis "Chesty" Puller's position....2,000 yards south of Henderson Field.
  - III. Repulsed by Puller's men!
  - IV. 2<sup>nd</sup> charge....Repulsed!
  - V. 3<sup>rd</sup> charge....Repulsed!
  - VI. 25 year old, Marine, Sergeant John "Manila John" Basilone from Buffalo, New York:
    - (1) In charge of 2 heavy machine gun positions.
    - (2) Under heavy grenade and mortar fire.
    - (3) One crew is knocked out of action.
    - (4) He moves the extra gun into position and starts firing it.
    - (5) Under heavy fire he repairs the other gun and personally mans it!
    - (6) Ammunition runs low.
    - (7) Under heavy fire he gathers ammunition and returns to the guns.
    - (8) He fires one stacking up Japanese dead!
    - (9) Congressional Medal of Honor:
      - a. 1<sup>st</sup> enlisted Marine on World War II to be awarded the Medal!

- VII. 7:00 Morning Ends Japanese dead are everywhere!
- VIII. 10:00 Morning 3 Japanese Destroyers shell Henderson Field:
  - (1) Fire from Marine shore batteries forces the ships to retreat.
- IX. 2:30 Afternoon Japanese Fighters and Bombers hit Henderson Field:
  - (1) Marine pilots battle them.
  - (2) Marine pilots shoot down 26

    Japanese planes and sink 1 Cruiser.
- X. 11:15 Night Japanese attack again in massive human "Banzai" wave charges. C) 26th:
  - I. 2:00 Morning Japanese attack at the position defended by Marine, Sergeant Mitchell Paige from Charleroi, Pennsylvania:
    - (1) Japanese break through.
    - (2) He continues to direct fire.
    - (3) Fights alone until his Machine Gun is destroyed.
    - (4) He moves from gun to gun firing.
    - (5) Leads a bayonet charge against the Japanese.
    - (6) Carries a Machine Gun in his arms firing it!
    - (7) Blisters arms!!

- (8) Congressional Medal of Honor.
- II. Daylight All over:
  - (1) Japanese have lost 3,500 killed in the assaults on the Ridge during the 4 day battle!
- 43. October 1942 The Battle of the Matanikau River:
  - A) 3 days of fighting.
  - B) Marines lose 65 killed and 125 wounded.
  - C) Japanese lose 700 killed.
- 44. Japanese Month of October 1942 Have lost 5,000 killed!
- 45. October 26, 1942 Battle of the Santa Cruz Islands:
  - A) 300 miles east of Guadalcanal.
  - B) American fleet is commanded by Rear Admiral Thomas Kincaid.
  - C) Will be a sea and Carrier based plane battle.
  - D) "Hornet" and 1 Destroyer are sunk by Japanese Submarines.
  - E) "Enterprise" is hit and damaged.
  - F) 76 American Planes are lost.
  - G) Japanese lose 100 Planes plus 2 Carriers and a Heavy Cruiser damaged.

- 46. November 2, 1942 Japanese land more Troops at Koli Point.
- 47. November 3, 1942 Marines under Lt. Colonel Herman Hanneken attack the Japanese at Koli Point:
  - A) Japanese artillery and a counterattack will force the Marines back.
  - B) Same day Point Cruz:
    - I. 5th Marines ambush 300 Japanese.
    - II. Using the bayonet primarily.....Kill nearly all 300!
- 48. November 10, 1942 Marines ambush a large Japanese force:
  - A) Vicious fighting.
  - B) 350 Japanese killed.
  - C) Marines lose 40 killed and 120 wounded.
  - D) Japanese flee westward:
    - I. Will be chased for 30 days by Carlson's Raiders using hit and run guerrilla tactics.
    - II. Kill 494 Japanese Soldiers while losing 17 Marines killed and 17 wounded.
- 49. November 11, 1942 The 182<sup>nd</sup> Infantry regiment is landed on Guadalcanal.
- 50. November 12, 1942 Afternoon 32

# Japanese Torpedo Bombers and Fighters attack the American Fleet:

- A) All but one are shot down by the Americans.
- 51. Friday November 13, 1942:
  - A) American Fleet of 5 Cruisers and 8
    Destroyers, commanded by Rear Admiral
    Daniel Callaghan intercept a Japanese Fleet
    of 2 Battleships, 1 Cruiser, and 14
    Destroyers under Vice Admiral Hirotake
    Abe:
    - I. Japanese are headed to destroy Henderson Field.
  - B) 2:00 Morning Callaghan: "Commence firing, give 'em hell boys."
  - C) Searchlights....Star shells....Torpedos:
    - I. Slugfest!
    - II. 15 minutes of pure hell!
    - III. All but 1 American ship is hit!
    - IV. Callaghan is killed!
    - V. 6 American ships are sunk!
    - VI. 2 Japanese ships are sunk!
    - VII. One Japanese Battleship is badly hit.
    - **VIII. Japanese retreat:** 
      - (1) Henderson Field is saved!
      - (2) 700 American Sailors are dead!
  - D) Daylight Marine Planes catch the

#### damaged Japanese Battleship:

- I. Bomb her all day!
- II. Night Japanese scuttle her!
- E) 11:45 Night 6 Japanese Cruisers and 6 Destroyers shell Henderson Field for 37 minutes:
  - I. Fire over 1,000 shells!
  - II. Destroy only 2 Planes!
  - III. Daylight Leave.

### 52. Saturday - November 14, 1942:

- A) Japanese Fleet under Commander Tadashi Yamamoto is headed for Guadalcanal:
  - I. 11 Transports carrying 12,000 Troops.
  - II. 12 Destroyers.
- B) 12:15 Afternoon American Planes out of Henderson Field, the "Enterprise", and Espiritu Santo attack:
  - I. Bomb....Strafe....Torpedo!
  - II. Japanese are slaughtered.
  - III. Goes on all day until dark.
  - IV. Japanese survivors turn and run!
- C) Japanese lose:
  - I. 3 Cruisers.
  - II. 1 Submarine.
  - **III. 7 Transports:** 
    - (1) Less than 5,000 of the 12,000 troops survive!

### E) "Joe" Bauer is killed!

- 53. Sunday November 15, 1942:
  - A) Japanese Fleet of 1 Battleship, 2 Heavy Cruisers, 2 Light Cruisers, and 9 Destroyers, under Vice Admiral Nobutake Kondo:
    - I. Headed to Guadalcanal to bombard Henderson Field.
  - B) Intercepted by Rear Admiral Willis Lee with 2 Cruisers and 4 Destroyers.
  - C) 1:16 Morning Battle starts:
    - I. 3 American Ships are sunk!
    - II. 1 Japanese Ship is sunk and 2 badly damaged.
    - III. Japanese turn and run!!!
- 54. In 3 days the Japanese have lost:
  - A) 2 Battleships.
  - B) 4 Cruisers.
  - C) 1 Light Carrier.
  - D) 11 Destroyers.
  - E) 7 Transports.
  - F) 6 Submarines.
  - G) Over 150 Aircraft.
- 55. November 30, 1942 Japanese win a sea battle off Tassafaronga.

- 56. December 9, 1942 Marines are relieved by the Americal Division, the 25<sup>th</sup> Infantry, and the 2<sup>nd</sup> Marine Division under Major General Alexander Patch.
- 57. January 15, 1943 Marine Pilot, Captain Joe Foss from Sioux Falls, South Dakota:
  - A) Shoots down Japanese Planes number 24, 25, and 26.
  - B) "America's Ace of Aces in World War II."
  - C) April 1943....Congressional Medal of Honor.
  - D) After the War....1954....Governor of South Dakota.
- 58. January 1943 Japanese decide to evacuate Guadalcanal!
  - A) February 1943 The 12,500 Japanese troops are evacuated.
- 59. February 9, 1943 Guadalcanal is secured after 6 months and 2 days of brutal, violent, bloody combat!
- **60. American losses:** 
  - A) 1,634 killed:
    - I. 1,152 are Marines 651 of these are 1<sup>st</sup> Division Marines.
  - **B) 4,063 wounded:**

- I. 2,098 are Marines.
- C) 5,800 cases of Malaria.
- 61. Japanese losses:
  - A) 24,550 dead from combat, wounds, starvation, and disease:
    - I. Among the dead are 600 CRUCIAL pilots!
- 62. 9 Marines....Congressional Medal of Honor:
  - A) One is Major General Alexander Vandegrift from Virginia:
    - I. For commanding and holding Guadalcanal.
- 63. Marine grave on Guadalcanal:

  "And when he gets to heaven, to St. Peter he
  will tell: One more Marine reporting Sir, I've
  spent my time in hell!"

# August 16 & 17, 1942 The Makin Raid

- 1. Makin....An Atoll in the Gilbert Islands.
- 2. Purpose of the raid:
  - A) Distract the Japanese from the Guadalcanal landings!
- 3. To be carried out by 219 men of the 2<sup>nd</sup> Marine Battalion called "Carlson's Raiders."
- 4. Commander....46 year old, Lt. Colonel, Evans Carlson:
  - A) Born....1896....Sidney, New York.
  - B) 1922....U.S.M.C.
  - C) Nicaragua....Navy Cross.
  - D) Likes to quote the Bible.
  - E) Introduces the Chinese phrase "Gung Ho" to the Marine Corps:
    - I. Means: "Work Together."
  - F) Later....WW II....Wounded on Saipan.
  - G) 1946....Brig. General....Retires.
  - H) May 27, 1947....Portland, Oregon....Dies.
- 5. Raiders:
  - A) Trained to be efficient killers.

- B) Trained in hit and run fighting.
- C) Trained in guerrilla tactics.
- D) Trained to fight behind enemy lines.
- E) Trained to kill and maim.
- F) Trained to avoid a "fair fight."
- 6. August 16, 1942 Night Landed by 2 Submarines:
  - A) Kill 168 of the Japanese garrison: I. Survivors flee.
  - B) Destroy the newly completed Seaplane facility.
  - C) Marines lose 21 killed and 9 captured by the fleeing Japanese.
- 7. The 9 captured Marines:
  - A) Vice Admiral Koso Abe orders them beheaded!
    - I. After the war he is tried for this atrocity and hanged!

# August 19, 1942 The Dieppe Raid

- 1. Where?.....France.
- 2. 6,100 Allied Troops:
  - A) Mostly British and Canadian Commandos.
  - B) 50 of Darby's Rangers will take part.
  - C) Disaster.
  - D) 5,000 make it ashore.
  - E) Only 1,500 make it out:
    - I. Rest are killed or captured!
    - II. Rangers lose 6 killed, 7 wounded, and 4 Captured:
      - (1) Learn valuable lessons for later.

# November 8, 1942 – May 13, 1943 <u>North Africa</u>

- 1. November 8, 1942 Operation Torch Invasion of North Africa:
  - A) 500 Troop Transport Ships escorted by 350 Warships:
    - I. Land 400,000 Allied Troops.
  - B) West Casablanca:
    - I. 35,000 American Troops.
    - II. Under Major General George Patton Jr.
  - C) Center Oran:
    - I. 39,000 American Troops.
    - II. Under Major General Lloyd Fredenall.
    - III. Darby's Rangers hit the Arzew Beachead:
      - (1) At night.
      - (2) Destroy artillery positions.
      - (3) Suffer only light casualties.
  - D) East Algiers:
    - I. 10,000 American and 23,000 British Troops.
    - II. Under British Lt. General, Kenneth Anderson.
- 2. The German Afrika Korps is commanded by Field Marshal General, Erwin Rommel:

- A) Called "The Desert Fox."
- 3. February 6, 1943 Dwight Eisenhower is made Commander in Chief of all the Allied Forces in North Africa.
- 4. Saturday night February 14, 1943 The 1<sup>st</sup> Battle of the Kasserine Pass:
  - A) America's 1<sup>st</sup> night battle in World War II.
  - B) Americans are totally defeated!!!
    - I. 6,500 Americans killed, wounded, or captured.
    - II. 200 Armored Vehicles lost!
    - III. 200 Artillery Pieces lost!
    - IV. 500 Trucks and Jeeps lost!
  - **C) Teaches the Americans:** 
    - I. That their troops are too inexperienced!
    - II. That American armor is too light!
    - III. That the Allied command structure is too slow and cumbersome!
  - D) Results of the defeat:
    - I. Fredenall is relieved of command.
    - II. Replaced by Patton!!!
- 5. March 1943 Darby's Rangers make a 12 mile night march across the Mountains above El Guettar:
  - A) Capture the heights and clear the pass for

### Patton's Army:

- I. Take 200 prisoners.
- II. Hold against a series of counterattacks.
- 6. April 19, 1943 The Allied Offensive starts:
  - A) 6 months after landing the entire North African coast is secured!
    - I. 2,715 Americans have been killed.
    - II. Axis losses are 340,000 killed or captured.
- 7. May 13, 1943 The last German and Italian Troops in North Africa surrender.

## **Other Events of 1942**

- 1. Singapore Hospital Japanese atrocity:
  - A) All are bayoneted to death!
  - **B) Including:** 
    - I. A surgeon, an anesthesiologist, and patient in the operating room!
  - C) Entire hospital is massacred!!!
  - D) One patient:
    - I. Eyes gouged out!
    - II. Tongue cut out!
    - III. Ears cut off!
    - IV. Nose cut off!
- 2. January 25, 1942:
  - A) Thailand declares war on the United States.
- 3. March 10, 1942:
  - A) General Joe "Vinegar Joe" Stillwell is made Chief of Staff of the Allied Armies in the Chinese Theatre of Operations:
    - I. March 19, 1942 Burma He takes command.
- 4. May 1942:
  - A) Prague, Czech. Czech. Agents Assassinate Reinhard Heydrich!!!

- 5. Summer 1942 China Japanese atrocities:
  - A) 3 different towns:
    - I. All inhabitants are tied up.
    - II. Forced to kneel along ditches.
    - III. Machine gunned!
    - IV. Any survivors are bayoneted too death!
    - **V. 2,700 are murdered!!!**
- 6. June 5, 1942:
  - A) The U.S. declares war on Hungary, Bulgaria, and Rumania.
- 7. June 25, 1942:
  - A) Major General Dwight Eisenhower is appointed:
    - I. Commander of all U.S. Troops in the European Theatre of the War!
- 8. August 1942:
  - A) The American 8<sup>th</sup> Air Force starts daylight bombing of Germany.
- 9. August 17, 1942:
  - A) The 1<sup>st</sup> All-American bombing of German arsenals in France takes place.
- 10. October 24, 1942:
  - A) Vice Admiral William "Bull" Halsey is

# appointed Allied Commander in the South Pacific.

- 11. November 13, 1942:
  - A) The Teenage Draft Act is passed in America:
    - I. Amendment to the Selective Service Act.
    - II. 18 and 19 year olds are now subject to be drafted.
- 12. End of 1942 Germany controls:
  - A) Norway.
  - B) Belgium.
  - C) France.
  - D) Holland.
  - E) Luxembourg.
  - F) Yugoslavia.
  - G) Greece.
  - H) Poland.
  - I) Czechoslovakia.
  - J) Ukraine.
  - K) Large areas of Russia.

## The Japanese/American Internment

- 1. Start of World War II 127,000

  Japanese/Americans in the United States:
  - A) 2/3's Born in the United States.
  - B) "Nisei".....children of immigrants.
  - C) "Sansei".....grandchildren of immigrants.
- 2. February 19, 1942 Executive Order #9066:
  - A) 114,490 are to be forcibly moved from the west coast inland to relocation camps in 6 western states and Arkansas:
    - I. Tule Lake, California.
    - II. Minidoka, California.
    - III. Manzanar, California.
    - IV. Gila River, Arizona.
    - V. Poston, Arizona.
    - VI. Granada, Colorado.
    - VII. Topaz, Utah.
    - VIII. Heart Mountain, Wyoming.
    - IX. Jerome, Arkansas.
    - X. Rohwer, Arkansas.
  - B) Most have only 48 hours to get their affairs in order!
  - C) Most are held for 3 years!
  - D) One in the name of "military security":

    I. BULLSHIT!
  - E) Wholesale invasion of their property!

- F) Wholesale disenfranchisement!
- G) 99.9% are totally loyal to the United States!!!
- H) Government will compensate only a fraction for stolen or vandalized property!
- 3. 8,000 volunteer for military duty:
  - A) Become the 442<sup>nd</sup> Nisei Regimental Combat Team:
    - I. All Japanese/Americans.
    - II. "The Nisei Battalion."
    - III. Slogan: "Go For Broke!"
    - IV. Fight in the European Theatre of the war.
    - V. America's most decorated unit in the War!

## **The Holocaust**

- 1. January 1942 The Wannsel Conference:
  - A) Berlin, Germany.
  - B) Discuss and implement "The Final Solution":
    - I. Extermination of the Jews and other undesirable races in Europe!
  - C) Hitler & The Nazi's targets:
    - I. Jews.
    - II. Gypsies.
    - III. Slavs.
    - IV. Jehovaha's Witnesses.
    - V. The Disabled.
    - VI. Homosexuals.
    - VII. The Mentally Retarded.
- 2. Primary Concentration Camps:
  - A) Vught.
  - **B) Natzweiler.**
  - C) Neuengamme.
  - D) Bergen/Belsen.
  - E) Buchenwald.
  - F) Flossenburg.
  - G) Mauthausen.
  - H) Theresienstadt.
  - I) Sachsenhausen.
  - J) Ravensbruck.

- K) Gross/Rosen.
- 3. The Death Camps are located in Poland:
  - A) Stutthof.
  - B) Chelmno.
  - C) Sobibor.
  - D) Maidanek.
  - E) Belzec.
  - F) Birkenau.
  - G) Treblinka:
    - I. 33 acres in size.
    - II. Near Warsaw, Poland.
    - III. 870,000 people murdered here!!!
  - H) Auschwitz:
    - I. Commandant is Rudolph Hess.
    - II. Very cruel camp.
    - III. Camp "Dr." is Gestapo/SS member, Fritz Mengele.
    - IV. Camp is set up to kill and burn 12,000 people per day!!!
- 4. Camps require 40,000 SS personnel to maintain and run!
- 5. Camp laborers are stripped, tattoed, and dressed imprison garb:
  - A) Literally worked to death!

- 6. Arrival at the Death Camps:
  - A) Packed in railroad cars.
  - B) "Sorted" by Nazi Officers and "Dr.'s"!
  - C) Stripped.
  - E) Give up glasses, jewelry, ALL belongings.
  - F) "Showers" Gassed:
    - I. Rat poison "Zyklon B" Cyanide compound.
    - II. First experimented with in 1939 on handicapped children and mental patients!
    - III. Will also use Carbon Monoxide.
  - G) Pyramid of dead Dragged out:
    - I. Women's hair cut off (Mattresses, Pillows, Wigs, Etc.).
    - II. Body cavities are searched for hidden valuables.
    - III. Gold teeth are pulled out with pliers.
    - IV. Dentures are removed to be used by Germans.
    - V. Burnt!
  - H) Prisoners who work the Gas Chambers and Crematoriums are usually worked for 4 months:
    - I. Then shot and burnt!
- 7. "Doctors" On live patients (In the Camps and Mental Institutions) Practice:

A) Euthanasia! **B) Abortions!** C) Miscarriages! D) Sterilization! E) Taking "Spare Body Parts"! F) Re-attachment of limbs! 8. Lamp Shades from.....Baby Skins!!!!! 9. Starvation – Shootings – Hangings – Suicides on the electric wire – Suicides jumping into burning pits. 10. Deaths of Jews and others in the camps: A) Auschwitz.....1,600,000! B) Treblinka.....870,000! C) Belzec.....600,000! D) Majdanek.....360,000! E) Chelmno.....320,000! F) Sobibor.....250,000! **G) Ravensbruck.....92,700!** H) Mauthausen.....71,000! I) Stutthof.....65,000! J) Buchenwald.....43,000! K) Bergen-Belsen.....42,500!

L) Gross-Rosen.....40,000!

N) Sachsenhausen.....30,000!

M) Dachau.....31,500!

I. Total in camps.....4,372,700!!!!!
II. Total killed in Europe.....5.9 million!!!

## **Events of 1943**

- 1. January 2, 1943:
  - A) Buna in New Guinea:
    - I. Falls to the Allies after 2 weeks of fighting.
- 2. January 14-24, 1943 The Casablanca Conference:
  - A) President FDR and Winston Churchill.
  - B) Policy and goals established:
    - I. Anti-Submarine campaign.
    - II. Bombing of Germany.
    - III. The Invasion of Italy.
    - IV. The Invasion of Europe in 1944.
    - V. The Unconditional Surrender of the Axis Powers.
- 3. January 27, 1943:
  - A) American bombers hit Wilhelmhausen in Germany:
    - I. 1<sup>st</sup> All-American daylight bombing of German soil.
    - II. 51 of the 93 Bombers reach their targets and drop their bombs.
- 4. June 21, 1943 American Troops start landings on New Georgia in the Solomon

#### Islands.

- 5. July 25, 1943 Italy:
  - A) Benito Mussolini is removed from power and forced to resign!
- 6. August 1943 Ploesti, Rumania Daylight bombing raid:
  - A) Targets are the Nazi oil fields and refineries:
    - I. 177 Bombers attack.
    - II. 54 shot down.
    - III. Knock out 42% of the oil capacity.
- 7. August 17, 1943 Schweinfurt, Germany:
  - A) Ball bearing plants are bombed:
    - I. 376 Bombers.
    - II. 60 shot down.
  - B) Bombed again on October 14th:
    - I. 291 Bombers.
    - II. 60 shot down.
    - III. 648 men are killed or wounded.
- 8. December 24, 1943:
  - A) General Dwight Eisenhower is named Supreme Allied Commander for the Allied invasion of France in 1944 called "D-Day."

## February 3, 1943 - "The 4 Chaplains"

- 1. Off the coast of Greenland U.S. troop transport
  - "Dorchester":
  - A) Torpedoed by a German Submarine.
  - B) On board are 4 Chaplains:
    - I. Rabbi, Alexander Goode Jewish.
    - II. Father, John Washington Roman Catholic.
    - III. Reverend, George Fox Methodist.
    - IV. Reverend, Clark Poling Reformed Church.
  - C) Help men into life jackets and rafts.
  - D) No more life jackets:
    - I. Each gives up his own!!!
    - II. The 4 link arms as ship goes under.
    - III. Pray until gone!
- 2. Today Temple University Philadelphia, Penn.
  - "Chapel of the Four Chaplains" Interfaith
     Memorial.

# March 2-5, 1943 The Battle of The Bismarck Sea

- 1. Off Lae.
- 2. Japanese convoy of 18 ships with 15,000 Troops:
  - A) Headed for New Guinea.
- 3. Liberators and Flying Fortresses sink 8 Transports and 4 Destroyers.
- 4. Rest of the Japanese Fleet turns back.

# April 18, 1943 The Killing of Admiral Yamamoto

- 1. Americans intercept and decode a Japanese message:
  - A) Admiral Yamamoto and his Staff are going to leave Rabaul:
    - I. Are to inspect the Solomon Islands.
    - II. They will be in two "Betty" Bombers escorted by 9 "Zero" Fighters.
- 2. 14 P-38 Lightnings under Major John Mitchell:
  - A) Take off from Henderson Field on Guadalcanal:
    - I. To intercept!
    - II. 9:35 Morning Both Bombers are shot down killing Yamamoto and his entire Staff.

# July 10, 1943 – August 17, 1943 The Invasion of Sicily

- 1. Operation Husky.
- 2. American Commander is Lt. General George Patton Jr. Commands the 7<sup>th</sup> Army.
- 3. Patton since the end of World War I:
  - A) March 1919 Friendship with Lt. Colonel Dwight Eisenhower starts:
    - I. Both believe in the Tank and Armor in warfare.
  - B) 1923 3<sup>rd</sup> child born Son George W. Patton III.
  - C) 1925 Stationed in Hawaii:
    - I. Meets Eisenhower's West Point classmate, Omar Bradley:
      - (1) GREAT baseball player.
      - (2) COULD have played Major League Baseball!
  - D) 1926 "Steps on toes":
    - I. Criticizes a Brig. General.
  - E) June 10, 1926 Father dies.
  - F) January 1928 Leaves Hawaii: I. reports to Washington.
  - G) March 1, 1934 Promoted to Lt. Colonel.

- H) March 1935 Assigned to Hawaii again:
  - I. Wife, Bea, suspects him of having an affair:
    - (1) With Jean Gordon.
    - (2) Daughter of Bea's ½ sister!
- I) June 13, 1937 Ordered to report to Fort Riley, Kansas:
  - I. July 25<sup>th</sup> Horse kicks him:
    - (1) Breaks both bones in his right leg.
    - (2) Takes 6 ½ months to recover due to a blood clot.
- J) General of the Army, George Marshall, is not fond of Patton:
  - I. Patton tries to "butter him up."
  - II. Marshall believes Patton to be a braggart!
  - III. Marshall believes Patton's wife makes him worse!!
  - IV. BUT, Patton is the only officer Marshall will ever call by their first name!!!
- K) July 6, 1940 Sent to Fort Benning, Georgia:
  - I. Takes command of one of the newly created Armored Divisions.
  - II. HATES the MP's because they enforce the speed limits!
    - (1) Makes his driver go faster.
    - (2) Has the MP's relieved of traffic duties!

- L) End of August 1940 Wife leaves him:
  - I. She goes home.
  - II. He writes her many letters begging for forgiveness!
  - III. Late September she will return to him.
- M) October 1, 1940 Promoted to Brig. General.
- **N) By January 1941:** 
  - I. Becoming a National figure.
- O) 1941 At Fort Benning:
  - I. Bradley will personally evaluate Patton:
    - (1) Finds him to be:
      - a. Fiercely ambitious.
      - b. Strange.
      - c. Too hard on his men.
      - d. Finds his men respect BUT hate him.
      - e. Too profane.
      - f. Voice lacks command authority...is almost comical!
- P) Characteristics:
  - I. Brash.
  - II. Impetuoous.
  - III. Unconcerned.
  - IV. Autocratic.
  - V. Hates authority.
  - VI. Can be a bore.
  - VII. Braggart.

#### VIII. Religious:

(1) Prays every morning and evening and before important meals.

### IX. Racist - Very prejudiced:

- (1) Hates Jews.
- (2) Hates Japanese:

  a. EXCEPT for the Samuari Warriors.
- (3) Hates Supreme Commanders.
- (4) Believes each ethnic group possesses established characteristics and can only slightly be modified by the environment.

X. Extraordinary leader.

XI. Very cultured.

XII. Genius for war.

XIII. Drives himself to physical exhaustion.

XIV. Drives himself to mental exhaustion.

XV. Good tactical commander.

XVI. Has the ability to visualize an entire battlefield.

XVII. Front line General.

XVIII. Endures the cold, wet, rain, etc. of his men.

XIX. Gets his men the best food and medical attention possible.

XX. Tactless!

XXI. High strung.

XXII. Profane.

#### XXIII. Almost "juvenile" at times!

- Q) Facts:
  - I. Never votes in his life:
    - (1) Can't vote against his Commander in Chief.
  - II. Firmly believes in the family motto:
    - (1) "You do your best, for if you don't, you're better off dead!"
  - III. Before battles:
    - (1) Shortness of breath.
    - (2) Vomiting.
    - (3) Prayer.
    - (4) Puts his faith in God.
  - IV. Believes pets are part of a Family:
    - (1) At one time has:
      - a. 17 dogs.
      - b. 2 rabbits.
      - c. 6 cats.
      - d. 29 white mice.
      - e. Fish.
      - f. Canaries.
      - g. Crows.
      - h. Turtles.
      - i. Kangaroo Rats.
      - j. Coyote puppies.
      - k. A White Duck.
  - V. Reporters will give him the nickname "Old Blood and Guts":

- (1) He HATES it!
- VI. Is never a scholar:
  - (1) His education is military.
- VII. During World War II he always carries Julius Caesar's Commentaries with across France:
  - (1) Caesar used the terrain!
  - (2) He will do the same!!
  - (3) He will follow Caesar's routes to cross rivers, etc.!
- VIII. What he accomplishes in 391 days of combat.....13 months.....has taken:
  - (1) Alexander the Great....a decade!
  - (2) Napolean....a decade!
  - (3) Grant and Lee.....4 years!
- R) Views on death:
  - I. Believes it is a privilege to die in war:
    - (1) NOT SO with a natural death!!
  - II. Wants to die from the last bullet, of the last battle, of the last war!
  - III. Believes in an afterlife for the brave:
    - (1) A warrior's Valhalla.
  - IV. Believes that death in battle brings reincarnation and immortality:
    - (1) Neglect of duty brings damnation!!
- S) Believes in reincarnation:
  - I. Uses the belief as a means of controlling fear.

- II. May 27, 1922 Writes a poem:
  - (1) "Through a Glass Darkly."
  - (2) About a soldier being reborn.
- III. Believes he has lived previous lives as:
  - (1) Greek fighting the Persians.
  - (2) Chariot Driver in the Roman Legions:

    a. Talks about it in his poem "A

    Dream."
  - (3) Hannibal's Army.
  - (4) English Army fighting the French in 1346.
  - (5) Cavalryman with Napolean's Army:
    - a. 1934 Tells his wife of the retreat from Moscow as if he were there!
    - b. Describes the dead in the carts.
    - c. Tells of taking the dead so the Russians would not know their losses.
    - d. Tells of the cold.
    - e. Tells of the blood in the snow turning brown.
  - (6) Tanker in World War I:
    - a. All of these "men" have died violent deaths and been reborn EXCEPT for the World War I tanker.
- T) 1942 Best Tank Man in the Army:
  - I. Reads Erwin Rommel's book on Tank Warfare:

- (1) Rommel To U.S. Studies Civil War – Stonewall Jackson's tactics – Shenandoah Valley.
- (2) Tactics to Tanks!!
- U) Patton picks his Chief of Staff:
  - I. Major Hobart Gay.
- V) 1942 Prepares for North Africa:
  - I. Heads up the Desert Warfare Training Center.
  - II. 90 miles wide and 180 miles long.
  - III. From the Colorado River in the east to Desert Center, California in the west.
  - IV. From Searchlight, Nevada in the north to Yuma, Arizona in the south.
  - V. He and his wife live in Indio.
  - VI. Tells his officers: "I cannot see any reason for taking any prisoners alive!"
- W) August 1942 London, England:
  - I. Meets with Eisenhower.
  - II. Told of Operation Torch North Africa.
  - III. Told to leave Indio and bring his Troops east.
  - IV. Commands the 33,500 men and 250 tanks that land at Casablanca on the Atlantic Coast of Morocco.
- X) February 3, 1943 Meets Eisenhower in Algiers:
  - I. "Ike" warns him to stop criticizing

### Bernard Montgomery and the British Army:

- (1) Patton HATES Montgomery!!!!!
- Y) Is promoted to Lt. General.
- Z) "Ike" replaces Lloyd Fredenall with Patton as the II Corps Commander in North Africa:
  - I. Harsh disciplinarian:
    - (1) \$50.00 fines for no helmet or leggings on!
    - (2) Long sleeved, wool shirts, have to have sleeves rolled down and buttoned!
    - (3) Collars buttoned up and ties on!
    - (4) Mess halls close at 6:00am and 6:00pm.
  - II. Asks "Ike's" Chief of Staff, Bedell Smith, to make Major General, Omar Bradley, his Deputy:
    - (1) "So there won't be any goddamned spies."
    - (2) **Done!**
- AA) April 1, 1943 North Africa Bradley goes to the front lines to observe:
  - I. Patton's personal aide, Lt. Richard "Dick"
    Jensen goes with Bradley:
    - (1) Patton has known family for years.
    - (2) Comes to Patton at Ft. Benning fresh out of O.C.S.

- (3) Is loyal.
- (4) Great sense of humor.
- (5) Patton truly cares for him.
- II. Position is bombed Jensen is killed!
  III. Patton cries hard:
  - (1) Lock of hair to mom.
- BB) June 1943 Previous to the invasion of Sicily:
  - I. Patton Speech to Army:
    - (1) Don't take any chances with the enemy!
    - (2) Kill the enemy!
    - (3) Hints....prisoners or those attempting to surrender should be killed!
    - (4) Kill the enemy wherever you find them!
- **CC) When Sicily ends:** 
  - I. Patton will be criticized by "Ike."
  - II. He will be challenged by Bradley.
  - III. Will be outmaneuvered by Montgomery.
- 4. July 10, 1943 Wee minutes Invasion of Sicily is started by American and British paratroopers dropping in:
  - A) The 1,375 ships start sending in Troops at 2:45 in the morning.
  - B) Darby's Rangers insure the landings at Gela and Licata.

- C) 180,000 Allied Troops land.
- D) Opposing them are:
  - I. 315,000 Italian Troops & 90,000 German Troops.
- 5. July 12, 1943 Canicatti Massacre Central Sicily:
  - A) Shortage of food.
  - B) Many citizens gather in protest.
  - C) A Lt. Colonel orders 14 MP's to open fire on them:
    - I. They refuse!
    - II. The officer opens fire on the crowd with his .45:
      - (1) Fires 21 shots.
      - (2) 1 small child and 6 men are killed!
  - D) Entire affair is "hushed up" for 60 years!
- 6. July 13, 1943 Comiso Airfield:
  - A) A load of German prisoners and 60 Italian prisoners are shot with a heavy machine gun:
    - I. Only 3 survivors!
  - **B) Reporters tell Patton:** 
    - I. On the 15<sup>th</sup> he issues orders to stop shooting prisoners!
- 7. Meanwhile July 14, 1943 Biscari Airfield

- Massacre Southeastern Sicily:
- A) Captain John Compton orders a firing squad of 24 men to shoot 40 "snipers":
  - I. Are actually Civilians and Uniformed Italian Soldiers!!!
- B) Sgt. Horace West using a Thompson Submachine Gun:
  - I. Kills 34 Italian and 2 German prisoners!
- C) Both men are Court Martialed:
  - I. Patton's speeches previous to the invasion are used in their defense!
  - II. Compton....acquitted!
  - III. West....Life!!!!!
    - (1) November 1944 Freed.
    - (2) Back to duty as a Private.
- D) Irony:
  - I. November 1943.
  - II. Compton goes out to talk to a German under a flag of truce:
    - (1) He is shot and killed!
- 8. If "Ike" and/or George C. Marshall had of known of the 3 incidents:
  - A) Patton, Major General Lucian Truscott Jr., and Colonel Don Carleton would have been fired!
- 9. 11 days after landing Patton takes Palermo:

- A) Cuts Sicily in half.
- B) Americans suffer heavy casualties.
- C) Bradley doesn't approve of Patton's actions:
  - I. "Georgie's scheme to grab headlines."
- 10. August 3, 1943 Sicily Evacuation Hospital:
  - A) Patton talks to 350 wounded.
  - B) Pvt. Charles Kuhl is crying:
    - I. "I just can't take it any longer."
    - II. Patton calls him a coward.
    - III. Curses him out.
    - IV. Orders him out of the hospital.
    - V. Slaps the man's face with his gloves.
    - VI. Grabs him by the collar of his shirt:
      - (1) Jerks him to his feet.
      - (2) Pushes him out of the tent.
      - (3) Kicks him in the ass.
  - C) Story does not leak to the press!
  - D) Patton brags to Bradley of the incident:
    - I. "One louse."
    - II. "Unhurt."
    - III. "Told me he was unable to take it."
    - IV. "Slapped his face with my gloves."
    - V. "Wanted to make him mad enough to become a man and fight."
    - VI. "There's no such thing as shell-shock.
      It's an invention of the Jews."

- E) Doctors report the incident!
- F) Kuhl's record:
  - I. Has been ordered to the hospital twice.
  - II. 3<sup>rd</sup> time for dysentery and malaria.
- 11. August 10, 1943 93<sup>rd</sup> Evacuation Hospital 1:30 Afternoon Patton is visiting:
  - A) Sees Pvt. Paul Bennett Crying "It's my nerves":
    - I. "You dirty, no good, son of a bitch, you cowardly bastard! You're a disgrace to the Army, and you're going right back to the front to fight, although that's too good for you. You ought to be lined up against a wall and shot! In fact, I ought to shoot you myself right now, goddamn you.":
      - (1) Reaches for his pistol.
      - (2) Pulls it out and waves it!
      - (3) Strikes Bennett across the face.
      - (4) "I want you to get that man out of here right away. I won't have these other brave boys seeing such a bastard babied."
    - II. Starts out of the tent Bennett starts crying:
      - (1) Rushes back.
      - (2) Strikes Bennett a 2<sup>nd</sup> time knocking

his helmet off and out of the tent.

- B) Later says of the incident:
  - I. "I saw another alleged nervous patient.

    Really a coward. He started to cry. I

    cursed him until he shut up. I may have
    saved his soul, if he had one."
- C) Bennett's record:
  - I. Enlisted NOT drafted!
  - II. Has served 4 years.
  - III. Has served in Tunisia and Sicily.
  - IV. Has requested to stay at the front.
  - V. The Doctors have ordered him hospitalized!!!
- 12. Patton is obsessed with beating Montgomery to Messina:
  - A) Irritates Bradley!
- 13. August 13, 1943 Algiers "Ike" learns of the slapping incidents:
  - A) Makes up his mind to discipline Patton:
    - I. Would rather do that than Court Martial him.
- 14. August 17, 1943 Patton takes Messina 39days after landing Sicily is secured:
  - A) Darby's Rangers are instrumental in the taking of the city!

- B) 39 day losses:
  - I. 17,279 Allied wounded.
  - II. 5,532 Allied dead.
  - III. 3,267 of the dead are Americans.
  - IV. 137,796 Axis Troops killed.
  - V. 122,204 Axis Troops captured.
- C) BUT, BUT.....70,000 Italian Troops, 40,000 German Troops with 10,000 Vehicles escape to Italy!!!
- 15. Same day:
  - A) "Ike" orders Patton to apologize to all the individuals, units, etc.!!!
- 16. August 21-30, 1943 Patton "apologizes":
  - A) Is NOT sincere about it!
  - B) Is a pathetic attempt to justify his actions!
  - C) Is terrible!
- 17. September 6, 1943 Patton learns that Bradley has been promoted over him:
  - A) Will lead the invasion of France.....D-Day!

### September 3, 1943-End of the War The Italian Campaign

- 1. Operation Avalanche:
  - A) American Commander is General Mark Clark.
  - B) Opposing him is German Field Marshal, General Albert Kesselring.
- 2. September 3, 1943:
  - A) Americans start landing.
  - B) Same day Italy signs a secret armistice Surrendering!
- 3. September 9, 1943:
  - A) Darby's Rangers land at Salerno:
    - I. Fight off 8 German counterattacks.
    - II. Rest of the American Troops land.
- 4. October 1, 1943 Naples is taken.
- 5. January 1944 The Rapido Disaster:
  - A) Rapido River sits at the base of Monte Cassino.
  - B) Job of crossing and holding it is given to the 36<sup>th</sup> Division, Texas National Guard, "T-Patchers":

- I. Should never even be attempted!
- II. Terrible defeat!
- III. Slaughter!
- IV. 518 killed 663 wounded 680 captured.
- V. After the war:
  - (1) Attempt by Texas to prose4cute Clark!
  - (2) Fails.
- 6. January 22, 1944 The Anzio Landings:
  - A) 31 miles south of Rome.
  - B) 65 miles behind German lines!
  - C) American Commander is 54 year old, Major General, John Lucas.
  - D) Night attack by Darby's Rangers is the spearhead:
    - I. Establish a beachhead 15 miles long and 7 miles deep.
- 7. January 30, 1944 Night Darby's Rangers hit the Germans at Cisterna:
  - A) 5 miles behind the German lines:
    - I. Rangers are ambushed.
    - II. Surrounded.
    - III. Point blank fighting.
    - IV. Fight till all ammunition is gone.
    - V. 12 killed 36 wounded 767 captured:

- (1) Only 6 return!
- (2) Are disbanded after this tragedy!
- 8. February 16, 1944 Germans counterattack at Anzio:
  - A) Americans will be pinned down until May 23, 1944.
- 9. Monte Cassino:
  - A) "Monastery Hill 516."
  - B) Abbey of St. Benedict is on Monte Cassino.
  - C) Germans turn it into a fortress.
  - D) May 18, 1944:
    - I. Entire fortress, town, and Monastery are taken.
- 10. May 23, 1944 Americans launch an attack off the Anzio Beachhead.
- 11. June 4, 1944 American Army enters Rome.
- 12. April 30, 1944 Artillery shell fragment kills 34 year old, Colonel William Darby:
  - A) Posthumously promoted to Brig. General.
- 13. Fighting in Italy continues until the war in Europe ends!

## September 16, 1943 Major Gregory "Pappy" Boyington

- 1. September 16, 1943 Guadalcanal:
  - A) Boyington's famous "Black Sheep Squadron" flies their 1st mission.
  - **B)** Boyington:
    - I. Born December 4, 1912 Coeur 'd Alene, Idaho.
    - II. With "The Flying Tigers" in China 6
      Kills.
    - III. Guadalcanal Age 31 Called "Pappy" by his men.
    - IV. 14 kills in 32 days.
    - V. January 3, 1944 26th kill:
      - (1) He is shot down.
      - (2) P.O.W.
      - (3) August 1945 Liberated.
    - VI. Total of 28 kills.
    - VII. Congressional Medal of Honor.
    - VIII. August 1, 1947 As a Colonel Retires.
    - IX. January 11, 1988 Fresno, California Dies.

### November 1, 1943-March 1944 <u>Bougainville</u>

- 1. In the Solomon Islands:
  - A) Largest of the Islands.
  - B) Northernmost of the Islands.
  - C) 130 miles long 30 miles wide.
  - D) Defended by 15,000 Japanese Troops.
- 2. November 1, 1943 3<sup>rd</sup> Marine Division invades:
  - A) Commanded by Lt. General Alexander Vandegrift.
- 3. December 27, 1943 Army relieves the Marines.
- 4. March 1944 Secured:
  - A) Japanese losses:
    - I. 2,500 killed 25 captured.
  - **B) American losses:** 
    - I. 423 killed 1,418 wounded.
  - C) 3 Marines.....Congressional Medal of Honor.

# November 20-24, **ACCAL**Tarawa

- 1. Tarawa Part of the Gilbert Islands:
  - A) Gilberts:
    - I. 400 miles in length.
    - II. Run southeast to northwest.
    - III. Has 16 different Island groups.
  - B) Tarawa is a Coral Atoll consisting of 25 small Islands:
    - I. Is 2,475 miles south of Pearl Harbor.
    - II. The 25 Islands are 24 miles long from north to south:
      - (1) Are 18 1/2 miles wide from east to west.
    - III. The Islands are triangular in shape.
  - C) Main Island of Tarawa is....Betio:
    - I. Is the southwestern most Island of the group.
    - II. Is 2 1/4 miles long and 1/2 mile wide (less than a square mile in size).
    - III. 291 acres in size.
    - IV. Less than 1/2 the size of New York City's Central Park.
    - V. No place on the Island is more than 300 yards from the beaches.
    - VI. Surrounded by a Coral reef that runs 700

to 1,150 yards out into the sea.

- VII. Has a long pier that runs 500 yards out into the ocean.
- 2. Betio is the main Japanese stronghold in the Central Pacific:
  - A) Has the only airfield in the Island group.
  - B) Japanese Admiral, Tomanari Saichiro is an excellent engineer:
    - I. Turns Betio into a fortress.
- 3. Japanese defenses:
  - A) Blockhouses:
    - I. Concrete and steel reinforced walls....4 to 5 feet thick.
    - II. Surrounded by coconut logs reinforced with angle iron and railroad ties.
    - III. Some sit 17 feet above the sand.
    - IV. Tops are covered with several feet of sand and coral.
    - V. All of them have interlocking fields of fire.
  - **B) Bunkers and Pillboxes:** 
    - I. Smaller version of the Blockhouses.
    - II. Double thickness of 8 inch thick coconut logs:
      - (1) Hooked together with steel spikes and upright logs driven deeply into

the sand.

- (2) Walls filled with sand.
- III. Tops are covered with sand.
- IV. Connected by a network of trenches that contain fighting compartments.
- V. North beach has three of these(each is 50 feet long)and 9 smaller ones....all connected by trenches.
- VI. West beach has them situated 10 feet apart....connected by trenches.
- C) Foxholes.
- D) Rifle Pits:
  - I. Empty gasoline drums sunk in the ground with a lid cover.
- E) Machine gun nests:
  - I. "Y" shaped.
  - II. Half sunken.
  - III. Coconut log fortress covered with sand.
- F) Anti-Tank ditches:
  - I. Located at each end of the airstrip.
- G) Airstrip:
  - I. Is covered by rifle pits, pillboxes, and machine gun nests.
- H) Beaches are mined.
- I) Barbed wire obstacles:
  - I. 50 to 100 yards offshore.
  - II. Double aproned.
- J) Steel and concrete Tetraheydrons:

- I. 50 to 100 yards offshore.
- K) Beaches are surrounded by a coconut log seawall:
  - I. 3 to 5 feet high....Stapled together with steel spikes.
  - II. Sits 20 feet inland from the water at low tide.
  - III. Totally covered by fire!!
  - IV. To stick your head above it if attacking is suicide!
- L) Everything has an interlocking field of fire!!
  - I. Everything is designed to stop the Americans from reaching the beaches!
  - II. Japanese believe they can stop an invasion at the water's edge.
- M) Japanese Commander....Rear Admiral Keiji Shibasaki:
  - I. He is determined to defend Betio to the last man.
- N) Japanese force and armaments:
  - I. 4,836 men:
    - (1) 3,589 are Soldiers.
    - (2) 1,247 are Korean Laborers.
  - II. 10 Light Tanks:
    - (1) Have 37mm guns.
    - (2) Most are buried and reinforced in the sand.
  - **III. 20 Heavy Artillery Pieces:**

- (1) Range from 80 mm to 8 inchers(4 of them).
- IV. 27 Light Artillery Pieces:
  - (1) 9....37mm Anti-Tank Guns.
  - (2) 6....70mm Guns.
  - (3) 8....75mm Guns.
  - (4) 4....5 inch Guns.
- V. 106 Machine Guns!!!!!
  - (1) 62 Heavy Machine Guns:
    - a. 13mm 87 pounds 4 man crew 800 rounds per minute Bullet travels 2,210 feet per second!
  - (2) 44 Light Machine Guns:
    - a. 7.7mm Belts of 30 rounds of ammunition – 450 to 500 rounds per minute – Bullet travels at 2,400 feet per second.
- VI. Mortars.
- 4. Yard for yard....Betio is the best defended Island in the Pacific:
  - A) Shibasaki: "The Americans cannot take Tarawa with a million men in a hundred years!"
- 5. Spring 1943:
  - A) American Commander of the Pacific Fleet, Admiral Chester Nimitz, submits a plan to

Chief of Naval Operations, Admiral Ernest King:

- I. Offensive to capture the Marshall Islands.
- II. To do this they will have to be approached from the south through the Gilbert Islands.
- III. Airfields in the Gilberts will bring the Marshalls within easy reach of land-based Planes.
- 6. July 20, 1943 The Joint Chiefs of Staff give approval to take the Gilberts!
- 7. Summer 1943 American Planes discover a 4,000 foot airstrip on Betio:
  - A) This becomes the American target!
- 8. Nimitz code names the invasion: "Operation Galvanic":
  - A) Turns it over to his Chief of Staff, Vice Admiral Raymond Spruance:
    - I. Overall Commander.
    - II. Will plan it all out.
- 9. The Invasion Commanders and Force:
  - A) Rear Admiral Richmond Kelly Turner:
    - I. Primary Amphibious Commander.
    - II. From Oregon.

- III. Drives his men hard.
- IV. Is very determined and aggressive.
- V. Called "Terrible Turner."
- VI. Hard drinker.
- VII. Has commanded the Guadalcanal operation.
- VIII. Is a master of amphibious operations.
- B) Rear Admiral, Harry Hill:
  - I. Will command the southern Tarawa amphibious force.
- C) Invasion force...2<sup>nd</sup> Marine Division.
- D) In charge of the landings...Marine, Major General, Holland McTyeire "Howlin' Mad" Smith:
  - I. Born...April 20, 1882...Seale, Alabama.
  - II. Auburn University.
  - III. March 20, 1905...Marine 2<sup>nd</sup> Lt.
  - IV. Philippines.
  - V. Panama.
  - VI. Dominican Republic.
  - VII. WW I...Gets the nickname "Howlin' Mad."
  - VIII. Haiti.
  - IX. "The Father of Amphibious Training" for U.S. armed forces!
  - X. Commands the 5th Amphibious Corps.
  - XI. 6 feet 1 inch tall.
  - XII. Gray hair.

XIII. Large nose.

XIV. Round, wire-framed, bifocals.

XV. Looks like a "Grandfather."

XVI. Good leader.

XVII. Believes in high combat efficiency.

XVIII. Will serve the United States for 41 years.

XIX. Will be awarded 11 medals.

XX. May 15, 1946...At age 64...Retires to La Jolla, California.

XXI. Long illness in San Diego.

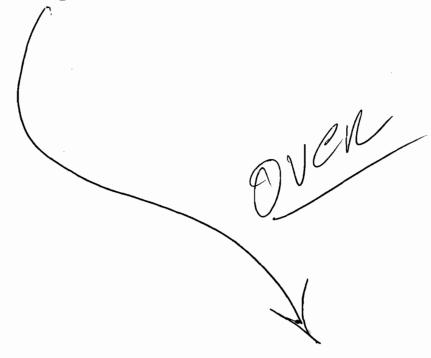
XXII. January 12, 1967...At age 84...Dies.

XXIII. Buried...Ft. Rosecrans Cemetery in San Diego.

E) Marine, Major General, Julian Smith:

I. 58 years old.

II. From Maryland.



III. Shy.

IV. Soft-spoken.

V. Sensitive.

VI. Kind.

VII. Served in Veracruz.

VIII. Served in Haiti.

IX. Served in Nicaragua.

X. Served in Santo Domingo.

XI. Commands the 2<sup>nd</sup> Marine Division.

#### F) Colonel Merritt "Red Mike" Edson:

I. Husky.

II. Blonde haired.

III. Soft-spoken.

IV. Slightly stoop-shouldered.

V. Guadalcanal....Congressional Medal of Honor.

**VI. HATES Japanese!** 

VII. 2<sup>nd</sup> Marine Division Chief of Staff.

#### G) Lt. Colonel David Shoup:

I. Will be the Assault Combat Team Commander....Shore Commander.

II. 38 years old.

III. From Tippecanoe, Indiana.

IV. 1926 - Graduates - De Pauw University.

V. Joins Marines.

VI. Small and "stocky."

VII. Slightly "red-faced."

VIII. Is a loner.

- IX. Extroverted.
- X. Writes poetry.
- XI. Loves to play Poker.
- XII. Every other word from him is profanity!
  XIII. Will win the Congressional Medal of
  Honor.
- H) Army, Major General Ralph Smith:
  - I. Commands the Army Reserve Force.
- I) 16,692 Marines and 1,396 Sailors will take part:
  - I. Total....18,088 men.

#### 10. Will be the first time....:

- A) American forces will land and cross a reef in the face of opposition.
- B) Amphibious Tractors will be used to transport troops to shore.
- C) Tanks will be used in an Amphibious Operation.
- D) Both Naval and Air fire will support a landing.

#### 11. September 17 & 18, 1943:

A) American Planes bomb Makin and Tarawa.

#### 12. November 18, 1943:

A) American Carrier Planes drop 115 tons of bombs on Betio.

- 13. During the planning Julian Smith is concerned with the tides and the Coral reef:
  - A) The Higgins Boats carrying the 4<sup>th</sup> Wave will have to let the Marines out to wade in over the reef!!!
    - I. Smith: "The only armor those Marines will have is their khaki shirt."
      - (1) He asks to be absolved of the decision to take Betio, BEFORE, taking the other Islands!!
  - B) Marines want to wait for 5 weeks to get the high tide:
    - I. Can be taken in over the reef right up to the seawall:
      - (1) Turner will not listen!!!!!
        - a. Result....100's of Marines will die wading in over the reef!
- 14. Beaches to be hit:
  - A) Both sides of the Pier running out into the Lagoon:
    - I. 1 to the left of it.
    - II. 2 to the right of it.
  - B) Are code named:
    - I. Red #1:
      - (1) 700 yards from the northwest tip of the Island to about midway to the Pier.
    - II. Red #2:

(1) From the end of Red #1, 600 yards to the Pier.

#### III. Red #3:

(1) From Red #2, 800 yards from the east side of the Pier to a point opposite the end of the airstrip.

#### 15. Shibasaki issues orders to his men:

- A) Defend to the last man!
- B) Destroy the enemy at the water's edge!

#### 16. Friday - November 19, 1943:

- A) Carrier based Planes drop 69 tons of bombs on Betio.
- B) 3 Cruisers and 2 Destroyers fire 250 tons of shells onto the Island.
- C) The American Fleet off Betio:
  - I. 3 Battleships.
  - II. 5 Cruisers.
  - **III. 5 Escort Carriers.**
  - IV. 9 Destroyers.
  - V. 17 Transports and Cargo Ships.

#### 17. Saturday - November 20, 1943 - Day #1:

- A) Early Marines eat a breakfast of steak, eggs, potatoes, and coffee.
- **B) 3:30 Morning:** 
  - I. Marines start loading into the landing

craft.

- II. Will be 3 waves of Marines Each 300 yards apart:
  - (1) 1,436 Marines in the 3 waves.
- III. 1st Wave is carried in by 42 Amtracs.
- IV. 2<sup>nd</sup> Wave is carried in by 24 Amtracs.
- V. 3<sup>rd</sup> Wave is carried in by 21 Amtracs.
- VI. The 4<sup>th</sup>, 5<sup>th</sup>, and 6<sup>th</sup> Waves will be taken in by Higgins Boats:
  - (1) They are not going to be able to cross the Reef!
  - (2) Will have to drop off their Marines to wade in!
  - (3) They will be butchered!!!!
- **C) The Landing Craft:** 
  - I. LCM....Landing Craft Mechanized:
    - (1) To carry a vehicle or a Tank.
    - (2) Weighs 20 tons.
    - (3) 45 feet long 14 feet 1 inch wide.
    - (4) Has two 100 horsepower engines.
    - (5) Speed....7 1/2 knots.
    - (6) Crew of 4.
    - (7) Has two 50 caliber Machine Guns.
  - II. LST....Landing Ship Tank.
  - III. LVT....Landing Vehicle Tracked:
    - (1) Amphibious Tractor Can carry 4,500 pounds.
    - (2) Weighs 27,500 pounds.

- (3) 23 feet long 9 feet 10 inches wide.
- (4) 6 cylinder engine.
- (5) 146 horsepower.
- (6) 12 miles per hour on land 7 knots in the water.
- (7) 3 man crew.
- D) 4:55 Morning Japanese open fire at the ships.
- E) 5:05 Ships open fire on Betio Will last for 80 minutes:
  - I. Fire 2,500 tons of shells.
  - II. Range from 16 inch (Weigh more than a ton per shell) to 5 inchers(Weighing just over 50 pounds per shell).
  - III. All of it does very little damage! Why??
    - (1) Trajectory....Too flat!
    - (2) Not firing shells designed to penetrate before exploding!

#### IV. 3 BIG hits:

- (1) Destroys the Island's main generator.
- (2) Destroys the communication wires between Shibasaki's headquarters and his commanders!
  - a. BIG key in the outcome of the battle.
- (3) 16 inch shell hits the Island's ammunition bunker:
  - a. Kills 100's of Japanese soldiers!

- b. Blows up 100's of tons of Japanese ammunition.
- F) Planes drop 900 tons of bombs on the Island:
  - I. Does little damage!
  - II. Not armor piercing!
  - III. Trajectories are too flat!
- G) The Pier is the dominant obstacle of the area to be taken:
  - I. Job is given to the 2<sup>nd</sup> Scout-Sniper Platoon:
    - (1) 34 men....From 18 different states.
    - (2) Commanded by 30 year old, 1<sup>st</sup> Lt. William Deane Hawkins:
      - a. At age 21....Leaves home.
      - b. Accidentally is badly burned....Bad scars.
      - c. Because of scars....Army and Navy refuse to take him....Marines accept him!
      - d. Has a premonition of his own death!
      - e. HATES war!
      - f. Is a quiet, serious man.
      - g. Called: "Hawk."
  - II. The men in the Platoon are all expert riflemen.
  - III. Will approach the Pier in 3 boats:

- (1) 1st boat....Hawkins.
- (2) 2<sup>nd</sup> boat....Gunnery Sergeant Jared Hooper.
- (3) 3<sup>rd</sup> boat....Has the demolitions and flamethrowers....Lt. Alan Leslie.
- H) 8:55 Morning Hawkins and his men step onto the Pier:
  - I. 1st men to land on Betio.
  - II. Start taking the Pier.
  - III. Is kill or be killed.
  - IV. Start clearing out Japanese Machine Guns and Snipers.
  - V. Rifles Grenades Flame Throwers Bayonets.
  - VI. Hawkins and 5 others destroy 3 Japanese positions.
  - VII. Hawkins wipes out 1 by himself.
  - **VIII. Take the Pier:** 
    - (1) Prevents the Japanese from pouring a flanking fire into the assault waves!
  - IX. Re-board their boats and rejoin the assault wave!
- I) At 3,000 yards The Japanese open fire on the Amtracs:
  - I. At 1,500 yards their fire becomes very deadly.
  - II. Boats are blown apart.

- III. Men are blown apart.
- IV. Boats sink.
- V. Boats spin out of control.
- VI. Out of the 87 Amtracs in the first 3 waves 53 will reach shore:
  - (1) Of the 500 men driving and handling the Amtracs....323 will be killed!
- J) 9:13 Morning The 1<sup>st</sup> Wave hits Betio By 9:22 Marines will be on all 3 beaches:
  - I. At Red #1....Marines are cut to pieces.
  - II. Red #2 is a butcher shop:
    - (1) Lt. Colonel Herbert Amey is cut down by Machine Gun fire and killed.
    - (2) Lt. Colonel Walter Jordan reaches the beach and takes command.
  - III. Red #3 is the "easiest":
    - (1) Major Henry "Jim" Crowe reaches the beach and takes command.
- K) 9:58 Morning Shoup reaches Red #2 and takes overall command.
- L) Waves 4, 5, and 6 are trying to wade in: I. BUTCHERED!!!
- M) Place is a nightmare of death, destruction, and chaos:
  - I. Marines wading toward shore are butchered by Machine Gun fire!
  - II. Landing craft are being blown up!
  - III. The Marine dead and dying are

#### everywhere!

- IV. Pieces of bodies everywhere!
- V. Bodies of the dead are floating in the Lagoon!
- VI. Screams of the wounded and dying!
- VII. The Marines are hugging the seawall:
  - (1) The Japanese are killing them behind the wall with Mortars, Snipers, and Grenades.
- N) Assault Engineer, Staff Sergeant William Bordelon:
  - I. 22 years old from San Antonio, Texas.
  - II. His Amtrac approaches the beach:
    - (1) Gets a direct hit.
    - (2) He and 3 others are the only survivors to reach the beach.
  - III. He prepares demolition satchel charges.
  - IV. Alone Charges a Pillbox with a Satchel Charge:
    - (1) Blows it up!
  - V. Same for a 2<sup>nd</sup>!
  - VI. Same for a 3rd:
    - (1) Is wounded by Machine Gun fire.
  - VII. Returns to the beach for more explosives.
  - VIII. Using a rifle he provides covering fire for Marines coming in over the seawall.
  - IX. Refuses aid from a Medic.

- X. Spots a drowning Marine:
  - (1) Wades out and pulls him ashore.
- XI. Goes back into the water and rescues a 2<sup>nd</sup> Marine.
- XII. Prepares another Satchel Charge.
- XIII. Charges a 4th Pillbox:
  - (1) Cut down by Machine Gun fire and killed:
    - a. Congressional Medal of Honor.
- O) Corporal John Spillane:
  - I. Youngster.
  - II. Major League throwing arm:
    - (1) Yankees and Cardinals have talked to his father.
  - III. 1st Wave Amtrac hits the seawall.
  - IV. Japanese start lobbing grenades into the Amtrac.
  - V. He grabs them and throws them back.
  - VI. Does so with 5.
  - VII. Grabs the 6th....Throws it....It explodes:
    - (1) Knocks him to his knees.
    - (2) Shrapnel dents his helmet.
    - (3) Shrapnel enters his right side, hip, and neck.
    - (4) Blows his right hand off!!
  - VIII. He will survive.
- P) Lt. Colonel David Shoup is wounded in both legs by mortar fragments:

- I. Continues to Command.
- Q) Pillbox by Pillbox, yard by yard, the Marines advance:
  - I. Grenades Satchel Charges Flame Throwers – Rifles.
- R) Western end of the Island Area code named "Green Beach":
  - I. Major Mike Ryan and 250 Marines attack.
  - II. This single factor will turn the tide of the battle.
- S) Afternoon:
  - I. Burst of Naval gunfire kills Shibasaki and his staff:
    - (1) Will also alter the battle! Why?
      - a. He would have counterattacked at dark and decimated the Marines.
- T) Late afternoon:
  - I. Hawkins is wounded by a Mortar shell:
    - (1) He ignores the wound and continues to set up the defenses for Red Beach #2.
- U) Night:
  - I. 3,500 Marines are ashore.
  - II. 1,500 have been killed or wounded.
  - III. Marines hold only 1/10 of their objective:
    - (1) An area 700 yards wide and 300 yards deep....Less than 1/10 of a square mile.
  - IV. Ammunition, Artillery, Tanks, and other

- supplies are landed.
- V. Emergency Hospital is set up in a captured Japanese Bunker:
  - (1) Using flashlights for light.
  - (2) Navy Doctor, Lt. Herman Brukhardt, assisted by 3 Navy Corpsmen, performs 125 operations:
    a. Only 4 Marines die!!!
- ar only 4 marines aren
- V) No Japanese counterattack....Why??
  - I. Shibasaki is dead!....So, no orders to do so!
- 18. Sunday November 21, 1943 Day #2:
  - A) Dawn All hell breaks loose.
  - B) 6:00 Morning Waves of reinforcements start in:
    - I. Butchered!
  - C) Destroyers shell the airstrip.
  - D) 1<sup>st</sup> Lt. William Hawkins assaults a Japanese Pillbox containing 5 Machine Guns:
    - I. Fires into the opening at point blank range Throws in grenades Kiils ali inside:
      - (1) Wounded a 2<sup>nd</sup> time This one is in the chest:
        - a. Corpsman tries to evacuate him.
        - b. Hawkins: "I came here to kill Japs.
          I didn't come here to be evacuated."

- II. He has killed more of the enemy than any other Marine on Tarawa.
- III. Continues to fight.
- IV. Wipes out 3 more Pillboxes.
- V. Attacks another Pillbox:
  - (1) Heavy Machine Gun fire tears his shoulder wide open down into the chest.
  - (2) Blood gushing Hospital Too late.
  - (3) Loaded with morphine to ease pain!
- (4) He will die that night from the wound! VI. Congressional Medal of Honor.
- E) 7:30 Morning Marine reinforcements continue to come in:
  - I. Are shot to pieces by Japanese Machine Guns and Snipers hidden in an old wrecked freighter, the "Saida Maru":
    - (1) Finally, a group of Marines will blast them out!
- F) Several Tanks reach Red Beach #3.
- G) Fighting is exactly the same as the 1st day:
  - I. Marines start finding Japanese who have committed suicide:
    - (1) 17 in one dugout!
    - (2) Rifle in mouth....Toe to trigger!
    - (3) Hold Grenade to head!
    - (4) Disembowel themselves with a bayonet!

- H) 12:00 Noon Ryan's battalion crosses the western end of the Island:
  - I. The 800 yard beach is now in the hands of the Americans.
- I) 2:30 Afternoon Amtracs bring in supplies and take out the wounded.
- J) More Tanks arrive:
  - I. Start blasting the Pillboxes at point blank range.
- K) 4:30 Afternoon Ryan holds the entire western end of the Island:
  - I. The 6th Marines land:
    - (1) Start down the southern shore.
- L) 6:03 Evening First 2 Jeeps land on the Pier:
  - I. Are towing two 37mm Howitzers.
- M) 8:30 Night Colonel Merritt "Red Mike" Edson takes over command for the wounded Shoup:
  - I. Shoup....Congressional Medal of Honor:
    - (1) Only recipient to survive the battle.
- 19. Monday November 22, 1943 Day #3:
  - A) Dawn Marines attack:
    - I. Major William Jones, at the southwestern tip of the Island, attacks:
      - (1) Takes heavy casualties but continues on.

- B) 6:00 Morning Destroyers move in close to the Island:
  - I. Open fire on the tail-end of the Island at the concrete bunkers.
- C) 6:30 Morning 200 Planes bomb and strafe the same area.
- D) Light and Heavy Tanks go into action.
- E) Armored Half-Tracks with 75mm guns and carrying Marines hit the Pillboxes.
- F) Flame Throwers continue roasting the Japanese alive inside and outside the Pillboxes.
- G) Bulldozers are used:
  - I. Scoop sand over slits in Pillboxes:
    - (1) Buries those inside alive!
- H) Destroyer shell hits the Japanese oil dump in the middle of the Island.
- I) Due to the stench of the dead Massive burial of Marine bodies starts:
  - I. In large, long trenches.
- J) Marines pour gasoline down the air slits of Bunkers and Pillboxes:
  - I. Drop grenade in!!!
- K) 10:30 Morning Captain John O'Neill brings in the first 5 prisoners:
  - I. They are Korean Laborers!
- L) 30 year old, 1<sup>st</sup> Lt. Alexander Bonnyman:
  - I. Princeton graduate.

- II. Leads an assault on the largest Bunker on the Island:
  - (1) Japanese counterattack.
  - (2) He holds the position until he is hit.
  - (3) From his knees, he continues to fire.
  - (4) Japanese retreat.
  - (5) He collapses and dies.
- III. Congressional Medal of Honor.
- M) 6:30 Evening 7,000 Marines control 2/3's of the Island.
- N) 7:30 Night 50 Japanese Suicide "Banzai" charge:
  - I. By 8:30 Repulsed All 50 are dead.
- O) 11:00 Night Southern area of the Island:
  - I. 300 Japanese counterattack in a suicidal "Banzai" charge:
    - (1) Hand-to-hand fighting.
    - (2) Repulsed Over 200 killed!
- 20. Tuesday November 23, 1943 Day #4:
  - A) 4:00 Morning Suicidal "Banzai" charge:
    - I. Hand-to-hand fighting.
    - II. Repulsed Over 315 are killed.
  - B) 8:00 Morning Marines attack:
    - I. Burning Blasting Shooting Burying alive.
  - C) Most useful weapons:
    - I. Browning .50 caliber Machine Gun:

- (1) Weighs 84 pounds.
- (2) 65 inches long.
- (3) 560 rounds per minute.
- (4) Bullet travels 2,930 feet per second.

#### II. Thompson .45 caliber Sub-Machine Gun:

- (1) Weighs 10 pounds 12 ounces.
- (2) 33 & 3/4 inches long.
- (3) 20 to 30 round magazines.
- (4) 600 to 725 rounds per minute.
- (5) Bullet travels 920 feet per second.

#### III. Colt .45 Semi-Automatic Pistol:

- (1) Weighs 2 & 1/2 pounds.
- (2) 8 & 3/4 inches long.
- (3) 7 round magazine.
- (4) Bullet travels 830 feet per second.
- D) 12:00 Noon 1<sup>st</sup> Plane lands on the airstrip:
  - I. Has been named "Hawkins Field."
- E) 1:12 Afternoon Island is secured:
  - I. Has been 76 hours and 17 minutes of pure "Hell" since the first Marine has landed on the Island.

#### 21. Japanese losses:

- A) Prisoners taken:
  - I. 129 Korean Laborers.
  - II. 17 Japanese Soldiers.
  - III. Total....146!

- B) Dead:
  - I. 4,675:
    - (1) Bodies are buried in mass graves or taken out to sea and dumped overboard.
- 22. American losses:
  - A) Wounded:
    - I. 2,263.
  - B) Killed:
    - I. 1,115:
      - (1) 27 of the dead are Corpsmen.
      - (2) 1,085 of the dead are Marines.
  - C) Total casualties.....3,378....19%!!!!!
- 23. 4 Marine Congressional Medals of Honor:
  - A) Lt. Colonel David Shoup Only survivor:
    - I. Becomes Commandant of the Marine Corps from 1959 to 1963:
      - (1) 1983 @ age 78 Dies:
        - a. Buried in Arlington National Cemetery.

#### November 23, 1943 Makin

- 1. Makin....Part of the Gilbert Islands:
  - A) Part of Operation Galvanic.
  - B) In charge....Army, Major General Ralph Smith:
    - I. Will use the 165<sup>th</sup> New York Infantry.
  - C) Island is taken easily:
    - I. 270 Japanese are killed.
    - II. 51 Americans are killed and 152 Wounded.
- 2. November 24, 1943 Just off the Island:
  - A) Escort Cruiser, "Liscome Bay", is torpedoed and sunk by a Japanese Submarine:
    - I. Torpedo hits the magazine!!
    - II. Sinks in 23 minutes!
    - III. 644 Americans are killed.
    - IV. 272 Americans survive.

## November 1943 Apamama

- 1. Apamama....In the Gilbert Islands....85 miles south of Tarawa....Part of Operation Galvanic.
- 2. Island is taken by 30 Marine Scouts under Captain Jim Jones:
  - A) 28 members of the Japanese garrison commit suicide.
  - B) 1 Marine is killed.

### November 1943 Bairiki and Abaokora

- 1. Both....Part of the Gilbert Islands....Both are part of Operation Galvanic.
- 2. American forces land on Bairiki:
  - A) 2<sup>nd</sup> Battalion of the 6<sup>th</sup> Army Infantry.
  - B) Light resistance.
  - C) Japanese flee to Abaokora:
    - I. Northernmost Island in the Atoll.
    - II. Marines pursue them.
    - III. Japanese fight to the last man....175 are killed!
    - IV. Marines lose 29 killed and 66 wounded.
  - D) Islands are taken.

## December 26, 1943-April 1944 <u>Cape Gloucester</u>

- 1. On New Britain In the Bismarck Islands Northwest of Bougainville:
  - A) 370 miles long 45 miles wide.
  - B) Thick jungles Rugged mountains.
  - C) 9,500 Japanese Soldiers defend it:
    I. Commanded by General Iwao Matsuda.
- 2. December 26, 1943:
  - A) 6:00 Morning Naval Bombardment starts.
  - B) 7:00 Morning Bombers hit it!
  - C) 1<sup>st</sup> Marine Division lands:
    - I. Little resistance.
- 3. April 1944 Last clash:
  - A) American losses:
    - I. 310 killed 1,083 wounded.

#### **Events of January 1944**

- 1. January 16, 1944:
  - A) Eisenhower arrives in England:
    - I. Takes up duties as Supreme Allied Commander for "Operation Overlord":
      - (1) The re-conquest of Europe!
      - (2) D-Day!!
        - a. "D-Day" stands for nothing!
        - b. Simply a landing or start of an Allied event against the enemy.
- 2. January 17, 1944:
  - A) Eisenhower names General Omar Bradley to command the U.S. Invasion Force for Operation Overlord.
- 3. January 22, 1944:
  - A) Patton is ordered to Algiers and from there to England.
  - B) January 29th:
    - I. Patton reaches 3<sup>rd</sup> Army headquarters in England.